

DAYANANDA SAGAR UNIVERSITY

Shavige Malleshwara Hills, Kumaraswamy Layout,
Bengaluru - 560078, Karnataka.

SCHOOL OF HEALTH SCIENCES

COLLEGE OF PHYSIOTHERAPY



SCHEME & SYLLABUS FOR BACHELOR OF PHYSIOTHERAPY (BPT) – 2017 (ANNUAL SCHEME) (1st to 3rd Year) (With Effect from 2017-18)

YEAR - I

SL.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	M / S	NO. OF TEACHING HOURS			SCHEME OF EVALUATION							TOTAL
				D	CL	P	THEORY				PRACTICAL			
							W	VV	CA	IA	P	CA	IA	
1	17PT101	HUMAN ANATOMY	M	04	--	-	100	30	10	10	--	--	--	150
2	17PT102	HUMAN PHYSIOLOGY	M	05	--	-	100	30	10	10	--	--	--	150
3	17PT103	BIOCHEMISTRY	M	02	--	-	80	--	10	10	--	--	--	100
4	17PT104	KINESIOLOGY	M	04	--	-	100	30	10	10	--	--	--	150
5	17PT105	PSYCHOLOGY (SEC- A)	M	02	--	-	40	--	05	05	--	--	--	50
	17PT106	SOCIOLOGY (SEC - B)	M	02	--	-	40	--	05	05	--	--	--	50
6	17PT171	HUMAN ANATOMY	M	--	--	4	--	--	--	--	40	05	05	50
7	17PT172	HUMAN PHYSIOLOGY	M	--	--	2	--	--	--	--	40	05	05	50
8	17PT173	KINESIOLOGY	M	--	--	2	--	--	--	--	40	05	05	50
GRAND TOTAL				19	--	8	460	90	50	50	120	15	15	800
9	17PT191	BASIC NURSING / FIRST AID & CPR	S	02	--	-	40	--	10	--	--	--	--	50
10	17PT192	ENGLISH	S	02	--	-	40	--	10	--	--	--	--	50
11	17PT193	KANNADA	S	01	--	-	40	--	10	--	--	--	--	50
12	17PT194	ORIENTATION TO PHYSIOTHERAPY	S	01	--	-	40	--	10	--	--	--	--	50
13	17PT195	INDIAN CULTURE & HERITAGE	S	01	--	-	40	--	10	--	--	--	--	50
GRAND TOTAL				07	--	-	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
TOTAL NUMBER OF HOURS/WEEK				34	--	-	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

Note: M- Main Course, S – Subsidiary Course, D – Didactic, CL – Clinical, P – Practical, W – Written, VV – Viva Voce, CA – Continuous Assessment, IA – Internal Assessment

YEAR - II

SL. NO	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	M / S	NO. OF TEACHING HOURS			SCHEME OF EVALUATION							TOTAL
				D	CL	P	THEORY				PRACTICAL			
							W	VV	CA	IA	P	CA	IA	
1	17PT201	PATHOLOGY (SECTION A)	M	02	--	--	40	--	05	05	--	--	--	50
	17PT202	MICROBIOLOGY (SECTION B)	M	02	--	--	40	--	05	05	--	--	--	50
2	17PT203	PHARMACOLOGY	M	02	--	--	80	--	10	10	--	--	--	100
3	17PT204	EXERCISE THERAPY	M	04	--	--	100	30	10	10	--	--	--	150
4	17PT205	ELECTRO THERAPY	M	04	--	--	100	30	10	10	--	--	--	150
5	17PT271	EXERCISE THERAPY	M	--	--	06	--	--	--	--	40	05	05	50
6	17PT272	ELECTRO THERAPY	M	--	--	06	--	--	--	--	40	05	05	50
GRAND TOTAL				14	--	12	360	60	40	40	80	10	10	600
7	17PT291	PERSONALITY DEVELOPMENT & SOFT SKILLS & COMMUNICATION	S	02	--	--	40	--	10	--	--	--	--	50
8	17PT292	COMPUTER APPLICATION & ANIMATION	S	02	--	--	40	--	10	--	--	--	--	50
9	17PT293	PROFESSIONAL CONDUCT & ETHICS/CLINICAL OBSERVATION POSTING	S	02	--	--	40	--	10	--	--	--	--	50
10	17PT294	CONSTITUTION OF INDIA	S	01	--	--	40	--	10	--	--	--	--	50
11	17PT295	ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE	S	01	--	--	40	--	10	--	--	--	--	50
GRAND TOTAL				08	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
TOTAL NUMBER OF HOURS/WEEK				34	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

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YEAR - III

S L.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	M / S	NO. OF TEACHING HOURS			SCHEME OF EVALUATION							TOTAL
				D	CL	P	THEORY				PRACTICAL			
							W	VV	CA	IA	P	CA	IA	
1	17PT301	GENERAL MEDICINE	M	02	--	--	80	--	10	10	--	--	--	100
2	17PT302	GENERAL SURGERY	M	02	--	--	80	--	10	10	--	--	--	100
3	17PT303	ORTHOPEDIC & TRAUMATOLOGY	M	02	--	--	80	--	10	10	--	--	--	100
4	17PT304	ORTHOPEDICS & SPORTS PHYSIOTHERAPY	M	02	--	--	100	30	10	10	--	--	--	150
5	17PT305	CARDIO RESPIRATORY & GENERAL PHYSIOTHERAPY	M	02	--	--	100	30	10	10	--	--	--	150
6	17PT371	ORTHOPEDICS & SPORTS PHYSIOTHERAPY	M	--	--	02	--	--	--	--	40	05	05	50
7	17PT372	CARDIO RESPIRATORY & GENERAL PHYSIOTHERAPY	M	--	--	02	--	--	--	--	40	05	05	50
8	17PT373	SUPERVISED CLINICAL TEACHING	M	--	20	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
GRAND TOTAL				10	20	04	440	60	50	50	80	10	10	700
TOTAL NUMBER OF HOURS/WEEK				34	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

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VV – Viva Voce, CA – Continuous Assessment, IA – Internal Assessment

YEAR - IV (BPT)

S L	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	M / S	NO. OF TEACHING HOURS			SCHEME OF EVALUATION							TOTAL
				D	CL	P	THEORY				PRACTICAL			
							W	VV	CA	IA	P	CA	IA	
1	17PT401	NEUROLOGY & NEUROSURGERY	M	02	--	--	80	--	10	10	--	--	--	100
2	17PT402	COMMUNITY MEDICINE	M	02	--	--	80	--	10	10	--	--	--	100
3	17PT403	NEURO - PHYSIOTHERAPY	M	02	01	--	100	30	10	10	--	--	--	150
4	17PT404	COMMUNITY BASED REHABILITATION	M	02	01	--	100	30	10	10	--	--	--	150
5	17PT405	RESEARCH METHODOLOGY & BIOSTATISTICS	M	02	--	--	80	--	10	10	--	--	--	100
6	17PT471	NEURO PHYSIOTHERAPY	M	--	--	02	--	--	--	--	40	05	05	50
7	17PT472	COMMUNITY BASED PHYSIOTHERAPY	M	--	--	02	--	--	--	--	40	05	05	50
8	17PT473	SUPERVISED CLINICAL TRAINING	M	--	18	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
9	17PT491	PROJECT	S	01	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
GRAND TOTAL				11	20	04	440	60	50	50	80	10	10	700
TOTAL NUMBER OF HOURS/WEEK				35	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

YEAR : I YEAR
COURSE CODE : 17PT101
TITLE OF THE COURSE : HUMAN ANATOMY

COURSE OBJECTIVES

THE STUDY OF ANATOMY WILL INCLUDE IDENTIFICATION OF ALL GROSS ANATOMICAL STRUCTURES. PARTICULAR EMPHASIS WILL BE PLACED ON DESCRIPTION OF BONES, JOINTS, MUSCLES, BRAIN, CARDIO-PULMONARY AND NERVOUS SYSTEMS AS THESE ARE RELATED TO THE APPLICATION OF PHYSIOTHERAPY PATIENTS.

COURSE OUTCOMES

THE EXPECTED OUTCOMES OF THIS COURSE IS THAT AFTER THE PRESCRIBED HOURS OF LECTURES, DEMONSTRATIONS AND PRACTICALS THE STUDENT WILL HAVE IN DEPTH KNOWLEDGE OF HUMAN ANATOMY AND WILL BE ABLE TO IDENTIFY BONES, JOINTS, MUSCLES, BRAIN, CARDIO-PULMONARY AND NERVOUS SYSTEMS AS NEEDED FOR THE STUDY AND PRACTICE IN PHYSIOTHERAPY.

UNIT -1

(36 hours)

1. Musculoskeletal Anatomy - (All the topics to be taught in detail) 06HRS

- a) Anatomical positions of body, axes, planes, common anatomical terminologies (Groove, tuberosity, trochanters etc.)
- b) Connective tissue classification.
- c) Bones- Composition & functions, classification and types according to morphology and development.
- d) Joints-definition-classification, structure of fibrous, cartilaginous joints, blood supply and nerve supply of joints.
- e) Muscles – origin, insertion, nerve supply and actions

2. Upper Extremity:

15HRS

- a) Osteology: Clavicles, Scapula, Humerus, Radius, Ulna, Carpals, Metacarpals, Phalanges.
- b) Soft parts: Breast, pectoral region, axilla, front of arm, back of arm, cubital fossa, front of fore arm, back of fore arm, palm, dorsum of hand, muscles, nerves, blood vessels and lymphatic drainage of upper extremity.

- c) Joints: Shoulder girdle, shoulder joint, elbow joints, radio ulnar joint, wrist joint and joints of the hand.
- d) Arches of hand, skin of the palm and dorsum of hand.

3. Histology:

05HRS

General Histology, study of the basic tissues of the body; Microscope, Cell, Epithelium, Connective Tissue, Cartilage, Bone, Muscular tissue, Nerve Tissue – TS & LS, Circulatory system – large sized artery, medium sized artery, large sized vein, lymphoid tissue, Skin and its appendages.

4. Thorax:

a) Cardio – Vascular System

10HRS

Mediastinum: Divisions and contents

Pericardium: Thoracic Wall: position, shape and parts of the heart; conducting System; blood Supply and nerve supply of the heart; names of the blood vessels and their distribution in the body – region wise.

b) Respiratory system:10HRS

Outline of respiratory passages

Pleura and lungs: position, parts, relations, blood supply and nerve supply; **Lungs – emphasize on bronchopulmonary segments**

Diaphragm: Origin, insertion, nerve supply and action, openings in the diaphragm. Intercostal muscles and Accessory muscles of respiration: Origin, insertion, nerve supply and action.

UNIT II:

(54 hours)

5. Lower Extremity:

20HRS

- a) Osteology: Hip bone, femur, tibia, fibula, patella, tarsals, metatarsals and phalanges.
- b) Soft parts: Gluteal region, front and back of the thigh (Femoral triangle, femoral canal and inguinal canal), medial side of the thigh (Adductor canal), lateral side of the thigh, popliteal fossa, anterior and posterior compartment of leg, sole of the foot, lymphatic drainage of lower limb, venous drainage of the lower limb, arterial supply of the lower limb, arches of foot, skin of foot.
- c) Joints: Hip Joint, Knee joint, Ankle joint, joints of the foot.

6. Trunk & Pelvis: 14HRS

- a) Osteology: Cervical, thoracic, lumbar, sacral and coccygeal vertebrae and ribs.
- b) Soft tissue: Pre and Para vertebral muscles, intercostal muscles, anterior abdominal wall muscles, Inter-vertebral disc.
- c) Pelvic girdle and muscles of the pelvic floor

7. .Abdomen: 10HRS

Peritoneum: Parietal peritoneum, visceral peritoneum, folds of peritoneum, functions of peritoneum.

Large blood vessels of the gut: Location, size, shape, features, blood supply, nerve supply and functions of the following: Stomach, liver spleen, pancreas, kidney, urinary bladder, intestines, gall bladder.

8. Pelvis: 10HRS

Position, shape, size, features, blood supply and nerve supply of the male and female reproductive system.

UNIT III: 60HRS

9. Head and Neck: 13HRS

- a) Osteology: Mandible and bones of the skull.
- b) Soft parts: Muscles of the face and neck and their nerve and blood supply-extra ocular muscles, triangles of the neck, Gross anatomy of eyeball, nose, ears and tongue.

10. Neuro Anatomy: 30HRS

- a) Organization of Central Nervous system - Spinal nerves and autonomic nervous system mainly pertaining to cardiovascular, respiratory and urogenital system
- b) Cranial nerves
- c) Peripheral nervous system
 - i. Peripheral nerve
 - ii. Neuromuscular junction
 - iii. Sensory end organs
- d) Central Nervous System
 - a. Spinal segments and areas
 - b. Brain Stem
 - c. Cerebellum
 - d. Inferior colliculi

- e. Superior Colliculi
- f. Thalamus
- g. Hypothalamus
- h. Corpus striatum
- i. Cerebral hemisphere
- j. Lateral ventricles
- k. Blood supply to brain
- l. Basal Ganglia
- m. The pyramidal system
- n. Pons, medulla, extra pyramidal systems
- o. Anatomical integration

11. Embryology:

07HRS

- a) Ovum, Spermatozoa, fertilization and formation of the Germ layers and their derivations.
- b) Development of skin, Fascia, blood vessels, lymphatic.
- c) Development of bones, axial and appendicular skeleton and muscles, Neural tube, brain vessels and spinal cord.
- d) Development of brain and brain stem structures

12. Endocrine glands:

10HRS

Position, shape, size, function, blood supply and nerve supply of the following glands: Hypothalamus and pituitary gland, thyroid glands, parathyroid glands, Adrenal glands, pancreatic islets, ovaries and testes, pineal glands, thymus.

Recommended Text books:

1. B.D Chaurasia's Human Anatomy – Regional And Applied; Volume I, Volume II And Volume III.
2. SINGH [Inderbir], Text book of Anatomy with colour atlas: Introduction, Osteology, UpperExtremity, Lower Extremity. Vol I. P Brothers, New Delhi 1996.
3. SINGH [Inderbir], Text book of Anatomy with colour Atlas: Thorax and Abdomen. Vol II. JP Brothers, New Delhi 1996
4. SINGH [Inderbir], Text book of Anatomy with colour Atlas: Head and Neck Central Nervous System. Vol III. JP Brothers, New Delhi 1996
5. SINGH [Inderbir], Human Osteology. JP Brothers, New Delhi 1990,p191

Reference Books

1. SNELL [Richard S], Clinical Anatomy for Medical students : Ed. 5. Little Brown andCompany Boston. 1995, p898

2. MOORIE [Kieth L], Clinically Oriented Anatomy. Ed.3., Williams and Wilkins, Baltimore,1992, p917
3. DATTA[A.K], Essentials of human Anatomy: Thorax and Abdomen Ed 2. Vol. I Current Book International, Culcutta 1994, p433,
4. DATTA[A.K], Essentials of human Anatomy: Head and Neck Ed 2. Vol. II, Current Book International, Culcutta 1995, p363,

YEAR : I YEAR
COURSE CODE : 17PT102
TITLE OF THE COURSE : HUMAN PHYSIOLOGY

COURSE OBJECTIVES

THIS COURSE HELPS THE STUDENT TO UNDERSTAND THE BASIS OF NORMAL HUMAN PHYSIOLOGY WITH SPECIAL EMPHASIS ON THE FUNCTIONING OF THE CARDIOVASCULAR, MUSCULOSKELETAL, NERVOUS SYSTEM AND RESPIRATORY SYSTEM.

COURSE OUTCOMES

THE EXPECTED OUTCOMES OF THIS COURSE IS THAT AFTER THE PRESCRIBED HOURS OF LECTURES, DEMONSTRATIONS, AND LAB AND PRACTICAL THE STUDENT WILL BE ABLE TO DEMONSTRATE AN UNDERSTANDING OF ELEMENTARY HUMAN PHYSIOLOGY.

UNIT I:

1. General Physiology [2 Hours]

Cell: Morphology. Organelles: their structure and functions

Transport Mechanisms across the cell membrane

Body fluids: Distribution, composition. Tissue fluid – formation.

2. Blood [10 Hours]

Introduction: Composition and functions of blood.

Plasma: Composition, formation, functions. Plasma proteins.

RBC: count and its variations. Erythropoiesis- stages, factors regulating. Reticulo-endothelial system (in brief) **Hemoglobin - Anemia (in detail), types of Jaundice.**

Blood indices, PCV, ESR.

WBC: Classification. Morphology, functions, count, its variation of each. Immunity

Platelets: Morphology, functions, count, its variations

Hemostatic mechanisms: Blood coagulation–factors, mechanisms. Their disorders. Anticoagulants.

Blood Groups: Landsteiner’s law. Types, significance, determination,

Erythroblastosis foetalis.

Blood Transfusion: Cross matching. Indications and complications. Lymph: Composition, formation, circulation and functions. edema

3. Nerve Muscle Physiology [15 Hours]

Introduction: Resting membrane potential. Action potential – ionic basis and properties. Nerve: Structure and functions of neurons. Classification, Properties

and impulse transmission of nerve fibres. Nerve injury – degeneration and regeneration.

Neuroglia: Types and functions.

Muscle: Classification.

Skeletal muscle: Structure, mechanism of contraction.

Neuromuscular junction: Structure.

Neuromuscular transmission, myasthenia gravis, Excitation-Contraction coupling, Rigor mortis. Motor unit. Properties of skeletal muscles, Strength- Duration curve, Length-tension relationship, fatigue, load.

Smooth muscle: Structure, types, mechanism of contraction. Plasticity.

4. Cardiovascular System[20 Hours]

Introduction: Physiological anatomy and nerve supply of the heart and blood vessels. Organization of CVS.

Cardiac muscles: Structure. Ionic basis of action potential and pacemaker potential. Properties. Conducting system: Components. Impulse conduction

Cardiac Cycle: Definition. Phases of cardiac cycle. Pressure and volume curves.

Heart sounds – causes, character.

ECG: Definition. Different types of leads. Waves and their causes. P-R interval.

Heart block.

Cardiac Output: Definition. Normal value. Determinants. Stroke volume and its regulation. Heart rate and its regulation.

Arterial Blood Pressure: Definition. Normal values and its variations.

Determinants. Peripheral resistance. Regulation of BP. Arterial pulse.

Shock – Definition. Classification–causes and features

Regional Circulation: Coronary, Cerebral and Cutaneous circulation.

Cardiovascular changes during exercise.

UNIT II:

1. Respiratory System [15 Hours]

Introduction: Physiological anatomy – Pleura, tracheo-bronchial tree, alveolus, respiratory membrane and their nerve supply. Functions of respiratory system.

Respiratory muscles. Mechanics of breathing: Intrapleural and Intrapulmonary pressure changes during respiration. Chest expansion.

Lung compliance: Normal value, pressure-volume curve, factors affecting compliance and its variations. Surfactant – Composition, production, functions.

RDS

Spirometry: Lung volumes and capacities. Timed vital capacity and its clinical significance. Maximum ventilation volume. Respiratory minute volume.

Dead Space: Types and their definition.

Pulmonary Circulation. Ventilation-perfusion ratio and its importance.
Transport of respiratory gases: Diffusion across the respiratory membrane.
Oxygen transport – Different forms, oxygen-hemoglobin dissociation curve.
Factors affecting it. P50, Haldane and Bohr Effect. Carbon dioxide transport:
Different forms, chloride shift.
Regulation of Respiration: Neural Regulation. Hering-breuer's reflex. Voluntary control. Chemical Regulation.
Hypoxia: Effects of hypoxia. Types of hypoxia. Hyperbaric oxygen therapy.
Acclimatization
Hypercapnia. Asphyxia. Cyanosis – types and features. Dysbarism
Disorders of Respiration: Dyspnea. Orthopnea. Hyperpnoea, hyperventilation, apnea, tachypnea. Periodic breathing – types
Artificial respiration
Respiratory changes during exercise.

2. Digestive System [5 Hours]

Introduction: Physiological anatomy and nerve supply of alimentary canal.
Enteric nervous system
Salivary Secretion: Saliva: Composition. Functions. Regulation.
Mastication (in brief) swallowing: Definition. Different stages. Functions.
Stomach: Functions. Gastric juice: Gland, composition, function, regulation. Gastrin: Production, function and regulation. Peptic ulcer. Gastric motility. Gastric emptying. Vomiting.
Pancreatic Secretion: Composition, production, function. Regulation.
Liver: Functions of liver. Bile secretion: Composition, functions and regulation.
Gall bladder: Functions.
Intestine: Succus entericus: Composition, function and regulation of secretion.
Intestinal motility and its function and regulation. Mechanism of Defecation.

3. Excretory system [8 Hours]

Introduction: Physiological anatomy. Nephrons – cortical and juxtamedullary.
Juxta- glomerular apparatus. Glomerular membrane. Renal blood flow and its regulation. Functions of kidneys.
Mechanism of Urine Formation: Glomerular Filtration: Mechanism of glomerular filtration. GFR – normal value and factors affecting. Renal clearance. Inulin clearance. Creatinine clearance.
Tubular Reabsorption: Reabsorption of Na⁺, glucose, HCO₃⁻, urea and water. Filtered load.
Renal tubular transport maximum. Glucose clearance: T_{mG}. Renal threshold for glucose.

Tubular Secretion: Secretion of H⁺ and K⁺. PAH clearance.
Mechanism of concentrating and diluting the Urine: Counter-current mechanism.
Regulation of water excretion. Diuresis. Diuretics.
Micturition: Mechanism of micturition. Cystometrogram. Atonic bladder, automatic bladder.
Acid-Base balance (very brief)
Artificial Kidney: Principle of hemodialysis. Skin and temperature regulation.
Functions of skin

4. Endocrine System [10 Hours]

Introduction: Major endocrine glands. Hormone: classification, mechanism of action.
Functions of hormones
Pituitary Gland: Anterior Pituitary and Posterior Pituitary hormones: Secretory cells, action on target cells, regulation of secretion of each hormone. Disorders: Gigantism, Acromegaly, Dwarfism, Diabetes insipidus. Physiology of growth and development: hormonal and other influences.
Pituitary-Hypothalamic Relationship.
Thyroid Gland: Thyroid hormone and calcitonin: secretory cells, synthesis, storage, action and regulation of secretion. Disorders: Myxedema, Cretinism, Grave's disease.
Parathyroid hormones: secretory cell, action, regulation of secretion.
Disorders: Hypoparathyroidism. Hyperthyroidism. Calcium metabolism and its regulation.
Adrenal Gland: Adrenal Cortex: Secretory cells, synthesis, action, regulation of secretion of Aldosterone, Cortisol, Androgens. Disorders: Addison's disease, Cushing's syndrome, Conn's syndrome, Adrenogenital syndrome. Adrenal Medulla: Secretory cells, action, regulation of secretion of adrenaline and noradrenaline. Disorders: Pheochromocytoma.
Endocrine Pancreas: Secretory cells, action, regulation of secretion of insulin and glucagon.
Glucose metabolism and its regulation. Disorder: Diabetes mellitus.
Calcitriol, Thymus and Pineal gland (very brief). Local Hormones. (Briefly).

5. Reproductive System [5 Hours]

Introduction: Physiological anatomy reproductive organs. Sex determination. Sex differentiation.
Male Reproductive System: Functions of testes. Pubertal changes in males.
Spermatogenesis. Testosterone: action, Regulation of secretion. Semen.

Female Reproductive System: Functions of ovaries and uterus. Pubertal changes in females. Oogenesis. Hormones: estrogen and progesterone-action. Regulation of secretion. Menstrual Cycle: Phases. Ovarian cycle. Uterine cycle. Hormonal basis. Menarche. Menopause. Pregnancy: Pregnancy tests. Physiological changes during pregnancy. Functions of placenta. Lactation. Contraception methods

6. Special Senses [10 Hours]

Vision: Introduction: Functional anatomy of eye ball. Functions of cornea, iris, pupil, aqueous humor – glaucoma, lens – cataract, vitreous humor, rods and cones. Photopic vision. Scotopic vision.

Visual Pathway and the effects of lesions.

Refractive Errors: myopia, hypermetropia, presbyopia and astigmatism.

Visual Reflexes: Accommodation, Pupillary and Light. Visual acuity and Visual field. Light adaptation. Dark adaptation. Color vision – color blindness. Nyctalopia.

Audition: Physiological anatomy of the ear. Functions of external ear, middle ear and inner ear. Structure of Cochlea and organ of corti. Auditory pathway. Types of Deafness. Tests for hearing. Audiometry.

Taste: Taste buds. Primary tastes. Gustatory pathway.

Smell: Olfactory membrane. Olfactory pathway.

Vestibular Apparatus: Crista ampullaris and macula. Functions. Disorders

UNIT III:

1. Nervous System [20 Hours]

Introduction: Organization of CNS – central and peripheral nervous system.

Functions of nervous system. Synapse: Functional anatomy, classification, Synaptic transmission. Properties.

Sensory Mechanism: Sensory receptors: function, classification and properties.

Sensory pathway: The ascending tracts – Posterior column tracts, lateral spinothalamic tract and the anterior spinothalamic tract – their origin, course, termination and functions. The trigeminal pathway. Sensory cortex. Somatic sensations: crude touch, fine touch, tactile localization, tactile discrimination, stereo gnosis, vibration sense, kinesthetic sensations. Pain sensation: mechanism of pain. Cutaneous pain –slow and fast pain, hyperalgesia. Deep pain. Visceral pain – referred pain. Gate control theory of pain. tabes dorsalis, sensory ataxia.

Motor Mechanism: Motor Cortex. Motor pathway: The descending tracts – pyramidal tracts, extrapyramidal tracts – origin, course, termination and

functions. Upper motor neuron and lower motor neuron. Paralysis, monoplegia, paraplegia, hemiplegia and quadriplegia.

Reflex Action: components, Bell-Magendie law, classification and Properties.
Monosynaptic and polysynaptic reflexes, superficial reflexes, deep reflexes.
Stretch reflex– structure of muscle spindle, pathway, higher control and functions.
Inverse stretch reflex. Muscle tone – definition, and properties hypotonia, atonia and hypertonia. UMNL and LMNL Spinal cord Lesions: Complete transection and Hemi section of the spinal cord. Cerebellum: Functions. Cerebellar ataxia.

Posture and Equilibrium: Postural reflexes – spinal, medullary, midbrain and cerebral reflexes.

Thalamus and Hypothalamus: Nuclei. Functions. Thalamic syndrome
Reticular Formation and Limbic System: Components and Functions.

Basal Ganglia: Structures included and functions. Parkinson's disease.

Cerebral Cortex: Lobes. Brodmann's areas and their functions. Higher functions of cerebral cortex – learning, memory and speech.

EEG: Waves and features. Sleep: REM and NREM sleep.

CSF: Formation, composition, circulation and functions. Lumbar puncture and its significance.

Blood brain barrier. Hydrocephalus.

ANS: Features and actions of parasympathetic and sympathetic nervous system.

2. Physiology of Exercise [15 Hours]

A. Effects of acute and chronic exercise on [10 Hours]

- 1) O₂ transport
- 2) Muscle strength/power/endurance
- 3) B.M.R. /R.Q.
- 4) Hormonal and metabolic effect
- 5) Cardiovascular system
- 6) Respiratory system
- 7) Body fluids and electrolyte

B. Effect of gravity / altitude /acceleration / pressure on physical parameters [05 Hours]

3. Applied Physiology [15Hours]

More detailed study of the physiology and practical applications of the following selected topics with emphasis on aspects, which should help in understanding the nature and treatment of common clinical situations of interest in Physiotherapy.

a. Pulmonary Functions [03 Hrs]

1. Properties of gases, Mechanics of respiration, Diffusion capacity, special features of pulmonary circulation and their application.
2. Respiratory adjustments in exercises.

3. Artificial respiration

4. Breath sounds.

b. Cardio vascular Functions [04 Hrs]

1. Blood flow through arteries, arterioles, capillaries, veins and venuoles.
2. Circulatory adjustment in exercise and in postural and gravitational changes,
3. Pathophysiology of fainting and heart failure.

c. Muscles and Nervous System Functions [05 Hrs]

1. Peripheral nervous system, Types of nerve fibres.
2. EMG, VEP, NCV
3. Degeneration and regeneration of nerve, Reactions of denervations.
4. Voluntary motor action, clonus, Rigidity, Dyscoordination,

d. Blood functions [01 Hrs]

1. Thalassemia Syndrome, Hemophilia, VWF
2. Leukocytosis
3. Bone marrow transplant

e. Metabolic Functions [02 Hrs]

Physiological basis of Peptic Ulcer, Jaundice, GIT disorders, Vitamins deficiency

Recommended Text books:

1. Text book of medical physiology – Guyton Arthur
2. Concise medical physiology – Chaudhuri Sujit K.
3. Human Physiology – Chatterjee C.C.

4. Text book of practical Physiology – Ranade.
5. Text of Physiology – A.K.Jain.
6. Basics of Medical physiology- Venkatesh D &Sudhakar H H
7. Manipal Manual of Physiology – Prof. C N Chandrashekar

Reference Books

1. Review of Medical Physiology – Ganong William F.
2. Physiological basis of Medical practice – Best & Taylor

YEAR : I YEAR
COURSE CODE : 17PT103
TITLE OF THE COURSE : BIOCHEMISTRY

COURSE OBJECTIVES

THIS COURSE PROVIDES THE KNOWLEDGE AND SKILLS IN FUNDAMENTAL ORGANIC CHEMISTRY AND INTRODUCTORY BIOCHEMISTRY THAT ARE ESSENTIAL FOR FURTHER STUDIES. IT COVERS BASIC BIOCHEMICAL, CELLULAR, BIOLOGICAL AND MICROBIOLOGICAL PROCESSES, BASIC CHEMICAL REACTIONS IN THE PROKARYOTIC AND EUKARYOTIC CELLS, THE STRUCTURE OF BIOLOGICAL MOLECULES, INTRODUCTION TO THE NUTRIENTS I.E. CARBOHYDRATES, FATS, ENZYMES, NUCLEIC ACIDS AND AMINO ACIDS.

COURSE OUTCOMES

THE STUDENT WOULD KNOW:

1. VARIOUS BIOMOLECULES WHICH ARE PRESENT IN THE BODY AND FUNCTIONS
2. THE FORMATION AND FATE OF THESE BIOMOLECULES
3. THEIR NORMAL LEVELS IN BODY FLUIDS REQUIRED FOR FUNCTIONING AND THEIR ABNORMAL LEVELS TO UNDERSTAND THE DISEASE PROCESS.

UNIT I:

1. Nutrition

[7 Hours]

Introduction, Importance of nutrition Calorific values, Respiratory quotient – Definition, and its significance

Energy requirement of a person -

Basal metabolic rate: Definition, Normal values, factor affecting BMR

Special dynamic action of food

Physical activities - Energy expenditure for various activities.

Calculation of energy requirement of a person

Balanced diet

Recommended dietary allowances

Role of carbohydrates in diet: Digestible carbohydrates and dietary fibers Role of lipids in diet

Role of proteins in diet: Quality of proteins - Biological value, net protein utilization,

Nutritional aspects of proteins-essential and non-essential amino acids. Nitrogen balance

Nutritional disorders

2. Carbohydrate Chemistry

[3 Hours]

Definition, general classification with examples, Glycosidic bond

Structures, composition, sources, properties and functions of Monosaccharides,

Disaccharides, Oligosaccharides and Polysaccharides.

Glycosaminoglycans (mucopolysaccharides)

3. Lipid Chemistry

[3 Hours]

Definition, general classification

Definition, classification, properties and functions of Fatty acids, Triacylglycerol, Phospholipids, Cholesterol

Essential fatty acids and their importance

Lipoproteins: Definition, classification, properties, Sources and function

Ketone bodies

4. Amino-acid Chemistry

3 Hours

Amino acid chemistry: Definition, Classification, Peptide bonds

Peptides: Definition, Biologically important peptides

Protein chemistry: Definition, Classification, Functions of proteins,

5. Enzymes

[3 Hours]

Definition, Active site, Cofactor (Coenzyme, Activator), Proenzyme. Classification with examples, Factors effecting enzyme activity, Enzyme inhibition and significance, Isoenzymes, Diagnostic enzymology (clinical significance of enzymes)

UNIT II:

6 Nucleotide and Nucleic acid Chemistry

[2 Hours]

Nucleotide chemistry: Nucleotide composition, functions of free nucleotides in body.

Nucleic acid (DNA and RNA) chemistry: Difference between DNA and RNA, Structure of DNA (Watson and Crick model), Functions of DNA. Structure and functions of tRNA, rRNA, mRNA.

7 Digestion and Absorption

[3 Hours]

General characteristics of digestion and absorption, Digestion and absorption of carbohydrates, proteins and lipids. Disorders of digestion and absorption – Lactose intolerance,

8 Carbohydrate Metabolism

[5 Hours]

Introduction, Glycolysis – Aerobic, Anaerobic

Citric acid cycle, Substrate level phosphorylation

Glycogen metabolism – Glycogenesis, Glycogenolysis, Metabolic disorders glycogen,

Gluconeogenesis, Cori cycle

Hormonal regulation of glucose, Glycosuria, Diabetes mellitus,

9 Lipid Metabolism

[5 Hours]

Introduction to lipid metabolism, Lipolysis, Oxidation of fatty acids -oxidation of fatty acids, Lipogenesis - Denovo synthesis of fatty acids, chain elongation, desaturation, triacylglycerol synthesis, fat metabolism in adipose tissues
Ketone body metabolism: Ketone body formation (ketogenesis), utilization (ketolysis), ketosis, Rothera's test
Cholesterol metabolism: synthesis, degradation, cholesterol transport
Hypercholesterolemia and its effects (atherosclerosis and coronary heart diseases)
Hypocholesterolemic agents, Common hyperlipoproteinemia, Fatty liver

10 Amino acid and Protein Metabolism

[3 Hours]

Catabolism of amino acids - Introduction, transamination, deamination, Fate of ammonia, transport of ammonia, Urea cycle
Specialized products formed from amino acids - from glycine, arginine, methionine, phenylalanine and tyrosine.

11 Vitamins

[7 Hours]

Definition, classification according to solubility,
Individual vitamins - Sources, Coenzyme forms, functions, RDA, digestion, absorption and transport, deficiency and toxicity

UNIT III:

12 Mineral Metabolism

[2 Hours]

Definition, Sources, RDA, Digestion, absorption, transport, excretion, functions, disorder of Individual minerals - Calcium, phosphate, iron, Magnesium, fluoride, selenium, molybdenum, copper. Phosphate, calcium and iron in detail

13 Cell Biology

[2 Hours]

Introduction, Cell structure, Cell membrane structure and function, various types of absorption.
Intracellular organelles and their functions, briefly on cytoskeleton

14 Muscle Contraction

[2 Hours]

Contractile elements in muscle, briefly on the process of muscle contraction, Energy for muscle contraction.

15 Biochemistry of Connective tissue [2 Hours]

Introduction, various connective tissue proteins: Collagen, elastin - Structure and associated disorders. Glycoproteins, Proteoglycans

16 Hormone Action [2 Hours]

Definition, classification, Mechanism of hormone action. Receptors, signal transduction, second messengers and cell function

17 Acid-Base balance [2 Hours]

Acids, bases and buffers, pH. Buffer systems of the body, bicarbonate buffer system
Role of lungs and kidneys in acid base balance, Acid base imbalance

18 Water balance [1 Hour]

Water distribution in the body, Body water, water turnover, Regulation of water balance: role of ADH and thirst centre

19 Electrolyte balance [1 Hour]

Osmolarity. Distribution of electrolytes
Electrolyte balance: Role of aldosterone, rennin angiotensin system and ANF

20 Clinical Biochemistry [2 Hours]

Normal levels of blood and urine constituents, **Relevance of blood and urine levels of Glucose, Urea, Uric acid, Creatinine, Calcium, Phosphates, pH and Bicarbonate.** Liver function tests, Renal function tests

Recommended Text books

1. MURRAY [ROBERT KK], Harper's Bio Chemistry Ed 24, Prentice Hall. 1996, p925, R
2. RAMAKRISHNA [S], PRASANNA [KG], RAJAN [R], Text Book of Medical Biochemistry, Ed1, orient Langman, Bombay 1980, p717.
3. VASUDEVAN [DM] and SREE KUMARI [S], Text Book of Bio Chemistry for Medical students, Ed 1, Jaypee Brothers, New Delhi, 1995, p637,
4. DAS [Debajyothi], Biochemistry, Ed. 7, Academic Publishers Calcutta, 1992, p648, R
5. PRASAD RM, RM's Physiotherapy Textbook Series, Text book of Biochemistry for Bachelor of Physiotherapy First Edition, RM Publications, Mangalore.

Reference

1. LEHNINGER [Albert] et. al., Principles of Biochemistry, Ed. 3, LBS Publishers, Delhi, 1993, p1143
2. ORTEN [James M] and NEUHAUS [OHO.W]. Human Biochemistry, Ed. 9, Mosby, St.Louis,1975 p994.

3. Strayer [LUBERT], Biochemistry, Ed. 4, WH, Freeman & Co., Ny.1995, p1064,
4. DEVLIN [Thomas M], Biochemistry with Clinical Correalation, Ed. 4, Willey
Libs, Ny 1997, p1186

YEAR : I YEAR
COURSE CODE : 17PT104
TITLE OF THE COURSE : KINESIOLOGY

COURSE OBJECTIVES

THIS COURSE SUPPLEMENTS THE KNOWLEDGE OF ANATOMY AND ENABLES THE STUDENTS TO HAVE A BETTER UNDERSTANDING OF THE PRINCIPLES OF BIOMECHANICS AND THEIR APPLICATIONS IN MUSCULOSKELETAL FUNCTION AND DYSFUNCTION.

COURSE OUTCOMES

THE EXPECTED OUTCOMES OF THIS COURSE IS THAT AFTER THE PRESCRIBED HOURS OF LECTURES AND DEMONSTRATIONS IN ADDITION TO CLINICAL THE STUDENT WILL BE ABLE TO DEMONSTRATE AN UNDERSTANDING OF THE PRINCIPLES OF BIO-MECHANICS AND KINESIOLOGY AND THEIR APPLICATION IN HEALTH AND DISEASE.

UNIT I:

1. Basic Concepts in Biomechanics: Kinematics and Kinetics [3 Hours]

- a) Types of Motion
- b) Location of Motion
- c) Direction of Motion
- d) Magnitude of Motion
- e) Definition of Forces
- f) Force of Gravity
- g) Reaction forces
- h) Equilibrium
- i) Objects in Motion
- j) Force of friction
- k) Concurrent force systems
- l) Parallel force systems
- m) Levers
- n) Pulleys
- o) Work
- p) Moment arm of force
- q) Force components
- r) Equilibrium of levers

2. Joint structure and Function [3 Hours]

- a) Joint design
- b) Materials used in human joints
- c) General properties of connective tissues
- d) Joint function
- e) Joint motion

3. Muscle structure and function [3 Hours]

- a) Mobility and stability functions of muscles
- b) Elements of muscle structure
- c) Muscle function

4. Biomechanics of the peripheral joints (to include kinetics and kinematics) [52Hours]

- a) The shoulder complex: Structure and components of the shoulder complex and their integrated function
- b) The elbow complex: Structure and function of the elbow joint – humeroulnar and humeroradial articulations, superior and inferior radioulnar joints; mobility and stability of the elbow complex.
- c) The wrist and hand complex: Structural components and functions of the wrist complex; structure of the hand complex; prehension; functional position of the the wrist and hand.

UNIT II:

5.

- a) The hip complex: structure and function of the hip joint.
- b) The knee complex: structure and function of the knee joint – tibiofemoral joint and patellofemoral joint.
- c) The ankle and foot complex.: structure and function of the ankle joint, subtalar joint, talocalcaneonavicular joint, transverse tarsal joint, tarsometatarsal joints, metatarsophalangeal joints, interphalangeal joints, structure and function of the plantar arches, muscles of the ankle and foot.

6. **Goniometry[2 hours]:** Parts, types, principles and uses of a goniometry. Techniques for measurement of ROM of all peripheral joints.

7. Biomechanics of the Thorax and Chest wall [3 Hours]

General structure and function Rib cage movements and the muscles associated with the rib cage

8. Biomechanics of the vertebral column [10 Hours]

- a) General structure and function
- b) Regional structure and function – Cervical region, thoracic region, lumbar region, sacral region
- c) Muscles of the vertebral column
- d) Ligaments of Vertebral Column

UNIT III:

9. The Temporomandibular Joint [2 Hours]

- a) General features, structure and function

10. Analysis of Posture and Gait [9 Hours] :

- a) Static and dynamic posture, postural control, kinetics and kinematics of posture, ideal posture analysis of posture,
- b) General features of gait, gait initiation, kinematics and kinetics of gait, energy requirements, kinematics and kinetics of the trunk and upper extremities in relation to gait, stair case climbing and running.

11. Movement Analysis [2 hours] : ADL activities like sitting – to standing, lifting, various grips , pinches.

12. Walking Aids [1 hour]: Parallel bars, crutches, canes, walkers – types, parts and uses.

The following topics are part of applied Biomechanics and are required to be taught but not for examination.

- a) General effects of disease, injury and immobilization.
- b) Effects of immobilization, injury and aging
- c) Changes in normal structure and function I relation to pregnancy, scoliosis and COPD
- d) Effects of posture on age, pregnancy, occupation and recreation;

Recommended Text books :

1. Joint Structure and Function – A comprehensive Analysis, JP Bros Medical Publishers, NewDelhi.
2. Brunnstrom, Clinical Kinesiology, JP Bros Medical Publishers, Bangalore, 5th Ed 1996, 1st Indian Ed 1998,
3. Clinical Kinesiology for Physical Therapist Assistants, JP Bros Medical Publishers, Bangalore, 1st Indian Ed 1997

YEAR : I YEAR
COURSE CODE : 17PT105
TITLE OF THE COURSE : PSYCHOLOGY

COURSE OBJECTIVES

THIS COURSE WILL ENABLE THE STUDENT TO UNDERSTAND SPECIFIC PSYCHOLOGICAL FACTORS AND EFFECTS IN PHYSICAL ILLNESS AND THUS HELP THEM TO HAVE A HOLISTIC APPROACH IN THEIR DEALINGS WITH PATIENTS DURING ADMISSION, REHABILITATION AND DISCHARGE.

COURSE OUTCOMES

THE EXPECTED OUTCOMES OF THIS COURSE IS THAT AFTER COMPLETION OF LECTURES AND DEMONSTRATIONS THE STUDENTS WILL BE ABLE TO RECOGNIZE AND HELP WITH THE PSYCHOLOGICAL FACTORS INVOLVED IN DISABILITY, PAIN, DISFIGUREMENT, UNCONSCIOUS PATIENTS, CHRONIC ILLNESS, DEATH, BEREAVEMENT AND MEDICAL – SURGICAL PATIENT / CONDITION.

UNIT I:

1. Introduction to Psychology (6 Hours)

- a. Schools: Structuralism, functionalism, behaviorism, Psychoanalysis.
- b. Methods: Introspection, observation, inventory and experimental method.
- c. Branches: pure psychology and applied psychology
- d. Psychology and physiotherapy

2. Growth and Development (6 Hours)

- a. Life span: different stages of development (Infancy, childhood, adolescence, adulthood, middle age, old age).
- b. Heredity and environment: role of heredity and environment in physical and psychological development, –Nature v/s Nurture controversy||

3. Sensation, attention and perception (6 Hours)

- a. Sensation: Vision, Hearing, Olfactory, Gustatory and Cutaneous sensation, movement, equilibrium and visceral sense.
- b. Attention: Types of attention, Determinants of attention (subjective determinants and objective determinants)

- c. Perception: Gestalt principles of organization of perception (principle of figure ground and principles of grouping), factors influencing perception (past experience and context)
- d. Illusion and hallucination: different types

UNIT II:

4. Motivation (4 Hours)

- a. Motivation cycle (need, drive, incentive, reward).
- b. Classification of motives.
- c. Abraham Maslow's theory of need hierarchy

5. Frustration and conflict (2 Hours)

- a. Frustration: sources of frustration.
- b. Conflict: types of conflict.
- c. Management of frustration and conflict

6. Emotions (6 Hours)

- a. Three levels of analysis of emotion (physiological level, subjective state, and overt behavior)
- b. Theories of emotion
- c. **Stress and management of stress.**

7. Intelligence (6 Hours)

- a. Theories of intelligence.
- b. Distribution of intelligence.
- c. Assessment of intelligence

8. Thinking (4 Hours)

- a. Reasoning : deductive and inductive reasoning
- b. Problem solving: rules in problem solving (algorithm and heuristic)
- c. Creative thinking: steps in creative thinking, traits of creative people

UNIT III:

9. Learning (8 Hours)

- a. Factors effecting learning.
- b. Theories of learning: trial and error learning, classical conditioning, Operant conditioning, insight learning, social learning theory.

- c. The effective ways to learn: Massed/Spaced, Whole/Part, Recitation/Reading, Serial/Free recall, Incidental/Intentional learning, Knowledge of results, association, organization, and mnemonic methods.

10. Personality (8 Hours)

- a. Approaches to personality: type & trait, behavioristic, psychoanalytic and humanistic approach.
- b. Personality assessment: observation, situational test, questionnaire, rating scale, interview, and projective techniques.
- c. Defense Mechanisms: denial of reality, rationalization, projection, reaction formation, identification, repression, regression, intellectualization, undoing, introjection, acting out.

11. Social psychology (4 Hours)

- a. Leadership: Different types of leaders. Different theoretical approaches to leadership.
- b. Attitude: development of attitude. Change of attitude

Recommended text books:

1. Feldman.R.H(1996). Understanding Psychology. New Delhi: Tata McGraw hill.
2. Morgan et al(2003). Introduction to Psychology. New Delhi: Tata McGraw hill.
3. Lefton(). Psychology. Boston: Alwin&Bacot Company.
4. Mangal, S.K (2002). Advanced Educational Psychology. New Delhi: prentice hall.
- Atkinson(1996). Dictionary of Psychology.

SOCIOLOGY

YEAR : I YEAR
COURSE CODE : 17PT106
TITLE OF THE COURSE : SOCIOLOGY

THEORY

UNIT I:

1. Introduction:

- Meaning- Definition and scope of sociology
- Its relation to Anthropology, Psychology, Social Psychology.
- Methods of Sociological investigations- Case study, social survey, questionnaire, Interview and opinion poll methods.
- Importance of its study with special reference to Health Care Professionals.

2. Social Factors in Health and disease situations:

- Meaning of social factors
- Role of social factors in health and illness

3. Socialization :

- Meaning and nature of socialization
- Primary, Secondary and Anticipatory socialization
- Agencies of socialization

4. Social Groups :

- Concepts of social groups influence of formal and informal groups on health and sickness. The role of primary groups and secondary groups in the hospital and rehabilitation setup.

UNIT II:

5. Family:

- The family, meaning and definitions.
- Functions of types of family
- Changing family patterns

- Influence of family on the individuals health, family and nutrition, the effects of sickness in the family and psychosomatic disease and their importance to physiotherapy.

6. Community :

- Rural community: Meaning and features –Health hazards of ruralities, health hazards to tribal community.
- Urban community: Meaning and features- Health hazards of urbanities.

7. Culture and Health :

- Concept of Health
- Concept of Culture
- Culture and Health
- Culture and health disorders.

8. Social change :

- Meaning of social changes.
- Factors of social changes.
- Human adaptation and social change
- Social change and stress.
- Social change and deviance.
- Social change and health programme
- The role of social planning in the improvement of health and rehabilitation.

UNIT III:

9. Social Problems of disabled :

Consequences of the following social problems in relation to sickness and disability, remedies to prevent these problems.

- Population explosion
- Poverty and unemployment
- Beggary
- Juvenile delinquency
- Prostitution
- Alcoholism
- Problems of women in employment
- geriatric problems
- Problems of underprivileged.

10. Social Security :

Social security and social legislation in relation to the disabled.

11. Social worker :

- Meaning of Social Work
- The role of a Medical Social Worker

Recommended Text Books:

1. Sachdeva and Vidyabushan, Introduction to the study of sociology
2. INDRANI T K, Text Books of Sociology for Graduates Nurses and Physiotherapy Students, JP Brothers, New Delhi, 10 edition. and Health Disorders

YEAR : I YEAR
COURSE CODE : 17PT192
TITLE OF THE COURSE : ENGLISH

COURSE OBJECTIVES

THE COURSE IS DESIGNED TO ENABLE STUDENTS TO ENHANCE ABILITY TO COMPREHEND SPOKEN AND WRITTEN ENGLISH, REQUIRED FOR EFFECTIVE COMMUNICATION IN THEIR PROFESSIONAL WORK.

COURSE OUTCOMES

THE EXPECTED OUTCOMES OF THIS COURSE IS TO SPEAK AND WRITE GRAMMATICALLY CORRECT ENGLISH, TO DEVELOP WRITING SKILLS, TO UNDERSTAND AND EXPRESS MEANINGFULLY THE PRESCRIBED TENT, TODEVELOP SPOKEN ENGLISH.

Unit -I :

Introduction:

Study Techniques

Organisation of effective note taking and logical processes of analysis and synthesis

The use of the dictionary

Enlargement of vocabulary

Effective diction

Unit - II:

Applied Grammer:

Correct usage

The structure of sentences

The structure of paragraphs

Enlargements of Vocabulary

Unit - III:

Written Composition:

Precise writing and summarising

Writing of bibliography

Enlargement of Vocabulary

Unit - IV

Reading and comprehension

Review of selected materials and express oneself in one's words.

Enlargement of Vocabulary. .

Unit - V

The Study of Various Forms of Composition Paragraph, Essay, Letter, Summary,
Practice in writing

Unit - VI

Verbal Communication:

Discussions and Summarization, Debates, Oral reports, use in teaching

YEAR : I YEAR
COURSE CODE : 17PT171
TITLE OF THE COURSE : HUMAN ANATOMY PRACTICALS

PRACTICAL : 90HRS

List of Practical / Demonstrations *

Topics

1. Upper extremity including surface Anatomy[15Hrs]
2. Lower extremity including surface Anatomy[15Hrs]
3. Head & Neck, Spinal cord and Brain including surface Anatomy[15Hrs]
4. Thorax & abdominal organs including surface anatomy, [10Hrs]
5. Histology-Elementary tissue [10Hrs]
6. Embryology-models, charts & X-rays[05Hrs]
7. Demonstration of the muscles of the whole body and organs in thorax and abdomen in a cadaver [05Hrs]
8. Demonstration of movements in important joints. [05Hrs]
9. Surface making of the lung, pleura, fissures and lobes of lungs, heart, liver, spleen, Kidney, cranial nerves, spinal nerves and important blood vessels [05Hrs]
10. Identification of body prominences on inspection and by palpation especially of extremities. Points of palpation of nerves and arteries [05Hrs]

Recommended Text books:

1. ROMANES [G J], Cunningham manual of practical anatomy: upper and lower limb ed 15Vol 1 Oxford Medical Publication, Oxford 1996, P263
2. ROMANES [G J], Cunningham manual of practical anatomy : Thorax and abdomen ed15 Vol II Oxford Medical Publication, Oxford 1996, P298
3. ROMANES [G J], Cunningham manual of practical anatomy : Head and Neck and Brained 15 Vol II Oxford Medical Publication, Oxford 1996, P346

YEAR : I YEAR
COURSE CODE : 17PT172
TITLE OF THE COURSE : HUMAN PHYSIOLOGY PRACTICALS

PRACTICAL

I. Hematology [20 Hours]

To be done by the students

1. Study of Microscope and its uses
2. Determination of RBC count
3. Determination of WBC count
4. Differential leukocyte count
5. Estimation of hemoglobin
6. Calculation of blood indices
7. Determination of blood groups
8. Determination of bleeding time
9. Determination of clotting time

Demonstrations only

1. Determination of ESR
2. Determination of PCV

II. Clinical Examination [20 Hours]

1. Examination of Radial pulse.
2. Recording of blood pressure
3. Examination of CVS
4. Examination of Respiratory system
5. Examination of Sensory system
6. Examination of Motor System
7. Examination of reflexes
8. Examination of cranial nerves

III. Amphibian Experiments – Demonstration and Dry charts Explanation. [15 Hrs]

1. Instruments used for frog experiments. Kymograph, heart liver, Muscle trough, stimulator.
2. Simple muscle curve.
3. Effect of increasing the strength of the stimuli
4. Effect of temperature on muscle contraction.

5. Effect of two successive stimuli.
6. Effect of Fatigue.
7. Effect of load on muscle contraction
8. Genesis of tetanus and clonus.
9. Velocity of impulse transmission.
10. Normal cardiogram of amphibian heart.
11. Properties of Cardiac muscle
12. Effect of temperature on cardiogram.

IV. Recommended Demonstrations [5 Hours]

1. Spirometry
2. Artificial Respiration
3. ECG
4. Perimeter
5. Mosso's Ergometer

Recommended Text books:

1. Text book of practical physiology – G k Pal
2. Text book of practical Physiology – Ranade.
3. Text book of practical Physiology – A.K.Jain.
4. Text book of practical Physiology – Ghai C L

YEAR : I YEAR
COURSE CODE : 17PT173
TITLE OF THE COURSE : KINESIOLOGY PRACTICALS

PRACTICAL

PRACTICAL: [90 Hours] shall be conducted for various joint movements and analysis of the same. Demonstration may also be given as how to analyze posture and gait. The demonstrations may be done on models or skeleton.

The student shall be taught and demonstrated to analysis for activities of daily living – ADL – (like sitting to standing, throwing, lifting etc.) **The student should be able to explain and demonstrate the movements occurring at the joints, the muscles involved, the movements or muscle action produced, and mention the axis and planes through which the movements occur.**

Measurement of Joint ROM using goniometer.

Identification of walking aids.

YEAR : II YEAR
COURSE CODE : 17PT201
TITLE OF THE COURSE : PATHOLOGY

COURSE OBJECTIVES

THE COURSE WILL ENABLE STUDENTS TO UNDERSTAND THE CONDITIONS IN MICROBIOLOGY AND PATHOLOGY AND ITS APPLICATION IN RELATION WITH PHYSIOTHERAPY. STUDENTS WILL LEARN THE PATHOLOGICAL CHANGES IN VARIOUS CONDITIONS, DISEASES AND DISORDERS, WHICH ARE COMMONLY TREATED BY PHYSIOTHERAPY.

COURSE OUTCOMES

THE EXPECTED OUTCOMES OF THIS COURSE IS THAT AFTER THE PRESCRIBED HOURS OF LECTURES AND DEMONSTRATIONS IN ADDITION TO CLINICAL APPLICATIONS THE STUDENT WILL BE ABLE TO UNDERSTAND THE CAUSES, SIGNS, SYMPTOMS, INVESTIGATIONS, DIFFERENTIAL DIAGNOSIS, FINAL DIAGNOSIS, MANAGEMENT IN RELATION WITH PHYSIOTHERAPY.

UNIT I: 20 Hrs

General Pathology

1. Introduction to Pathology [1 Hour]

2. Cell injuries: [3 Hours]

Aetiology and Pathogenesis with a brief recall of important aspects of normal cell structure. Reversible cell injury : Types, Sequential changes, Cellular swellings, vacuolation, Hyaline changes, Mucoïd changes. Irreversible cell injury: Types of Necrosis & Gangrene, Autolysis. Pathologic calcification: Dystrophic and Metastatic. Intracellular Accumulations - Fatty changes, Protein accumulations, Glycogen accumulations, Pigments - Melanin / Hemosiderin. Extra cellular accumulations: Amyloidosis - Classification, Pathogenesis, Pathology including special stains.

3. Inflammation and Repair [4 Hours]

Acute inflammation: features, causes, vascular and cellular events. Inflammatory cells and Mediators. Chronic inflammation: Causes, Types, Classification nonspecific and granulomatous with examples.

Repair, Wound healing by primary and secondary union, factors promoting and delaying the process.

Healing in specific site including bone healing.

4. Immunopathology [4 Hours]

Immune system: General concepts.

Hypersensitivity: type and examples, antibody and cell mediated tissue injury with examples. . Secondary immunodeficiency including HIV infection. Auto-immune disorders: Basic concepts and classification, SLE.

AIDS-Aetiology, Modes of transmission, Diagnostic procedures, handling of infected material and health education.

5. Infectious diseases [4 Hours]

Mycobacterial diseases: Tuberculosis, Leprosy and Syphilis.

Bacterial disease: Pyogenic, Diphtheria, Gram negative infection, Bacillary dysentery.

Viral diseases: Poliomyelitis, Herpes, Rabies, Measles, Ricktsia, Chlamydial infection, HIV infection.

Fungal disease and opportunistic infections.

Parasitic diseases: Malaria, Filariasis, Amoebiasis, Kala-azar, Cysticercosis, Hydatid cyst.

6. Circulatory Disturbances [4 Hours]

Hyperemia/Ischemia and Haemorrhage Edema: Pathogenesis and types.

Chronic venous congestion: Lung, Liver, Spleen, Systemic Pathology

Thrombosis and Embolism: Formation, Fate and Effects.

Infarction: Types, Common sites.

Shock: Pathogenesis, types, morphologic changes.

UNIT II: 20Hrs

1. Growth Disturbances and Neoplasia [4 Hours]

Atrophy, Hypertrophy, Hyperplasia, Aplasia, Hypoplasia, Metaplasia, Malformation, agenesis, dysplasia.

Precancerous lesions.

Neoplasia: Definition, classification, Biological behaviour : Benign and Malignant, Carcinoma and Sarcoma.

Malignant Neoplasia: Grades and Stages, Local & Distant spread.

Carcinogenesis: Environmental carcinogens, chemical, viral, occupational. Heredity and cellular oncogenes and prevention of cancer.

Benign & Malignant epithelial tumours Eg. Squamous papilloma, Squamous cell carcinoma, Malignant melanoma. Benign & Malignant mesenchymal tumours Eg:

Fibroma, Lipoma, Neurofibroma, Fibrosarcoma, Liposarcoma, Rhabdo-myosarcoma, Teratoma.

2. Nutritional Disorders [2 Hour]

Protein energy malnutrition: Marasmus, Kwashiorkor, and Vitamin deficiency disorders, classification with specific examples.

3. Genetic Disorders [1 Hour]

Basic concepts of genetic disorders and some common examples and congenital malformation.

Systemic pathology

4. Hematology [4 Hours]

Constituents of blood and bone marrow, Regulation of hematopoiesis.

Anemia: Classification, clinical features & lab diagnosis.

Nutritional anemias: Iron deficiency anemia, Folic acid, Vit. B 12 deficiency anemia including pernicious anemia. Hemolytic Anaemias: Classification and Investigations. Hereditary hemolytic anaemias: Thalessemia, Sickle cell anemia, Spherocytosis and Enzyme deficiencies. Acquired hemolytic anaemias. Alloimmune, Autoimmune ii. Drug induced, Microangiopathic Pancytopenia - Aplastic anemia.

Hemostatic disorders, Vascular and Platelet disorders & lab diagnosis.

Coagulopathies - (i) Inherited (ii) Acquired with lab diagnosis.

Leukocytic disorders: Leukocytosis, Leukopenis, Leukemoid reaction.

Leukemia: Classification, clinical manifestation, pathology and Diagnosis. Multiple myeloma and disproteinemias.

Blood transfusion; Grouping and cross matching, untoward reactions, transmissible infections including HIV & hepatitis, Blood-components & plasma-pheresis.

5. Respiratory System [3 Hours]

Pneumonia, Bronchitis, Bronchiectasis, Asthma, Tuberculosis, Carcinoma of lungs, Occupational lung diseases

6. Cardiovascular Pathology [3 Hours]

Congenital Heart disease: Atrial septal defect, Ventricular septal defect, Fallot's tetralogy, Patent ductus arteriosus.

Endocarditis.

Rheumatic Heart disease.

Vascular diseases: Atherosclerosis, Monckeberg's medial calcification, Aneurysm and Arteritis and tumours of Blood vessels.

Ischemic heart Disease: Myocardial infarction.

Hypertension and hypertensive heart Disease.

7. Alimentary tract [3 Hours]

Oral Pathology: Ulcers, leukoplakia, Carcinoma, oral cavity diseases and tumour of salivary gland & esophagus and precancerous lesions, Esophagus inflammatory, functional disorders and tumours.

Stomach : Gastritis, Ulcer & Tumours.

Tumours and tumour like condition of the small and large Intestine: Polyps, carcinoid, carcinoma, Lymphoma.

Pancreatitis and pancreatic tumours : i) Exocrine, ii)

Endocrine Salivary gland tumours : Mixed, Warthin's

UNIT III: 20Hrs

1. Hepato - biliary pathology [3

Hours] Jaundice: Types, aetio-pathogenesis and diagnosis. Hepatitis: Acute, Chronic, neonatal.

Alcoholic liver disease

Cirrhosis: Postnecrotic, Alcoholic, Metabolic and Portal hypertension Liver abscesses; Pyogenic, parasitic and Amoebic.

Tumours of Liver

2. Lymphatic System [3 Hours]

Diseases of the gall bladder: Cholecystitis, Cholelithiasis, Carcinoma.

Lymphadenitis - Non specific and granulomatous

Causes of Lymph Node enlargements. Reactive Hyperplasia, Primary Tumours - Hodgkin's and Non hodgkin's Lymphomas, Metastatic Tumours. Causes of Splenic Enlargements.

3. Musculoskeletal System [5 Hours]

Osteomyelitis, acute, chronic, tuberculous, mycetoma

Metabolic diseases: Rickets/Osteomalacia, osteoporosis, Hyperparathyroidism, Paget's disease.

Tumours Classification: Benign, Malignant, Metastatic and synovial sarcoma.

Arthritis: Suppurative, Rheumatoid. Osteoarthritis, Gout, Tuberculous.

4. Endocrine pathology [4 Hours]

Diabetes Mellitus: Types, Pathogenesis, Pathology, Laboratory diagnosis

Non-neoplastic lesions of Thyroid: Iodine deficiency goiter, autoimmune Thyroiditis, Thyrotoxicosis, myxedema, Hashimoto's thyroiditis.

Tumours of Thyroid: Adenoma, Carcinoma: Papillary, Follicular, Medullary,

Anaplastic. Adrenal diseases: cortical hyperplasia, atrophy, tuberculosis, tumours of cortex and medulla.

5. Neuropathology [4 Hours]

Inflammations and Infections : TB Meningitis, Pyogenic Meningitis, viral meningitis and Brain Abscess

Tuberculosis, Cysticercosis

CNS Tumors, Astrocytoma, Neuroblastoma, Meningioma, Medulloblastoma

6. Dermatopathology [1 Hour]

Skin tumors : Squamos cell carcinoma, Basal cell carcinoma, Melanoma

Recommended Textbooks

1. Text book of pathology: Harshmohan
2. General systemic pathology: Churchill Livingstone
3. Text book of Pathology: Robbins

YEAR : II YEAR
COURSE CODE : 17PT202
TITLE OF THE COURSE : MICROBIOLOGY

COURSE OBJECTIVES

THE COURSE WILL ENABLE STUDENTS TO UNDERSTAND THE CONDITIONS IN MICROBIOLOGY AND PATHOLOGY AND ITS APPLICATION IN RELATION WITH PHYSIOTHERAPY. STUDENTS WILL LEARN THE PATHOLOGICAL CHANGES IN VARIOUS CONDITIONS, DISEASES AND DISORDERS, WHICH ARE COMMONLY TREATED BY PHYSIOTHERAPY.

COURSE OUTCOMES

THE EXPECTED OUTCOMES OF THIS COURSE IS THAT AFTER THE PRESCRIBED HOURS OF LECTURES AND DEMONSTRATIONS IN ADDITION TO CLINICAL THE STUDENT WILL BE ABLE TO UNDERSTAND THE CAUSES, FINDINGS, INVESTIGATIONS, MANAGEMENT IN RELATION WITH PHYSIOTHERAPY.

UNIT I:

1. General Microbiology [5 Hours]

Definitions: infections, parasite, host, vector, fomite, contagious disease, infectious disease, epidemic, endemic, pandemic, Zoonosis, Epizootic, Attack rate.

Normal flora of the human body.

Routes of infection and spread; endogenous and exogenous infections; source at reservoir of infections.

Bacterial cell. Morphology limited to recognizing bacteria in clinical samples Shape, motility and arrangement. Structures, which are virulence, associated.

Physiology: Essentials of bacterial growth requirements.

Sterilization, disinfection and universal precautions in relation to patient care and disease prevention. Definition of asepsis, sterilization, disinfection.

Antimicrobials: Mode of action, interpretation of susceptibility tests, resistance spectrum of activity.

2. Immunology [5 Hours]

Basic principles of immunity immunobiology : lymphoid organs and tissues. Antigen, Antibodies, antigen and antibody reactions with relevance to pathogenesis and serological diagnosis.

Humoral immunity and its role in immunity Cell mediated immunity and its role in immunity. Immunology of hypersensitivity, Measuring immune functions.

UNIT II

3. Bacteriology [12 Hours]

To be considered under the following headings
Morphology, classification according to pathogenicity, mode of transmission, methods of prevention, collection and transport of samples for laboratory diagnosis, interpretation of laboratory reports

Staphylococci,
Streptococci and Pneumococci,
Mycobacteria: Tuberculosis, M.leprae, atypical mycobacteria,
Enterobacteriaceae,
Vibrios : V. cholerae and other medically important vibrios, Campylobacters and Helicobacters, Pseudomonas,
Bacillus anthracis,
Sporing and non-sporing anaerobes: Clostridia, Bacteroides and Fusobacteria,

4. General Virology [8 Hours]

General properties: Basic structure and broad classification of viruses. Pathogenesis and pathology of viral infections. Immunity and prophylaxis of viral diseases. Principles of laboratory diagnosis of viral diseases. List of commonly used antiviral agents.

UNIT III

5. Mycology [3 Hours]

General properties of fungi. Classification based on disease: superficial, subcutaneous, deep mycoses opportunistic infections including Mycotoxins, systemic mycoses. General principles of fungal diagnosis, Rapid diagnosis. Method of collection of samples. Antifungal agents.

6. Clinical/Applied Microbiology [12 Hours]

Streptococcal infections: Rheumatic fever and Rheumatic heart disease, Meningitis.
Tuberculosis,
Pyrexia of unknown origin, leprosy,
Sexually transmitted diseases,
Poliomyelitis,
Hepatitis,

Acute-respiratory infections,
Central nervous System infections,
Urinary tract infections,
Pelvic inflammatory disease,
Wound infection,
Opportunistic infections,
HIV infection,
Malaria,
Filariasis,
Zoonotic diseases.

Recommended Textbooks:

1. Short text book of Medical Microbiology by Sathish Gupta
2. Text book of Microbiology by JayaramPanicker
3. Microbiology&Parasitology by Rajeshwar Reddy
4. Text book of Microbiology by Anantha Narayanan
5. Microbiology by Baveja
6. Text book of microbiology by Chakraborty

YEAR : II YEAR
COURSE CODE : 17PT203
TITLE OF THE COURSE PHARMACOLOGY

COURSE OBJECTIVES

THIS COURSE COVERS THE BASIC KNOWLEDGE OF PHARMACOLOGY INCLUDING ADMINISTRATION, PHYSIOLOGIC RESPONSE AND ADVERSE EFFECTS OF DRUGS UNDER NORMAL AND PATHOLOGIC CONDITIONS. TOPICS FOCUS ON THE INFLUENCE OF DRUGS IN REHABILITATION PATIENT/CLIENT MANAGEMENT. DRUGS USED IN IONTOPHORESIS AND PHONOPORESIS WILL BE DISCUSSED IN DETAIL.

COURSE OUTCOMES

THE EXPECTED OUTCOMES OF THE COURSE IS THAT AFTER THE PRESCRIBED HOURS OF LECTURES AND DEMONSTRATIONS, THE STUDENT WILL BE ABLE TO UNDERSTAND THE EFFECTS AND THE ADVERSE EFFECTS OF VARIOUS DRUGS ON DIFFERENT SYSTEMS OF THE BODY. THIS WOULD HELP THE STUDENTS TO UNDERSTAND THE LIMITATIONS IMPOSED BY THE DRUGS ON ANY THERAPY.

UNIT I:

1. General Pharmacology [5 Hours]

Introduction, Definitions, Classification of drugs, Sources of drugs, Routes of drug administration, Distribution of drugs, Metabolism and Excretion of drugs
Pharmacokinetics, Pharmacodynamics, Factors modifying drug response, Adverse effects.

2. Autonomic Nervous system [5 hours]

General considerations – The Sympathetic and Parasympathetic Systems, Receptors, Somatic Nervous System
Cholinergic and Anti-Cholinergic drugs, Adrenergic and Adrenergic blocking drugs, Peripheral muscle relaxants.

3. Cardiovascular Pharmacology [10 Hours]

Drugs Used in the Treatment of Heart Failure: Digitalis, Diuretics, Vasodilators, ACE inhibitors
Antihypertensive Drugs: Diuretics, Beta Blockers, Calcium Channel Blockers, ACE Inhibitors,

Central Acting Alpha Agonists, Peripheral Alpha Antagonists, Direct acting Vasodilators Antiarrhythmic Drugs
Drugs Used in the Treatment of Vascular Disease and Tissue Ischemia : Vascular Disease,
Hemostasis Lipid-Lowering agents, Antithrombotics, Anticoagulants and Thrombolytics Ischemic Heart Disease – Nitrates, Beta-Blockers, Calcium Channel Blockers
Cerebral Ischemia
Peripheral Vascular Disease

UNIT II:

4. Neuropharmacology [8 Hours]

Sedative-Hypnotic Drugs: Barbiturates, Benzodiazepines
Antianxiety Drugs: Benzodiazepines, Other Anxiolytics
Drugs Used in Treatment of Mood Disorders: Monoamine Oxidase Inhibitors, Tricyclic Antidepressants, Atypical Antidepressants, Lithium Antipsychotic drugs

5. Disorders of Movement [6 Hours]

Drugs used in Treatment of Parkinson's Disease
Antiepileptic Drugs
Spasticity and Skeletal Muscle Relaxants

6. Geriatrics [6 Hours]

Pharmacology and the geriatric Population: Adverse effects of special concern in the Elderly,
Dementia, Postural hypotension

UNIT III:

7. Inflammatory/Immune Diseases [14 Hours]

Non-narcotic Analgesics and Nonsteroidal Anti-Inflammatory Drugs:
Acetaminophen, NSAIDs, Aspirin, Nonaspirin NSAIDs, drug Interactions with NSAIDs
Glucocorticoids: Pharmacological Uses of Glucocorticoids, adverse effects,
Physiologic Use of Glucocorticoids
Drugs Used in Treatment of Arthritic Diseases: Rheumatoid Arthritis, Osteoarthritis,
Gout

Drugs Used in the Treatment of Neuromuscular Immune/Inflammatory Diseases:
Myasthenia gravis, Idiopathic Inflammatory Myopathies, systemic lupus
Erythematosis, Scleroderma, Demyelinating Disease
Respiratory Pharmacology: Obstructive Airway Diseases, Drugs used in Treatment of
Obstructive airway Diseases, Allergic Rhinitis

8. Digestion and Metabolism [6 Hours]

Gastrointestinal Pharmacology: Peptic Ulcer Disease, Constipation,
Diarrhea Drugs Used in Treatment of Diabetes Mellitus: Insulin, Oral
Hypoglycemics

Recommended Textbooks

1. Lippicott's Pharmacology.
2. Essential of Medical Phramacology by Tripathi
3. Text book of Medical Pharmacology by Padmajaudaykumar
4. Pharmacology by N.Muruges
5. Pharmacolgy&Pharmacotherapeutics by Sadoskar.

YEAR : II YEAR
COURSE CODE : 17PT204
TITLE OF THE COURSE : EXERCISE THERAPY

COURSE OBJECTIVES

IN THIS COURSE THE STUDENT WILL LEARN THE PRINCIPLES, TECHNIQUES AND EFFECTS OF EXERCISE AS A THERAPEUTIC MODALITY IN THE RESTORATION OF PHYSICAL FUNCTION.

COURSE OUTCOMES

THE EXPECTED OUTCOMES OF THIS COURSE IS THAT AFTER THE PRESCRIBED HOURS OF LECTURES AND DEMONSTRATIONS IN ADDITION TO PRACTICAL AND CLINIC THE STUDENT WILL BE ABLE TO LIST THE INDICATIONS AND CONTRAINDICATIONS OF VARIOUS TYPES OF EXERCISE, DEMONSTRATE THE DIFFERENT TECHNIQUE, AND DESCRIBE THE EFFECTS.

UNIT I:

1. Introduction to Exercise Therapy [3 Hours]

The aims of Exercise Therapy, The techniques of Exercise Therapy, Approach to patient's problems, Assessment of patient's condition – Measurements of Vital parameters, Starting Positions – Fundamental positions & derived Positions, Planning of Treatment

2. Methods of Testing [15 Hours]

a) Functional tests

b) Measurement of Joint range: ROM-Definition, Normal ROM for all peripheral joints & spine, Goniometer-parts, types, principles, uses., Limitations of goniometry, Techniques for measurement of ROM for all peripheral joints- **revision**

c) Tests for neuromuscular efficiency

Manual Muscle Testing: Introduction to MMT, Principles & Aims, Indications & Limitations,

Techniques of MMT for group & individual muscles : Techniques of MMT for upper limb / Techniques of MMT for lower limb / Techniques of MMT for spine

Anthropometric Measurements: Muscle girth – biceps, triceps, forearm, quadriceps, calf Static power Test

Dynamic power Test

Endurance test

Speed test

Measurement of Limb Length: true limb length, apparent limb length, segmental limb length. Measurement of the angle of Pelvic Inclination.

d) Tests for Co-ordination

3. Relaxation [4 Hours]

Definitions: Muscle Tone, Postural tone, Voluntary Movement, Degrees of relaxation, Pathological tension in muscle, Stress mechanics, types of stresses, Effects of stress on the body mechanism, Indications of relaxation, **Methods & techniques of relaxation-Principles & uses: General, Local, Jacobson's, Mitchel's, additional methods.**

4. Passive Movements [4 Hours]

Causes of immobility, Classification of Passive movements, Specific definitions related to passive movements, Principles of giving passive movements, Indications, contraindications, effects of uses, **Techniques of giving passive movements.**

5. Active Movements [6 hours]

Definition of strength, power & work, endurance, muscle actions.

Physiology of muscle performance: structure of skeletal muscle, chemical & mechanical events during contraction & relaxation, muscle fiber type, motor unit, force gradation.

Causes of decreased muscle performance

Physiologic adaptation to training: Strength & Power, Endurance.

Types of active movements

Free exercise: Classification, principles, techniques, indications, contraindications, effects and uses

Active Assisted Exercise: principles, techniques, indications, contraindications, effects and uses

Assisted-Resisted Exercise: principles, techniques, indications, contraindications, effects and uses
Resisted Exercise: Definition, principles, indications, contraindications, precautions & techniques, effects and uses

Types of resisted exercises: Manual and Mechanical resistance exercise, Isometric exercise, Dynamic exercise: Concentric and Eccentric, Dynamic exercise: Constant versus variable resistance, Isokinetic exercise, Open-Chain and Closed-Chain exercise.

6. Specific exercise regimens

Isotonic: de Lormes, Oxford, MacQueen, Circiut weight training

Isometric: BRIME (Brief Resisted Isometric Exercise), Multiple Angle
Isometrics Isokinetic regimens

UNIT II:

7. **Physiology of muscle performance: [2 hours]**

Structure of skeletal muscle, chemical & mechanical events during contraction & relaxation, muscle fibre type, motor unit, force gradation. Causes of decreased muscle performance Physiologic adaptation to training: Strength & Power, Endurance.

8. **Proprioceptive Neuromuscular Facilitation [6 Hours]**

Definitions & goals

Basic neurophysiologic principles of PNF: Muscular activity, Diagonals patterns of movement: upper limb, lower limb Procedure: components of PNF

Techniques of facilitation

Mobility: Contract relax, Hold relax, Rhythmic initiation

Strengthening: Slow reversals, repeated contractions, timing for emphasis, rhythmic stabilization

Stability: Alternating isometric, rhythmic stabilization

Skill: timing for emphasis, resisted progression

Endurance: slow reversals, agonist reversal

9. **Suspension Therapy [6 Hours]**

Definition, principles, equipments & accessories, Indications & contraindications, Benefits of suspension therapy

Types of suspension therapy: axial, vertical, pendular

Techniques of suspension therapy for upper limb

Techniques of suspension therapy for lower limb

10. **Functional Re-education [4 hours]**

Lying to sitting: Activities on the Mat/Bed, Movement and stability at floor level;

Sitting activities and gait; Lowerlimb and Upperlimb activities.

11. **Aerobic Exercise [4 Hours]**

Definition and key terms; Physiological response to aerobic exercise, Examination and evaluation of aerobic capacity – Exercise Testing, Determinants of an Exercise Program, The Exercise Program, Normal and abnormal response to acute aerobic

exercise, Physiological changes that occur with training, Application of Principles of an Aerobic conditioning program for patients – types and phases of aerobic training.

12. Stretching [3 Hours]

Definition of terms related to stretching; Tissue response towards immobilization and elongation,

Determinants of stretching exercise, Effects of stretching, Inhibition and relaxation procedures, Precautions and contraindications of stretching, Techniques of stretching.

13. Manual Therapy & Peripheral Joint Mobilization [5 Hours]

Schools of Manual Therapy, Principles, Grades, Indications and Contraindications, Effects and Uses – Maitland, Kaltenborn, Mulligan

Biomechanical basis for mobilization, Effects of joint mobilisation, Indications and contraindications, Grades of mobilization, Principles of mobilization, Techniques of mobilization for upper limb, lower limb, Precautions.

UNIT III:

14. Balance [4 Hours]

Physiology of balance: contributions of sensory systems, processing sensory information, generating motor output

Components of balance (sensory, musculoskeletal, biomechanical)

Causes of impaired balance, Examination & evaluation of impaired balance,

Activities for treating impaired balance: mode, posture, movement, Precautions & contraindications, Types Balance retraining

15. Co-ordination Exercise [4 Hours]

Anatomy & Physiology of cerebellum with its pathways

Definitions: Co-ordination, Inco-ordination

Causes for Inco-ordination, Test for co-ordination: equilibrium test, non equilibrium test

Principles of co-ordination exercise

Frenkel's Exercise: uses of Frenkel's exercise, technique of Frenkel's exercise, progression, home exercise.

16. Posture [3 Hours]

Definition, Active and Inactive Postures, Postural Mechanism, Patterns of Posture, Principles of re-education: corrective methods and techniques, Patient education.

15. Walking Aids [3 hours]

Walking aids Revision. Application : Pre crutch Training and crutch gaits.

16. Massage [4 Hours]

History and Classification of Massage

Technique Principles, Indications and

Contraindications Technique of Massage

Manipulations

Physiological and Therapeutic Uses of Specific Manipulations

17. Hydrotherapy [3 Hours]

Definitions, Goals and Indications, Precautions and Contraindications, Properties of water, Use of special equipments, techniques, Effects and uses, merits and demerits

18. Individual and Group Exercises [3 Hours]

Advantages and Disadvantages, Organisation of Group exercises, Recreational Activities and Sports

19. Introduction to Yoga [5 Hours]

Asanas – Principles and elements;

Pranayamas – Principles, Methods and Techniques

Recommended Textbooks

1. Therapeutic exercise by Barbara Bandy
2. Therapeutic exercise by Carolyn Kisner
3. Principles of exercise therapy by M.Dena Gardiner
4. Practical Exercise therapy by Hollis Margaret
5. Therapeutic exercise by Sydney Litch
6. Therapeutic exercise by Hall & Brody
7. Therapeutic exercise by Basmajjian
8. Physical Rehabilitation by o'Sullivan.
9. Therapeutic massage by Sinha
10. Principles of muscle testing by Hislop.

YEAR : II YEAR
COURSE CODE : 17PT205
TITLE OF THE COURSE : ELECTROTHERAPY

COURSE OBJECTIVES

IN THIS COURSE THE STUDENT WILL LEARN THE PRINCIPLES, TECHNIQUE AND EFFECTS OF ELECTROTHERAPY AS A THERAPEUTIC MODALITY IN THE RESTORATION OF PHYSICAL FUNCTION

COURSE OUTCOMES

THE EXPECTED OUTCOMES OF THIS COURSE IS THAT AFTER THE PRESCRIBED HOURS OF LECTURES, DEMONSTRATIONS, PRACTICALS AND CLINICS THE STUDENT WILL BE ABLE TO LIST THE INDICATIONS AND CONTRAINDICATIONS OF VARIOUS TYPES OF ELECTROTHERAPY DEMONSTRATE THE DIFFERENT TECHNIQUE AND DESCRIBE THEIR EFFECTS.

UNIT I:

Section I - Introductory Physics. [This unit will have questions for short essay and short answer only]

1. Electricity definition, types [1 Hour]

2. Static electricity [2 Hour]

- a. Production of electrical charges.
- b. Characteristics of charged body.
- c. Characteristics of lines of forces.
- d. Potential difference and EMG.

3. Current Electricity [5 Hour]

- a. Units of Electricity, faraday, volt, ampere, coulomb, watt.
- b. Resistance in series and parallel.
- c. Ohms law and its application to DC/AC.
- d. Fuse.
- e. Shock: Micro/ Macro shocks, safety precaution and management, earthing techniques & precautions.
- f. Burns: electrical & chemical burns, prevention and management.
- g. Condensers: definition, principles, types, construction, working and uses.

4. Magnetism: Definition, properties, electro-magnetic induction, electro- magnetic spectrum. [1 Hour]

5. Valves, transformers, types, principles, construction and working. [1 Hour]
6. Ionization: Principles, effects of various technique of medical ionization. [1 Hour]

Section II – Therapeutic Electricity

Section II A - Low frequency Currents

1. Basic types of current [1 Hour]

- a. Direct Current: types, physiological & therapeutic effects.
- b. Alternating Current

2. Types of Current used in Therapeutics [1 Hour]

Modified D.C, Faradic Current, Galvanic Current, Modified A.C, Sinusoidal Current and Diadynamic Current.

3. Faradic Current: Definition, Modifications, Techniques of Application of Individual, Muscle and Group Muscle stimulation, Physiological & Therapeutic effects of Faradic Current, Precautions, Indications & Contra-Indications, Dangers. **[2 Hours]**
4. Galvanic Current: Definition, Modifications, Physiological & Therapeutic effects of Galvanic Current, Indications & Contra-Indications, Dangers, Effect of interrupted galvanic current on normally innervated and denervated muscles and partially denervated muscles. **[2 Hours]**
5. Sinusoidal Current & Diadynamic Current in Brief. **[1 Hour]**
6. HVPGS – Parameters & its uses **[1 Hour]**
7. Ionization / Iontophoresis : Techniques of Application of Iontophoresis, Indications, Selection of Current, Commonly used Ions (Drugs) for pain, hyperhydrosis, wound healing. **[1 Hour]**
8. Cathodal / Anodal galvanism. **[1 Hour]**
9. Micro Current & Macro Current **[1 Hour]**
10. Types of Electrical Stimulators **[1 Hour]**

NMES- Construction component.

Neuro muscular diagnostic stimulator- construction component

Components and working Principles.

11. Principles of Application: Electrode tissue interface, Tissue Impedance, Types of Electrode, Size & Placement of Electrode – Waterbath, Unipolar, Bi-polar, Electrode coupling, Current flow in tissues, Lowering of Skin Resistance. **[2 Hours]**
12. Nerve Muscle Physiology: Action Potential, Resting membrane potential, Propagation of Action Potential, Motor unit, synapse, Accommodation, Stimulation of Healthy Muscle, Stimulation of Denervated Muscle, Stimulation for Tissue Repair. **[2 Hours]**
13. TENS: Define TENS, Types of TENS, Conventional TENS, Acupuncture TENS, Burst TENS, Brief & Intense TENS, Modulated TENS. Types of Electrodes & Placement of Electrodes, Dosage parameters, Physiological & Therapeutic effects, Indications & Contraindications. **[3 Hrs]**
14. Pain: Define Pain, Theories of Pain (Outline only), Pain Gate Control theory in detail. **[2 Hours]**

UNIT II

Section II B - Electro-diagnosis

1. **FG Test**
2. **SD Curve: Methods of Plotting SD Curve, Apparatus selection, Characters of Normally innervated Muscle, Characters of Partially Denervated Muscle, Characters of Completely denervated Muscle, Chronaxie&Rheobase. [2 Hours]**
3. Nerve conduction velocity studies **[1 Hour]**
4. EMG: Construction of EMG equipment. **[1 Hour]**
5. Bio-feed back. **[1 Hour]**

Section II C - Medium Frequency

1. Interferential Therapy: Define IFT, Principle of Production of IFT, Static Interference System, Dynamic Interference system, Dosage Parameters for IFT, Electrode placement in IFT, Physiological & Therapeutic effects, Indications & Contraindications. **[2 Hour]**

2. Russian Current
3. Rebox type Current **[1 Hour]**

Section III - Thermo&Actinotherapy (High Frequency Currents)

1. Electro Magnetic Spectrum. **[1 Hour]**
2. SWD: Define short wave, Frequency & Wavelength of SWD, Principle of Production of SWD, Circuit diagram & Production of SWD, Methods of Heat Production by SWD treatment, Types of SWD Electrode, Placement & Spacing of Electrodes, Tuning, Testing of SWD Apparatus, Physiological & Therapeutic effects, Indications & Contraindications, Dangers, Dosage parameters **[8 Hours]**
3. Pulsed Electro Magnetic Energy: Principles, Production & Parameters of PEME, Uses of PEME. **[1 Hour]**
4. Micro Wave Diathermy: Define Microwave, Wave length & Frequency, Production of MW, Applicators, Dosage Parameters, Physiological & Therapeutic effects, Indications & Contraindications, Dangers of MWD. **[2 Hours]**
5. Ultrasound: Define Ultrasound, Frequency, Piezo Electric effects: Direct, Reverse, Production of US, Treatment Dosage parameters: Continuous & Pulsed mode, Intensity, US Fields: Near field, Far field, Half value distance, Attenuation, Coupling Media, Thermal effects, Non-thermal effects, Principles & Application of US: Direct contact, Water bag, Water bath, Solid sterile gel pack method for wound. Uses of US, Indications & Contraindications, Dangers of Ultrasound. Phonophoresis: Define Phonophoresis, Methods of application, Commonly used drugs, Uses. Dosages of US. **[8 Hours]**
6. IRR: Define IRR, wavelength & parameters, Types of IR generators, Production of IR, Physiological & Therapeutic effects, Duration & frequency of treatment, Indication & Contraindication. **[2 Hours]**

UNIT III:

7. UVR: Define UVR, Types of UVR, UVR generators: High pressure mercury vapour lamp, Water cooled mercury vapour lamp, Kromayer lamp, Fluorescent tube, Theraktin tunnel, PUVA apparatus. Physiological & Therapeutic effects. Sensitizers & Filters. Test dosage calculation. Calculation of E1, E2, E3, E4 doses. Indications, contraindications. Dangers. Dosages for different therapeutic effects, Distance in UVR lamp **[8 Hours]**

8. LASER: Define LASER. Types of LASER. Principles of Production. Production of LASER by various methods. Methods of application of LASER. Dosage of LASER. Physiological & Therapeutic effects of LASER. Safety precautions of LASER. Classifications of LASER. Energy density & power density **[8 Hours]**

Section IV – Superficial heating Modalities

1. Wax Therapy: Principle of Wax Therapy application – latent Heat, Composition of Wax Bath Therapy unit, Methods of application of Wax, Physiological & Therapeutic effects, Indications & Contraindication, Dangers. **[2 Hours]**
2. Contrast Bath: Methods of application, Therapeutic uses, Indications & Contraindications. **[1 Hour]**
3. Moist Heat Therapy: Hydro collator packs – in brief, Methods of applications, Therapeutic uses, Indications & Contraindications. **[1 Hour]**
4. Cyclotherm: Principles of production, Therapeutic uses, Indications & Contraindications. **[1 Hour]**
5. Fluidotherapy: Construction, Method of application, Therapeutic uses, Indications & Contraindications. **[1 Hour]**
6. Whirl Pool Bath: Construction, Method of Application, Therapeutic Uses, Indications & Contraindications. **[1 Hour]**
7. Magnetic Stimulation, Principles, Therapeutic uses, Indications & contraindication. **[1 Hour]**
8. Cryotherapy: Define- Cryotherapy, Principle- Latent heat of fusion, Physiological & Therapeutics effects, Techniques of Applications, Indications & Contraindications, Dangers, Methods of application with dosages. **[4 Hours]**

Recommended Textbooks

1. Claytons Electrotherapy by Forster & Plastangs
2. Electrotherapy Explained by Low & Reed
3. Clinical Electrotherapy by Nelson
4. Electrotherapy Evidence based practice by Sheila Kitchen
5. Physical agents by Michile Cameroon
6. Principles of Electrotherapy by Michile Camreeon
7. Thermal agents by Susan Michlovitz.

YEAR : II YEAR
COURSE CODE : 17PT271
TITLE OF THE COURSE : EXERCISE THERAPY PRACTICALS

PRACTICALS

The students of exercise therapy are to be trained in Practical Laboratory work for all the topics discussed in theory. The student must be able to evaluate and apply judiciously the different methods of exercise therapy techniques on the patients. They must be able to-

- 1. Demonstrate the technique of measuring using goniometry**
- 2. Demonstrate muscle strength using the principles and technique of MMT**
- 3. Demonstrate the techniques for muscle strengthening based on MMT grading**
- 4. Demonstrate the PNF techniques**
- 5. Demonstrate exercises for training co-ordination – Frenkel's exercise**
- 6. Demonstrate the techniques of massage manipulations**
- 7. Demonstrate techniques for functional re-education**
- 8. Assess and train for using walking aids**
- 9. Demonstrate mobilization of individual joint regions**
- 10. Demonstrate to use the technique of suspension therapy for mobilizing and strengthening joints and muscles**
- 11. Demonstrate the techniques for muscle stretching**
- 12. Assess and evaluate posture and gait**
- 13. Demonstrate to apply the technique of passive movements**
- 14. Demonstrate various techniques of Active movements**
- 15. Demonstrate techniques of strengthening muscles using resisted exercises**
- 16. Demonstrate techniques for measuring limb length and body circumference.**

YEAR : II YEAR
COURSE CODE : 17PT272
TITLE OF THE COURSE : ELECTROTHERAPY PRACTICALS

PRACTICAL

The student of Electrotherapy must be able to demonstrate the use of electrotherapy modalities applying the principles of electrotherapy with proper techniques, choice of dosage parameters and safety precautions.

- 1. Demonstrate the technique for patient evaluation – receiving the patient and positioning the patient for treatment using electrotherapy.**
- 2. Collection of materials required for treatment using electrotherapy modalities and testing of the apparatus.**
- 3. Demonstrate placement of electrodes for various electrotherapy modalities**
- 4. Electrical stimulation for the muscles supplied by the peripheral nerves**
- 5. Faradism under Pressure for UL and LL**
- 6. Plotting of SD curve with chronaxie and rheobase**
- 7. Demonstrate FG test**
- 8. Application of Ultrasound for different regions-various methods of application**
- 9. Demonstrate treatment techniques using SWD, IRR and Microwave diathermy**
- 10. Demonstrate the technique of UVR exposure for various conditions – calculation of test dose**
- 11. Demonstrate treatment method using IFT for various regions**
- 12. Calculation of dosage and technique of application of LASER**
- 13. Technique of treatment and application of Hydrocollator packs, cryotherapy, contrast bath, wax therapy**
- 14. Demonstrate the treatment method using whirl pool bath**
- 15. Winding up procedure after any electrotherapy treatment method**

Recommended Textbooks

1. Claytons Electrotherapy by Forster & Plastangs
2. Electrotherapy Explained by Low & Reed
3. Clinical Electrotherapy by Nelson
4. Electrotherapy Evidence based practice by Sheila Kitchen
5. Physical agents by Michile Cameroon
6. Principles of Electrotherapy by Michile Camreeron
7. Thermal agents by Susan Michlovitz.

YEAR : III YEAR
COURSE CODE : 17PT301
TITLE OF THE COURSE : GENERAL MEDICINE

COURSE OBJECTIVES

THIS COURSE INTENDS TO FAMILIARIZE STUDENTS WITH MEDICAL TERMINOLOGY & ABBREVIATIONS FOR EFFICIENT & EFFECTIVE CHART REVIEWING & DOCUMENTATION. IT ALSO EXPLORES SELECTED SYSTEMIC DISEASES, FOCUSING ON EPIDEMIOLOGY, PATHOLOGY, HISTOLOGY, ETIOLOGY AS WELL AS PRIMARY & SECONDARY CLINICAL CHARACTERISTICS & THEIR MANAGEMENT. DISCUSSES & INTEGRATES SUBSEQUENT MEDICAL MANAGEMENT OF GENERAL, RHEUMATOLOGY, GERONTOLOGY, CARDIO-VASCULAR & RESPIRATORY SYSTEMS, TO FORMULATE APPROPRIATE INTERVENTION, INDICATIONS, PRECAUTIONS & CONTRAINDICATIONS.

COURSE OUTCOMES

THE EXPECTED OUTCOMES OF THIS COURSE IS THAT AFTER THE PRESCRIBED HOURS OF LECTURES AND DEMONSTRATIONS SO THAT STUDENT WILL BE ABLE TO UNDERSTAND THE CAUSES, FINDINGS, MANAGEMENT IN RELATION WITH PHYSIOTHERAPY. THEY SHOULD HAVE A BRIEF IDEA OF THE ETIOLOGY AND PATHOLOGY, THE PATIENT'S SYMPTOMS AND THE RESULTANT FUNCTIONAL DISABILITY. THIS WOULD HELP THE STUDENTS TO UNDERSTAND THE LIMITATIONS IMPOSED BY THE DISEASES ON ANY THERAPY.

UNIT I

1. Infection : Effects of Infection on the body – Pathology – source and spread of infection – vaccinations – generalized infections – rashes and infection – food poisoning and gastroenteritis – sexually transmitted diseases – HIV infections and Aids [**3 Hours**]
2. Poisoning : Clinical features – general management – common agents in poisoning – pharmaceutical agents – drugs of misuse – chemical pesticides – Envenomation [**2 Hours**]
3. Food and Nutrition : Assessment – Nutritional and Energy requirements; Deficiency diseases – clinical features and treatment; Protein – Energy Malnutrition : Clinical features and treatment; Obesity and its related disorders : Causes – Complications – benefits of weight loss – management of Obesity – diet, exercise and medications. [**4 Hours**]
4. Endocrine diseases : Common presenting symptoms of Endocrine disease – common classical disease presentations, clinical features and its management; Diabetes

Mellitus : Etiology and pathogenesis of diabetes – clinical manifestations of the disease – management of the disease – Complications of diabetes. **[4 Hours]**

5. Diseases of the blood : Examinations of blood disorders – Clinical manifestations of blood disease; Anemia – signs and symptoms – types and management ; Hemophilia - Cause – clinical features severity of disease – management – complications due to repeated haemorrhages – complications due to therapy. **[4 Hours]**

UNIT II

6. Diseases of the digestive system : Clinical manifestations of gastrointestinal disease – Aetiology, clinical features, diagnosis, complications and treatment of the following conditions : Reflux Oesophagitis, Achlasia Cardia, Carcinoma of Oesophagus, GI bleeding, Peptic Ulcer disease, Carcinoma of Stomach, Pancreatitis, Malabsorption Syndrome, Ulcerative Colitis, Peritonitis, Infections of Alimentary Tract ; Clinical manifestations of liver diseases - Aetiology, clinical features, diagnosis, complications and treatment of the following conditions : Viral Hepatitis, Wilson’s Disease, Alpha1-antitrypsin deficiency, Tumors of the Liver, Gall stones, Cholecystitis. **[7 Hours]**
7. **Cardiovascular Disease : Examination of the Cardiovascular System – Investigations : ECG, Exercise Stress Testing, Radiology ; Clinical manifestations of Cardiovascular disease** ; Definition, Etiology, Clinical features, signs and symptoms, complications, management and treatment of following diseases and disorders of the heart : Pericarditis, Myocarditis, Endocarditis, Rheumatic Fever – resulting in valve disorders, Ishemic Heart Disease, Coronary Valve Disease, Congenital disorders of the Heart, Cardiac Arrest ; Examination and Investigations of diseases of arteries and veins ; Hypertension : Definition, causes, classification, types, assessment, investigations and management. **[8 Hours]**
8. **Respiratory Disease : Examination of the Respiratory System – Investigations : Chest Radiographs, Pulmonary Function Testing, Arterial Blood Gas Analysis ; Clinical manifestations of Lung disease ; Patterns of lung disease – Chronic Obstructive Lung Disease and Restrictive Lung Disease** ; Definition, Etiology, Clinical features, signs and symptoms, complications, management and treatment of following lung diseases : Chronic Bronchitis, Emphysema, Asthma, Bronchiectasis, Cystic Fibrosis, Upper Respiratory Tract Infections, Pneumonia, Tuberculosis, Fungal Diseases, Interstitial Lung Diseases, Diseases of the pleura, diaphragm and chest wall ; Respiratory failure – Definition, types, causes, clinical features, diagnosis and management. **[9 Hours]**

UNIT III

9. Diseases of the Skin: Examination and clinical manifestations of skin diseases ; Causes, clinical features and management of the following skin conditions : Leprosy,

Psoriasis, Pigmentary Anomalies, Vasomotor disorders, Dermatitis, Coccal and Fungal Parasitic and Viral infections. **[6 Hours]**

10. Pediatrics : Problems and management of LBW infants, Perinatal problems and management, Congenital abnormalities and management, Respiratory conditions of childhood, Cerebral Palsy – causes, complications, clinical manifestations, treatment ; Spina Bifida – management and treatment, Epilepsies – types, diagnosis and treatment; Recognizing developmental delay, common causes of delay ; Orthopedic and Neuromuscular disorders in childhood, clinical features and management ; Sensory disorders – problems resulting from loss of vision and hearing ; Learning and behavioural problems – Hyperactivity, Autism, Challenging behaviours, Educational delay, The Clumsy Child. **[8 Hours]**

11. Psychiatric Disorders: Classifications, Causes, Clinical manifestations and treatment methods used in Psychiatry. **[5 Hours]**

Recommended books:

1. Davidson's Principles and Practice of Medicine
2. Harrison's Internal Medicine
3. Braunwald Text of Cardiology
4. Text Book of Cardiology by Hurst

YEAR : III YEAR
COURSE CODE : 17PT302
TITLE OF THE COURSE : GENERAL SURGERY

COURSE OBJECTIVES

THIS COURSE INTENDS TO FAMILIARIZE STUDENTS WITH PRINCIPLES OF GENERAL SURGERY INCLUDING VARIOUS SPECIALTIES LIKE CARDIOVASCULAR, THORACIC, NEUROLOGY AND PLASTIC SURGERY. IT ALSO FAMILIARIZES THE STUDENTS WITH TERMINOLOGY AND ABBREVIATIONS FOR EFFICIENT AND EFFECTIVE CHART REVIEWING AND DOCUMENTATION. IT EXPLORES VARIOUS CONDITIONS NEEDING ATTENTION, FOCUSING ON EPIDEMIOLOGY, PATHOLOGY, AS WELL AS PRIMARY AND SECONDARY CLINICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND THEIR SURGICAL AND MEDICAL MANAGEMENT.

COURSE OUTCOMES

AT THE END OF THE COURSE, THE CANDIDATE WILL BE ABLE TO:

1. DESCRIBE THE EFFECTS OF SURGICAL TRAUMA & ANAESTHESIA IN GENERAL
2. CLINICALLY EVALUATE & DESCRIBE THE SURGICAL MANAGEMENT IN BRIEF .
3. DESCRIBE PRE-OPERATIVE EVALUATION, SURGICAL INDICATIONS IN VARIOUS SURGICAL APPROACHES, MANAGEMENT AND POST OPERATIVE CARE IN ABOVE MENTIONED AREAS WITH POSSIBLE COMPLICATIONS.
4. BE ABLE TO READ & INTERPRET FINDINGS OF THE RELEVANT INVESTIGATIONS

UNIT I

1. Fluid, Electrolyte and Acid-Base disturbances – diagnosis and management ; Nutrition in the surgical patient ; Wound healing – basic process involved in wound repair, basic phases in the healing process, clinical management of wounds, factors affecting wound healing, Scars – types and treatment. Hemostasis – components, hemostatic disorders, factors affecting bleeding during surgery. Transfusion therapy in surgery – blood components, complications of transfusion ; Surgical Infections ; General Post – Operative Complications and its management [6 Hours]

2. Reasons for Surgery ; Types of anaesthesia and its effects on the patient ; Types of Incisions ; Clips Ligatures and Sutures ; General Thoracic Procedures – Radiologic Diagnostic procedures, Endoscopy – types, Biopsy – uses and types. Overview and Drainage systems and tubes used in Surgery.[3 Hours]

3. Causes, Clinical Presentation, Diagnosis and treatment of the following Thoracic Trauma situations – Airway obstruction, Pneumothorax, Hemothorax, Cardiac Tamponade,

Tracheobronchial disruption, Aortic disruption, Diaphragmatic disruption, Esophageal disruption, Cardiac and Pulmonary Contusions. **[4 Hours]**

4. Surgical Oncology – Cancer – definition, types, clinical manifestations of cancer, Staging of Cancer, surgical procedures involved in the management of cancer. **[3 Hours]**

UNIT II

5. Disorders of the Chest Wall, Lung and Mediastinum – Definition, Clinical features, diagnosis and choice of management for the following disorders – chest wall deformities, chest wall tumors, Spontaneous Pneumothorax, Pleural Effusion, Empyema Thoracis, Lung abscess, Bronchiectasis, Tuberculosis, Bronchogenic Carcinoma, Bronchial Adenomas, Metastatic tumors of the Lung, tracheal Stenosis, Congenital tracheomalacia, Neoplasms of the trachea, Lesions of the Mediastinum. Carcinoma of the female breast. **[5 Hours]**

6. Disorders of the Heart – Definition, Clinical features, diagnosis and choice of management for the following disorders : Congenital Heart diseases – Acyanotic congenital heart disease & Cyanotic congenital heart disease : Patent Ductus Arteriosus, Coarctation of Aorta, Atrial Septal Defect, Ventricular Septal Defect, Tetralogy of Fallot, Transposition of Great Vessels ; Acquired Heart Disease – Mitral Stenosis & Insufficiency, Aortic Stenosis and Insufficiency, Ischemic Heart Disease – Coronary Artery Disease, Cardiac tumors. **[6 Hours]**

7. Thoracic surgeries – Thoracotomy – Definition, Types of Incisions with emphasis to the site of incision, muscles cut and complications. Lung surgeries : Pneumonectomy, Lobectomy, segmentectomy – Indications, Physiological changes and Complications ; Thoracoplasty, Pleurectomy, Pleurodesis and Decortication of the Lung. Cardiac surgeries – An overview of the Cardio-Pulmonary Bypass Machine – Extracardiac Operations, Closed Heart surgery, Open Heart surgery. Transplant Surgery – Heart, Lung and Kidney – Indications, Physiological changes and Complications. **[6 Hours]**

8. Diseases of the Arteries and Veins : Definition, Etiology, Clinical features, signs and symptoms, complications, management and treatment of following diseases : Arteriosclerosis, Atherosclerosis, Aneurysm, Buerger's disease, Raynaud's Disease, Thrombophlebitis, Deep Vein Thrombosis, Pulmonary Embolism, Varicose Veins. **[5 Hours]**

UNIT III

9. Definition, Indication, Incision, Physiological changes and Complications following Common operations like Cholecystectomy, Colostomy, Ileostomy, Gastrectomy, Hernias, Appendectomy Mastectomy, Nephrectomy, Prostatectomy. **[4 Hours]**

10. Burn: Definition, Classification, Causes, Prevention, Pathological changes, Complications, Clinical Features and Management. Skin Grafts – Types, Grafting Procedures, Survival of Skin Graft ; Flaps – Types and uses of Flaps. **[4 Hours]**

11. WomensHealth : Menstrual cycle and its disorders. Hormonal disorders of females- obesity and female hormones. Cancer of the female reproductive organs- management Infections and sexually transmitted disease in female Menopause - its effects on emotions and musculoskeletal system. Malnutrition and deficiencies in females. Sterility- pathophysiology- investigations- management. Maternal physiology in pregnancy. Musculo skeletal disorders during pregnancy. Prenatal complications- investigations- management. Child birth- Stages - complications- investigations- management – Pain relief in labour - Purperium - Post Natal care. Surgical procedures involving child birth. Incontinence – Types, Causes, Assessment and Management. Definition, Indications and Management of the following surgical procedures – Hysterosalphyngography, Dilatation and Curettage, Laproscopy, Colposcopy, Hysterectomy. **[8 Hours]**

12. ENT: Common problems of ear, otitis media, Otosclerosis, functional achonia and deafness, management facial palsy classification, medical and surgical management of lower motor neuron type of facial palsy. **[3 Hours]**

13. Ophthalmology: Ophthalmologic surgical conditions, refraction's, conjunctivitis, glaucoma, corneal ulcer, iritis, cataract, retinitis, detachment of retina, defects of extra-ocular muscles- surgical management **[3 Hours]**

Recommended books:

1. General Surgical Operations – by Kirk / Williamson
2. Surgery by Nan 3. Bailey and Love's – Short Practice of Surgery
4. Chest Disease by Crofton and Douglas.
5. Patrica A Downie, Text book of Heart, Chest Vascular Disease for physiotherapists, JP Bros.

YEAR : III YEAR
COURSE CODE : 17PT303
TITLE OF THE COURSE : ORTHOPEDICS & TRAUMATOLOGY

COURSE OBJECTIVES

INTRODUCE THE STUDENT TO THE ORTHOPEDIC CONDITIONS WHICH COMMONLY CAUSE DISABILITY. PARTICULAR EFFORT IS MADE IN THIS COURSE TO FACILITATE THE UNDERSTANDING OF STUDENT WITH ANY DETAILS PERTAINING TO DIAGNOSIS WHICH WILL CONTRIBUTE TO THEIR UNDERSTANDING OF THE LIMITATIONS IMPOSED BY ORTHOPEDIC PATHOLOGY ON THE FUNCTIONING OF THE INDIVIDUAL

COURSE OUTCOMES

THE EXPECTED OUTCOMES OF THIS COURSE IS THAT AFTER THE PRESCRIBED HOURS OF LECTURES AND DEMONSTRATIONS IN ADDITION TO CLINICS THE STUDENT WILL BE ABLE TO DEMONSTRATE AN UNDERSTANDING OF ORTHOPEDIC CONDITIONS CAUSING DISABILITY AND THEIR MANAGEMENT

UNIT I : 21 HRS

1. Introduction to orthopaedics. Clinical examination in an Orthopedic patient. Common investigative procedures. Radiological and Imaging techniques in Orthopaedics. Inflammation and repair, Soft tissue healing. [3 Hours]
2. Traumatology Fracture: definition, types, signs and symptoms. Fracture healing. Complications of fractures. Conservative and surgical approaches. Principles of management – reduction (open/closed, immobilization etc). Subluxation/ dislocations – definition, signs and symptoms, management (conservative and operative). [3 Hours]
3. Fractures and Dislocations of Upper Limb Fractures of Upper Limb - causes, clinical features, mechanism of injury, complications, conservative and surgical management of the following fractures: Fractures of clavicle and scapula. Fractures of greater tuberosity and neck of humerus. Fracture shaft of humerus. Supracondylar fracture of humerus. Fractures of capitulum, radial head, olecranon, coronoid, and epicondyles. Side swipe injury of elbow. Both bone fractures of ulna and radius. Fracture of forearm – Monteggia, Galeazzi fracture – dislocation. Chauffeur's fracture. Colle's fracture. Smith's fracture. Scaphoid fracture. Fracture of the metacarpals. Bennett's fracture. Fracture of the phalanges. (Proximal and middle.) Dislocations of Upper Limb - Anterior dislocation of shoulder – mechanism of injury, clinical feature, complications, conservative management (Kocher's and Hippocrates

maneuver), surgical management (putti plat, bankart's) etc. Recurrent dislocation of shoulder. Posterior dislocation of shoulder – mechanism of injury, clinical features and management. Posterior dislocation of elbow- mechanism of injury, clinical feature, complications & management. **[6 Hours]**

4. Fracture of Spine Fracture of Cervical Spine - Mechanism of injury, clinical feature complications (quadriplegia); Management- immobilization (collar, cast, brace, traction); Management for stabilization, management of complication (bladder and bowel, quadriplegia). Clay shoveller's fracture. Hangman's fracture. Fracture odontoid. Fracture of atlas. Fracture of Thoracic and Lumbar Regions - Mechanism of injury, clinical features, management —conservative and surgical of common fractures around thoracic and lumbar regions. Fracture of coccyx. Fracture of Rib Cage - Mechanism of injury, clinical features, management for Fracture Ribs, Fracture of sternum. **[4 Hours]**
5. Fractures and Dislocations of Lower Limb Fracture of Pelvis and Lower Limb - causes, clinical features, mechanism of injury, complications, conservative and surgical management of the following fractures: Fracture of pelvis. Fracture neck of femur – classification, clinical features, complications, management - conservative and surgical. Fractures of trochanters. Fracture shaft femur—clinical features, mechanism of injury, complications, management-conservative and surgical. Supracondylar fracture of femur. Fractures of the condyles of femur. Fracture patella. Fractures of tibial condyles. Both bones fracture of tibia and fibula. Dupuytren's fracture Maisonneuve's fracture. Pott's fracture – mechanism of injury, management. Bimalleolar fracture Trimalleolar fracture Fracture calcaneum – mechanism of injury, complications and management. Fracture of talus. Fracture of metatarsals—stress fractures jone's fracture. Fracture of phalanges. Dislocations of Lower Limb - mechanism of injury, clinical features, complications, management of the following dislocations of lower limb. Anterior dislocation of hip. Posterior dislocation of hip. Central dislocation of hip. Dislocation of patella. Recurrent dislocation of patella. **[5 Hours]**

UNIT II : 19HRS

6. Soft Tissue Injuries - Define terms such as sprains, strains, contusion, tendinitis, rupture, tenosynovitis, tendinosis, bursitis. Mechanism of injury of each, clinical features, managements- conservative and surgical of the following soft tissue injuries: Meniscal injuries of knee. Cruciate injuries of knee. Medial and lateral collateral injuries of knee. Lateral ligament of ankle. Wrist sprains. Strains- quadriceps, hamstrings, calf, biceps, triceps etc. Contusions- quadriceps, gluteal, calf, deltoid etc. Tendon ruptures-Achilles, rotator cuff muscles, biceps, pectorals etc. **[3 Hours]**
7. Hand Injuries - mechanism of injury, clinical features, and management of the following - Crush injuries. Flexor and extensor injuries. Burn injuries of hand. **[2 Hours]**
8. Amputations - Definition, levels of amputation of both lower and upper limbs, indications, complications. **[2 Hours]**

9. Traumatic Spinal Cord Injuries - Clinical features, complications, medical and surgical management of Paraplegia and Quadriplegia. **[2 Hours]**
10. Deformities - clinical features, complications, medical and surgical management of the following Congenital and Acquired deformities. Congenital Deformities - CTEV. CDH. Torticollis. Scoliosis. Flat foot. Vertical talus. Hand anomalies- syndactyly, polydactyly and ectrodactyly. Arthrogryposis multiplex congenita (amyoplasia congenita). Limb deficiencies- Amelia and Phocomelia. Klippel-Feil syndrome. Osteogenesis imperfecta (fragile ossium). Cervical rib. Acquired Deformities - Acquired Torticollis. Scoliosis. Kyphosis. Lordosis. Genu varum. Genu valgum. Genu recurvatum. Coxa vara. Pes cavus. Hallux rigidus. Hallux valgus. Hammer toe. Metatarsalgia. **[6 Hours]**
11. Disease of Bones and Joints: Causes, Clinical features, Complications, Management- medical and surgical of the following conditions : Infective conditions: Osteomyelitis (Acute / chronic). Brodie's abscess. TB spine and major joints like shoulder, hip, knee, ankle, elbow etc. Arthritic conditions: Pyogenic arthritis. Septic arthritis. Syphilitic infection of joints. Bone Tumors: classification, clinical features, management - medical and surgical of the following tumors : Osteoma. Osteosarcoma, Osteochondroma. Enchondroma. Ewing's sarcoma. Giant cell tumor. Multiple myeloma. Metastatic tumors. Perthes disease, Slipped Capital Femoral Epiphysis and Avascular Necrosis. Metabolic Bone Diseases: Rickets. Osteomalacia, Osteopenia. Osteoporosis. **[4 Hours]**

UNIT III: 20HRS

12. **Inflammatory and Degenerative Conditions [4 Hours]:** causes, clinical feature, complications, deformities, radiological features, management- conservative and surgical for the following conditions : Osteoarthritis. Rheumatoid arthritis. Ankylosing spondylitis. Gouty arthritis. Psoriatic arthritis. Hemophilic arthritis. Still's disease (juvenile rheumatoid arthritis). Charcot's joints. Connective Tissue Disorders- Systemic Lupus Erythematosus, Scleroderma, Dermatomyositis, Poliomyelitis, Mixed connective tissue Disease (MCTD)
13. **Syndromes [3 Hours]:** Causes, Clinical features, complications, management- conservative and surgical of the following : Cervico brachial syndrome. Thoracic outlet syndrome. Vertebro- basilar syndrome. Scalenus syndrome. Costo clavicular syndrome. Levator scapulae syndrome. Piriformis syndrome.
14. **Neuromuscular Disorders [3 hours]:** Definition, causes, clinical feature, complications, management. (Multidisciplinary approach) medical and surgical of the following conditions : Cerebral palsy. Poliomyelitis. Spinal Dysraphism. Leprosy.
15. **Cervical and Lumbar Pathology [3 Hours]:** Causes, clinical feature, pathophysiology, investigations, management- Medical and surgical for the following : Prolapsed intervertebral disc (PID), Spinal Canal Stenosis. Spondylosis (cervical and lumbar) Spondylolysis. Spondylolisthesis. Lumbago/ Lumbosacral strain. Sacralisation. Lumbarisation. Coccydynia. Hemivertebra.
16. **Orthopedic Surgeries [3 Hours]:** Indications, Classification, Types, Principles of management of the following Surgeries : Arthrodesis. Arthroplasty (partial and total

replacement). Osteotomy , External fixators. Spinal stabilization surgeries(Harrington's, Luque's, Steffi plating) etc , Limb re-attachments.

17. Regional Conditions [4 Hours]: Definition, Clinical features and management of the following regional conditions

Shoulder: Periarthritic shoulder (adhesive capsulitis). Rotator cuff tendinitis. Supraspinatus Tendinitis. Infrapinatus Tendinitis. Bicipital Tendinitis.Subacromial Bursitis. Elbow: Tennis Elbow. Golfer's Elbow. Olecranon Bursitis (student's elbow). Triceps Tendinitis. Wrist and Hand: De Quervain's Tenosynovitis. Ganglion. Trigger Finger/ Thumb. Mallet Finger, Carpal Tunnel Syndrome, Dupuytren's Contracture. Pelvis and Hip : IT Band Syndrome. Piriformis Syndrome. Trochanteric Bursitis. Knee: Osteochondritis Dissecans. Prepatellar and Suprapatellar Bursitis.Popliteal Tendinitis. Patellar Tendinitis. Chondromalacia Patella.Plica Syndrome. Fat Pad Syndrome (Hoffa's syndrome). Ankle and Foot: Ankle Sprains. Plantar Fasciitis / Calcaneal Spur.Tarsal Tunnel Syndrome.Achilles Tendinitis.Metatarsalgia.Morton's Neuroma.

Books Recommended:

1. Outline of Fractures—John Crawford Adams.
2. Outline of Orthopedics.— John Crawford Adams.
3. Text book of Orthopedics.—Maheswari.
4. Apley'sOrthopedics.
5. Textbook of Orthopedics and Traumatology— M.N.Natarajan

YEAR : III YEAR
COURSE CODE : 17PT304
TITLE OF THE COURSE : MUSCULOSKELETAL & SPORTS PHYSIOTHERAPY

COURSE OBJECTIVES

THIS COURSE SERVES TO INTEGRATE THE KNOWLEDGE GAINED BY THE STUDENTS IN CLINICAL ORTHOPEDICS WITH THE SKILLS GAINED IN EXERCISE THERAPY, ELECTRO THERAPY AND MASSAGE, THUS ENABLING THEM TO APPLY THESE IN CLINICAL SITUATIONS OF DYSFUNCTION DUE TO PATHOLOGY IN THE MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM.

COURSE OUTCOMES

THE EXPECTED OUTCOMES OF THIS COURSE FOLLOWING THE PRESCRIBED HOURS OF LECTURES AND DEMONSTRATIONS, PRACTICAL AND CLINICAL, THE STUDENT WILL BE ABLE TO IDENTIFY DISABILITY DUE TO MUSCULOSKELETAL DYSFUNCTION. SET TREATMENT GOALS AND APPLY THEIR SKILLS IN EXERCISE THERAPY, ELECTRO THERAPY AND MASSAGE IN CLINICAL SITUATION TO RESTORE MUSCULO SKELETAL FUNCTION.

UNIT I

1. Introduction to orthopaedics. Clinical examination in an Orthopedic patient. Common investigative procedures. Radiological and Imaging techniques in Orthopaedics. Inflammation and repair, Soft tissue healing. **[3 Hours]**
2. Traumatology Fracture: definition, types, signs and symptoms. Fracture healing. Complications of fractures. Conservative and surgical approaches. Principles of management – reduction (open/closed, immobilization etc). Subluxation/ dislocations – definition, signs and symptoms, management (conservative and operative). **[3 Hours]**
3. Fractures and Dislocations of Upper Limb Fractures of Upper Limb - causes, clinical features, mechanism of injury, complications, conservative and surgical management of the following fractures: Fractures of clavicle and scapula. Fractures of greater tuberosity and neck of humerus. Fracture shaft of humerus. Supracondylar fracture of humerus. Fractures of capitulum, radial head, olecranon, coronoid, and epicondyles. Side swipe injury of elbow. Both bone fractures of ulna and radius. Fracture of forearm – Monteggia, Galeazzi fracture -dislocation. Chauffeur's fracture. Colle's fracture. Smith's fracture. Scaphoid fracture. Fracture of the metacarpals. Bennett's fracture. Fracture of the phalanges. (Proximal and middle.) Dislocations of Upper Limb - Anterior dislocation of shoulder – mechanism of injury, clinical feature, complications, conservative management (Kocher's and Hippocrates maneuver), surgical management (Putti Plat, Bankart's) etc. Recurrent dislocation of shoulder. Posterior dislocation of shoulder – mechanism of injury, clinical features

and management. Posterior dislocation of elbow- mechanism of injury, clinical feature, complications & management. **[6 Hours]**

4. Fracture of Spine Fracture of Cervical Spine - Mechanism of injury, clinical feature complications (quadriplegia); Management- immobilization (collar, cast, brace, traction); Management for stabilization, management of complication (bladder and bowel, quadriplegia). Clay shoveller's fracture. Hangman's fracture. Fracture odontoid. Fracture of atlas. Fracture of Thoracic and Lumbar Regions - Mechanism of injury, clinical features, management —conservative and surgical of common fractures around thoracic and lumbar regions. Fracture of coccyx. Fracture of Rib Cage - Mechanism of injury, clinical features, management for Fracture Ribs, Fracture of sternum. **[4 Hours]**
5. Fractures and Dislocations of Lower Limb Fracture of Pelvis and Lower Limb - causes, clinical features, mechanism of injury, complications, conservative and surgical management of the following fractures: Fracture of pelvis. Fracture neck of femur – classification, clinical features, complications, management - conservative and surgical. Fractures of trochanters. Fracture shaft femur—clinical features, mechanism of injury, complications, management-conservative and surgical. Supracondylar fracture of femur. Fractures of the condyles of femur. Fracture patella. Fractures of tibial condyles. Both bones fracture of tibia and fibula. Dupuytren's fracture Maisonneuve's fracture. Pott's fracture – mechanism of injury, management. Bimalleolar fracture Trimalleolar fracture Fracture calcaneum – mechanism of injury, complications and management. Fracture of talus. Fracture of metatarsals—stress fractures jone's fracture. Fracture of phalanges. Dislocations of Lower Limb - mechanism of injury, clinical features, complications, management of the following dislocations of lower limb. Anterior dislocation of hip. Posterior dislocation of hip. Central dislocation of hip. Dislocation of patella. Recurrent dislocation of patella. **[5 Hours]**

UNIT II

6. Soft Tissue Injuries - Define terms such as sprains, strains, contusion, tendinitis, rupture, tenosynovitis, tendinosis, bursitis. Mechanism of injury of each, clinical features, managements- conservative and surgical of the following soft tissue injuries: Meniscal injuries of knee. Cruciate injuries of knee. Medial and lateral collateral injuries of knee. Lateral ligament of ankle. Wrist sprains. Strains- quadriceps, hamstrings, calf, biceps, triceps etc. Contusions- quadriceps, gluteal, calf, deltoid etc. Tendon ruptures-Achilles, rotator cuff muscles, biceps, pectorals etc. **[3 Hours]**
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9. Traumatic Spinal Cord Injuries - Clinical features, complications, medical and surgical management of Paraplegia and Quadriplegia. **[2 Hours]**

- 10. Deformities** - clinical features, complications, medical and surgical management of the following Congenital and Acquired deformities. Congenital Deformities - CTEV. CDH. Torticollis. Scoliosis. Flat foot. Vertical talus. Hand anomalies- syndactyly, polydactyly and ectrodactyly. Arthrogryposis multiplex congenita (amyoplasia congenita). Limb deficiencies- Amelia and Phocomelia. Klippel-Feil syndrome. Osteogenesis imperfecta (fragile ossium). Cervical rib. Acquired Deformities - Acquired Torticollis. Scoliosis. Kyphosis. Lordosis. Genu varum. Genu valgum. Genu recurvatum Coxa vara. Pes cavus. Hallux rigidus. Hallux valgus. Hammer toe. Metatarsalgia. **[6 Hours]**
- 11. Disease of Bones and Joints:** Causes, Clinical features, Complications, Management- medical and surgical of the following conditions : Infective conditions: Osteomyelitis (Acute / chronic). Brodie's abscess. TB spine and major joints like shoulder, hip, knee, ankle, elbow etc. Arthritic conditions: Pyogenic arthritis. Septic arthritis. Syphilitic infection of joints. Bone Tumors: classification, clinical features, management - medical and surgical of the following tumors : Osteoma. Osteosarcoma, Osteochondroma. Enchondroma. Ewing's sarcoma. Giant cell tumor. Multiple myeloma. Metastatic tumors. Perthes disease, Slipped Capital Femoral Epiphysis and Avascular Necrosis. Metabolic Bone Diseases: Rickets. Osteomalacia, Osteopenia. Osteoporosis. **[4 Hours]**

UNIT III

- 12. Inflammatory and Degenerative Conditions [4 Hours]:** causes, clinical feature, complications, deformities, radiological features, management- conservative and surgical for the following conditions : Osteoarthritis. Rheumatoid arthritis. Ankylosing spondylitis Gouty arthritis. Psoriatic arthritis. Hemophilic arthritis. Still's disease (juvenile rheumatoid arthritis). Charcot's joints. Connective Tissue Disorders- Systemic Lupus Erythematosus, Scleroderma, Dermatomyositis, Poliomyelitis, Mixed connective tissue Disease (MCTD)
- 13. Syndromes [3 Hours]:** Causes, Clinical features, complications, management- conservative and surgical of the following : Cervico brachial syndrome. Thoracic outlet syndrome. Vertebro- basilar syndrome. Scalenus syndrome. Costo clavicular syndrome. Levator scapulae syndrome. Piriformis syndrome.
- 14. Neuromuscular Disorders [3 hours]:** Definition, causes, clinical feature, complications, management. (Multidisciplinary approach) medical and surgical of the following conditions : Cerebral palsy. Poliomyelitis. Spinal Dysraphism. Leprosy.
- 15. Cervical and Lumbar Pathology [3 Hours]:** Causes, clinical feature, pathophysiology, investigations, management- Medical and surgical for the following : Prolapsed intervertebral disc (PID), Spinal Canal Stenosis. Spondylosis (cervical and lumbar) Spondylolysis. Spondylolisthesis. Lumbago/ Lumbosacral strain. Sacralisation. Lumbarisation. Coccydynia. Hemivertebra.
- 16. Orthopedic Surgeries [3 Hours]:** Indications, Classification, Types, Principles of management of the following Surgeries : Arthrodesis. Arthroplasty (partial and total replacement). Osteotomy , External fixators. Spinal stabilization surgeries (Harrington's, Luque's, Steffi plating) etc , Limb re-attachments.

17. Regional Conditions [4 Hours]: Definition, Clinical features and management of the following regional conditions

Shoulder: Periarthritic shoulder (adhesive capsulitis). Rotator cuff tendinitis. Supraspinatus Tendinitis. Infraspinatus Tendinitis. Bicipital Tendinitis. Subacromial Bursitis. Elbow: Tennis Elbow. Golfer's Elbow. Olecranon Bursitis (student's elbow). Triceps Tendinitis. Wrist and Hand: De Quervain's Tenosynovitis. Ganglion. Trigger Finger/ Thumb. Mallet Finger, Carpal Tunnel Syndrome, Dupuytren's Contracture. Pelvis and Hip : IT Band Syndrome. Piriformis Syndrome. Trochanteric Bursitis. Knee: Osteochondritis Dissecans. Prepatellar and Suprapatellar Bursitis. Popliteal Tendinitis. Patellar Tendinitis. Chondromalacia Patella. Plica Syndrome. Fat Pad Syndrome (Hoffa's syndrome). Ankle and Foot: Ankle Sprains. Plantar Fasciitis / Calcaneal Spur. Tarsal Tunnel Syndrome. Achilles Tendinitis. Metatarsalgia. Morton's Neuroma.

Books Recommended:

1. Outline of Fractures—John Crawford Adams.
2. Outline of Orthopedics.— John Crawford Adams.
3. Text book of Orthopedics.—Maheswari.
4. Apley's Orthopedics.
5. Textbook of Orthopedics and Traumatology— M.N.Natarajan

YEAR : III YEAR
COURSE CODE : 17PT305
TITLE OF THE COURSE : CARDIO-RESPIRATORY & GENERAL PHYSIOTHERAPY

COURSE OBJECTIVES

THIS COURSE SERVES TO INTEGRATE THE KNOWLEDGE GAINED BY THE STUDENTS IN CLINICAL CARDIORESPIRATORY CONDITIONS WITH THE SKILLS GAINED IN EXERCISE THERAPY, ELECTRO THERAPY AND MASSAGE, THUS ENABLING THEM TO APPLY THESE IN CLINICAL SITUATIONS OF DYSFUNCTION DUE TO PATHOLOGY IN THE CARDIO-RESPIRATORY PATHOLOGY.

COURSE OUTCOMES

THE EXPECTED OUTCOMES OF THIS COURSE FOLLOWING THE PRESCRIBED HOURS OF LECTURES AND DEMONSTRATIONS, PRACTICAL AND CLINICAL, THE STUDENT WILL BE ABLE TO IDENTIFY DISABILITY DUE TO CARDIO-RESPIRATORY DYSFUNCTION. SET TREATMENT GOALS AND APPLY THEIR SKILLS IN EXERCISE THERAPY, ELECTRO THERAPY AND OTHER PERTAINING SUBJECT AREAS IN CLINICAL SITUATION TO RESTORE CARDIO-RESPIRATORY FUNCTION.

UNIT I

1. Anatomical and Physiological differences between the Adult and Pediatric lung [**1 Hour**]
2. **Bedside assessment of the patient-Adult & Pediatric [5 Hours]**
3. Investigations and tests – Exercise tolerance Testing – Cardiac & Pulmonary, Radiographs, PFT, ABG, ECG, Hematological and Biochemical Tests [**6 Hours**]
4. **Physiotherapy techniques to increase lung volume – controlled mobilization, positioning, breathing exercises, Neurophysiological Facilitation of Respiration, Mechanical aids - Incentive Spirometry, CPAP, IPPB [3 Hours]**
5. **Physiotherapy techniques to decrease the work of breathing – Measures to optimize the balance between energy supply and demand, positioning, Breathing re-education – Breathing control techniques, mechanical aids – IPPB, CPAP, BiPAP [3 Hours]**
6. **Physiotherapy techniques to clear secretions – Hydration, Humidification & Nebulisation, Mobilisation and Breathing exercises, Postural Drainage, Manual techniques – Percussion, Vibration and Shaking, Rib Springing, ACBT, Autogenic Drainage, Mechanical Aids – PEP, Flutter, IPPB, Facilitation of Cough and Huff, Nasopharyngeal Suctioning [3 Hours]**
7. Drug therapy – Drugs to prevent and treat inflammation, Drugs to treat Bronchospasm, Drugs to treat Breathlessness, Drugs to help sputum clearance, Drugs

to inhibit coughing, Drugs to improve ventilation, Drugs to reduce pulmonary hypertension, Drug delivery doses, Inhalers and Nebulisers. **[1 Hour]**

8. Management of wound ulcers- Care of ulcers and wounds - Care of surgical scars- U.V.R and other electro therapeutics for healing of wounds, prevention of Hypergranulated Scars Keoloids, Electrotherapeutics measures for relief of pain during mobilization of scars tissues. **[2 Hours]**
9. Physiotherapy in dermatology -Documentation of assessment, treatment and follow up skin conditions. U.V.R therapy in various skin conditions; Vitiligo; Hair loss; Pigmentation; Infected wounds ulcers. Faradic foot bath for Hyperhydrosis. Massage maneuvers for cosmetic purpose of skin; use of specific oil as medium; Care of anesthetic hand and foot; Evaluation, planning and management of leprosy- prescription, fitting and training with prosthetic and orthotic devices **[2 Hours]**
10. Neonatal and Pediatric Physiotherapy – Chest physiotherapy for children, The neonatal unit, Modifications of chest physiotherapy for specific neonatal disorders, Emergencies in the neonatal unit **[3 Hours]**
11. Physiotherapy in Obstructive lung conditions **[2 Hours]**

UNIT II

12. Physiotherapy in Restrictive lung conditions **[2 hours]**
13. Management of breathlessness **[2 hours]**
14. Pulmonary Rehabilitation **[4 Hours]**
15. Physiotherapy following Lung surgeries **[3 Hours]**
16. Respiratory failure – Oxygen Therapy and Mechanical Ventilation **[4 Hours]**
17. Introduction to ICU : ICU monitoring –Apparatus, Airways and Tubes used in the ICU - Physiotherapy in the ICU – Common conditions in the ICU – Tetanus, Head Injury, Lung Disease, Pulmonary Oedema, Multiple Organ Failure, Neuromuscular Disease, Smoke Inhalation, Poisoning, Aspiration, Near Drowning, ARDS, Shock; Dealing with an Emergency Situation in the ICU **[4 Hours]**
18. Burns management - Role of physiotherapy in the management of burns, post grafted cases- Mobilization and Musculo-skeletal restorative exercises following burns **[3 Hours]**
19. Physiotherapy management following cardiac surgeries **[3 Hours]**
20. Cardiac Rehabilitation **[4 Hours]**
21. Physiotherapy management following PVD **[3 Hours]**

UNIT III

22. Abdominal Surgeries - Management of Pulmonary Restorative Dysfunction following Surgical procedures on Abdomen and Thorax **[3 Hours]**
23. Management of Amputations following Diabetes, PVD - Prosthesis in amputations of lower limbs following ulcers and gangrenes **[3 Hours]**
24. Physiotherapy intervention in the management of Medical, Surgical and Radiation Oncology Cases **[3 Hours]**

25. Home program and education of family members in patient care **[2 Hours]**
26. Physiotherapy in Obstetrics – Antenatal Care, Antenatal Education, Postnatal Care. Electrotherapy and Exercise Therapy measures for the re-education of Ano-Urethral sphincters. **[3 Hours]**
27. Treatment, Response to exercise and Implications of Physiotherapy in the following disease conditions: Hypertension, Diabetes, Renal Failure and Obesity. **[5 Hours]**
28. Health Fitness and Promotion : Fitness Evaluation, Analysis of Body composition, Evaluation and prescription of Exercise, Factors affecting exercise Performance, Exercise Prescription for Specific groups : Elderly, Women and Children. **[5 Hours]**
29. Applied Yoga in Cardio-respiratory conditions **[3 Hours]**

Recommended books:

1. Tidy's physiotherapy.
2. Cash's Text Book of Chest, Heart, Vascular Disorders for Physiotherapists.
3. The Brompton Guide to chest physiotherapy DU Gasket [Completed]
4. Physical Rehabilitation Assessment and Treatment – O'Sullivan Schmitz
5. Elements in Pediatric Physiotherapy – Pamela M Eckersley
6. Essentials of Cardio Pulmonary Physical Therapy by Hillegass and Sadowsky
7. Cardio pulmonary Symptoms in physical Therapy practice Cohen and Michel
8. Chest Physiotherapy in Intensive Care Unit by Mackenzi
9. Cash's Text book of General Medicine and Surgical conditions for Physiotherapists.
10. Physiotherapy in Psychiatry
11. Physical Therapy for the Cancer patient by M.C Garvey
12. Physiotherapy in Obstetrics and Gynecology by Polden

YEAR : III YEAR
COURSE CODE : 17PT371
**TITLE OF THE COURSE : MUSCULOSKELETAL & SPORTS PHYSIOTHERAPY-
PRACTICAL**

Practical: 60 Hours

Practical shall be conducted for all the relevant topics discussed in theory in the following forms:

1. Bedside case presentations and case discussions

2. Lab sessions consisting of evaluation and assessment methods on student models, treatment techniques and practice sessions.

Recommended books:

1. Tidy's physiotherapy.
2. Textbook of orthopedics- Cash.
3. Clinical orthopedic rehabilitation- Brotzman.
4. Orthopedic physiotherapy - Jayant Joshi.
5. Physical Rehabilitation Assessment and Treatment – O'Sullivan Schmitz
6. Sports physiotherapy- Maria Zuluaga

YEAR : III YEAR
COURSE CODE : 17PT372
TITLE OF THE COURSE : CARDIO-RESPIRATORY & GENERAL PHYSIOTHERAPY - PRACTICALS

Practical: 60 Hours

Practical shall be conducted for all the relevant topics discussed in theory in the following forms:

1. Bedside case presentations and case discussions
2. Lab sessions consisting of evaluation and assessment methods on student models, treatment techniques and practice sessions.

YEAR : IV YEAR
COURSE CODE : 17PT401
TITLE OF THE COURSE : NEUROLOGY & NEUROSURGERY

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1. The objective of this course is that after 60 hours of lectures and demonstration the student will be able to demonstrate an understanding of Neurological conditions causing disability and their management. Particular effort is made in this course to avoid burdening the student with any detail pertaining to diagnosis which will not contribute to their understanding of the limitations imposed by neuropathology on the functioning of the individual.

2. The objective of this course is that after 60 hrs of lectures and discussion the student will be able to list the etiology, pathology, clinical features and treatment methods for various neurological conditions.

1. Disorders of function in the context of Pathophysiology, Anatomy in Neurology and Cortical Mapping. [1 hour]
2. Classification of neurological involvement depending on level of lesion. [1 hour]
3. Neurological assessment: Principles of clinical diagnosis, higher mental function, assessment of brain & spinal cord function, evaluation of cranial nerves and evaluation of autonomic nervous system. [3 hours]
4. Investigations: principles, methods, views, normal/abnormal values/features, types of following investigative procedures- skull x-ray, CT, MRI, evoked potentials, lumbar puncture, CSF examination, EMG, NCV. [3 hours]
5. Neuro-ophthalmology: Assessment of visual function – acuity, field, colour vision, Pupillary reflex, accommodation reflex, abnormalities of optic disc, disorders of optic nerve, tract, radiation, occipital pole, disorders of higher visual processing, disorders of pupil, disorders of eye movements, central disorders of eye movement. [1 hour]
6. Deafness, vertigo, and imbalance: Physiology of hearing, disorders of hearing, examination & investigations of hearing, tests of vestibular function, vertigo, peripheral vestibular disorders, central vestibular vertigo. [2 hours]
7. Lower cranial nerve paralysis – Etiology, clinical features, investigations, and management of following disorders - lesions in trigeminal nerve, trigeminal neuralgia, trigeminal sensory neuropathy, lesions in facial nerve, facial palsy, bell's

palsy, hemi facial spasm, Glossopharangeal neuralgia, lesions of Vagus nerve, lesions of spinal accessory nerve, lesions of hypoglossal nerve. Dysphagia – swallowing mechanisms, causes of dysphagia, symptoms, examination, and management of dysphagia. [3 hours]

8. Cerebro-vascular diseases: Define stroke, TIA, RIA, stroke in evolution, multi infarct dementia and Lacunar infarct. Classification of stroke – Ischemic, hemorrhagic, venous infarcts. Risk factors, cause of ischemic stroke, causes of hemorrhagic stroke. Classification of hemorrhagic stroke, classification of stroke based on symptoms, stroke syndrome, investigations, differential diagnosis, medical and surgical management. [4 hours]
9. Head injury: Etiology, classification, clinical signs & symptoms, investigations, differential diagnosis, medical management, surgical management and complications. [3 hours]
10. Higher cortical, neuro psychological and neurobehavioral disorders: Causes of blackouts, physiological nature of Epilepsy, classification, clinical features, investigations, medical & surgical management of following disorders – Non-epileptic attacks of childhood, Epilepsy in childhood, Seizures, and Epilepsy syndromes in adult. Classification and clinical features of Dyssomnias, Parasomnias, Dementia, Obsessive-compulsive disorders. Neural basis of consciousness, causes & investigations of Coma, criteria for diagnosis of Brain death. Etiology, pathophysiology, classification, clinical signs & symptoms, investigations, differential diagnosis, management of Perceptual disorders and Speech disorders. [3 hours]
11. Movement disorders: Definition, etiology, risk factors, pathophysiology, classification, clinical signs & symptoms, investigations, differential diagnosis, medical management, surgical management and complications of following disorders – Parkinson's disease, Dystonia, Chorea, Ballism, Athetosis, Tics, Myoclonus and Wilson's disease. [3 hours]
12. Cerebellar and coordination disorders: Etiology, pathophysiology, classification, clinical signs & symptoms, investigations, differential diagnosis, management of Congenital ataxia, Friedreich's ataxia, Ataxia telangiectasia, Metabolic ataxia, Hereditary cerebellar ataxia, Tabes dorsalis and Syphilis. [3 hours]

13. Spinal cord disorders: Functions of tracts, definition, etiology, risk factors, pathophysiology, classification, clinical signs & symptoms, investigations, differential diagnosis, medical management, surgical management and complications of following disorders – Spinal cord injury, Compression by IVD prolapse, Spinal epidural abscess, Transverse myelitis, Viral myelitis, Syringomyelia, Spina bifida, Sub acute combined degeneration of the cord, Hereditary spastic paraplegia, Radiation myelopathy, Progressive encephalomyelitis, Conus medullaris syndrome, Bladder & bowel dysfunction, and Sarcoidosis. [3 hours]
14. Brain tumors and spinal tumors: Classification, clinical features, investigations, medical and surgical management. [3 hours]
15. Infections of brain and spinal cord: Etiology, pathophysiology, classification, clinical signs & Symptoms, investigations, differential diagnosis, medical management, surgical management And complications of following disorders – Meningitis, Encephalitis, Poliomyelitis and Post-Polio syndrome. Complications of systemic infections on nervous system – Septic Encephalopathy, AIDS, Rheumatic fever, Brucellosis, Tetanus, and Pertussis. [2 hours]
16. Motor neuron diseases: - Etiology, pathophysiology, classification, clinical signs & symptoms, Investigations, differential diagnosis, medical management, and complications of following Disorders - Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis, Spinal muscular atrophy, hereditary bulbar palsy, Neuromyotonia and Post-irradiation lumbosacral polyradiculopathy. [2 hours]
17. Multiple sclerosis - Etiology, pathophysiology, classification, clinical signs & symptoms, investigations, differential diagnosis, medical management, and complications. [2 hours]
18. Disorders of neuromuscular junction – Etiology, classification, signs & symptoms, investigations, management, of following disorders Myasthenia gravis, Eaton-Lambert syndrome, and Botulism. [2 hours]
19. Muscle diseases: Classification, investigations, imaging methods, Muscle biopsy, management of muscle diseases, genetic counselling. Classification, etiology, signs & symptoms of following disorders – Muscular dystrophy, Myotonic dystrophy, myopathy, Non-dystrophic myotonia. [3 hours]

20. Polyneuropathy – Classification of Polyneuropathies, Hereditary motor sensory neuropathy, Hereditary sensory and Autonomic neuropathies, Amyloid neuropathy, Acute idiopathic Polyneuropathies. Guillain-Barre syndrome – Causes, clinical features, management of GBS, Chronic Idiopathic Polyneuropathies, diagnosis of polyneuropathy, nerve biopsy. [2 hours]
21. Focal peripheral neuropathy: Clinical diagnosis of focal neuropathy, neurotmesis, Axonotmesis, Neuropraxia. Etiology, risk factors, classification, neurological signs & symptoms, investigations, management, of following disorders – RSD, Nerve tumors, Brachial plexus palsy, Thoracic outlet syndrome, Lumbosacral plexus lesions, Phrenic & Intercostals nerve lesions, Median nerve palsy, Ulnar nerve palsy, Radial nerve palsy, Musculocutaneous nerve palsy, Anterior & Posterior interosseous nerve palsy, Axillary nerve palsy, Long thoracic nerve palsy, Suprascapular nerve palsy, Sciatic nerve palsy, Tibial nerve palsy, Common peroneal nerve palsy, Femoral nerve palsy, Obturator nerve palsy, Pudental nerve palsy. [3 hours]
22. Paediatric neurology: Neural development, Etiology, pathophysiology, classification, clinical signs & symptoms, investigations, differential diagnosis, medical management, surgical management and complications of following disorders - Cerebral palsy, Hydrocephalus, Arnold-chiari malformation, Basilar impression, Klippel-Feil syndrome, Achondroplasia, Cerebral malformations, Autism, Dandy walker syndrome and Down's syndrome. [3 hours]
23. Toxic, metabolic and environmental disorders: Etiology, risk factors, classification, neurological signs & symptoms, investigations, management, of following disorders – Encephalopathy, Alcohol toxicity, Recreational drug abuse, Toxic gases & Asphyxia, Therapeutic & diagnostic agent toxicity, Metal toxicity, Pesticide poisoning, Environmental & physical insults, Plant & Fungal poisoning, Animal poisons, & Complications of organ transplantation. [3 hours]
24. Introduction, Indications and Complications of following Neuro surgeries: Craniotomy, Cranioplasty, Stereotactic surgery, Deep brain stimulation, Burr-hole, Shunting, Laminectomy, Hemilaminectomy, Rhizotomy, Microvascular decompression surgery, Endarterectomy, Embolization, Pituitary surgery, Ablative surgery -

Thalamotomy and Pallidotomy, Coiling of aneurysm, Clipping of aneurysm, and Neural implantation. [2 hours]

Recommended books:

1. Davidson's Principles and Practice of Medicine
2. Textbook of Neurology- Victor Adams
3. Brains Clinical Neurology.
4. Illustrated Neurology & Neurosurgery
5. Brains Diseases of Nervous System

YEAR : IV YEAR
COURSE CODE : 17PT402
TITLE OF THE COURSE : COMMUNITY MEDICINE

This subject follows the basic science subjects to provide the knowledge about conditions the therapist would encounter in their practice in the community. The objective of this course is that after 60 hrs of lectures and discussion the student will be able to demonstrate an understanding of various aspects of health and disease list the methods of health administration, health education and disease preventive measures.

1. Health and Disease: Definitions, Concepts, Dimensions and Indicators of Health, Concept of well-being, Spectrum and Determinants of Health, Concept and natural history of Disease, Concepts of disease control and prevention, Modes of Intervention, Population Medicine, The role of socio-economic and cultural environment in health and disease. [5 hours]
2. Epidemiology, definition and scope. Principles of Epidemiology and Epidemiological methods: Components and Aims, Basic measurements, Methods, Uses of Epidemiology, Infectious disease epidemiology, Dynamics and modes of disease transmission, Host defenses and Immunizing agents, Hazards of Immunization, Disease prevention and control, Disinfection. Screening for Disease: Concept of screening, Aims and Objectives, Uses and types of screening. [7 hours]
3. Epidemiology of communicable disease: Respiratory infections, Intestinal infections, Arthropod- borne infections, Zoonoses, Surface infections, Hospital acquired infections Epidemiology of chronic non-communicable diseases and conditions: Cardio vascular diseases: Coronary heart disease, Hypertension, Stroke, Rheumatic heart disease, Cancer, Diabetes, Obesity, Blindness, Accidents and Injuries. [7 hours]
4. Public health administration- an overview of the health administration set up at Central and state levels. The national health programme-highlighting the role of social, economic and cultural factors in the implementation of the national programmes. Health problems of vulnerable groups- pregnant and lactating women, infants and pre-school children, occupational groups [4 hours]
5. Health programmes in India: Vector borne disease control programme, National leprosy eradication programme, National tuberculosis programme, National AIDS control programme, National programme for control of blindness, Iodine deficiency disorders (IDD) programme, Universal Immunisation programme, Reproductive and child health programme, National cancer control programme, National mental health programme. National diabetes control programme, National family welfare programme, National sanitation and water supply programme, Minimum needs programme [4 hours]

6. Demography and Family Planning: Demographic cycle, Fertility, Family planning-objectives of national family planning programme and family planning methods, A general idea of advantage and disadvantages of the methods. [3 hours]
7. Preventive Medicine in Obstetrics, Paediatrics and Geriatrics: MCH problems, Antenatal, Intranatal and post natal care, Care of children, Child health problems, Rights of child and National policy for children, MCH services and indicators of MCH care, Social welfare programmes for women and children, Preventive medicine and geriatrics. [6 hours]
8. Nutrition and Health: Classification of foods, Nutritional profiles of principal foods, Nutritional problems in public health, Community nutrition programmes [4 hours]
9. Environment and Health: Components of environment, Water and air pollution and public health: Pollution control, Disposal of waste, Medical entomology. [3 hours]
10. Hospital waste management: Sources of hospital waste, Health hazards, Waste management [3 hours]
11. Disaster Management: Natural and man-made disasters, Disaster impact and response, Relief phase, Epidemiologic surveillance and disease control, Nutrition, Rehabilitation, Disaster preparedness [4 hours]
12. Occupational Health: Occupational environment, Occupational hazards, Occupational diseases, Prevention of occupational diseases. Social security and other measures for the protection from occupational hazard accidents and diseases. Details of compensation acts. [4 hours]
13. Mental Health: Characteristics of a mentally healthy person, Types of mental illness, Causes of mental ill health, Prevention, Mental health services, Alcohol and drug dependence. Emphasis on community aspects of mental health. Role of Physiotherapist in mental health problems such as mental retardation. [3 hours]
14. Health Education: Concepts, aims and objectives, Approaches to health education, Models of health education, Contents of health education, Principles of health education, Practice of health education [3 hours]

Recommended books:

1. Textbook of Preventive & Social Medicine, Dr. J E Park

YEAR : IV YEAR
COURSE CODE : 17PT403
TITLE OF THE COURSE : NEURO-PHYSIOTHERAPY

Course Objectives:

At the end of the course, the candidate will –

1) The objective of the course is that after the specified hours of lectures and demonstrations the student will be able to identify disabilities due to neurological dysfunction, plan and set treatment goals and apply the skills gained in exercise therapy and electrotherapy in these clinical situations to restore neurological function.

2) Acquire the knowledge of normal neurodevelopment, with specific reference to locomotion, be able to assess, identify & analyze neuro-motor & psychosomatic dysfunction in terms of alteration in the muscle tone, power, coordination, involuntary movements sensations/perception etc, E.M.G. / N.C. Studies & arrive at functional diagnosis with clinical reasoning.

3) Acquire the skill of application of P.N.F. technique on patients., Be able to plan, prescribe & execute short term & long term treatment, with special reference to relief of Neuropathic & psycho-somatic pain, mat exercises, functional re-education, gait training, postural & functional training for A.D.L., ergonomic advise, & parents education in neuro- pediatric care, Be able to prescribe appropriate Orthosis / splints & will be able to fabricate temporary protective & functional splints.

1. Neurological Assessment: Required materials for examination, Chief complaints, History taking – Present, Past, medical, familial, personal histories, Observation, Palpation, Higher mental function – Consciousness, Orientation, Wakefulness, memory, Speech, Reading, Language, Writing, Calculations, Perception, Left right confusion, Reasoning, and Judgment, Motor Examination – Muscle power, Muscle tone, Spasticity, Flaccidity, Reflexes –Developmental reflexes, deep tendon reflexes, Superficial reflexes, Sensory examination –Superficial, Deep and Cortical sensations, Special tests – Romberg’s, Kernig’s sign, Brudencki sign, Tinels’s sign, Slum test, Lehermitte’s sign, Bells Phenomenon, Gower’s sign, Sun set sign, Battle’s sign, Glabellar tap sign, etc, Balance examination, coordination examination, Gait analysis – Kinetics & Kinematics (Quantitative & Qualitative analysis), Functional Analysis, Assessment tools & Scales – Modified Ashworth scale, Berg balance scale, FIM, Barthel index, Glasgow coma scale, Mini mental state examination, Rancho Los Amigos Scale for Head injury, APGAR score, ASIA scale, Reflex Grading. Differential diagnosis. [10 hours]
2. Neuro physiological Techniques – Concepts, Principles, Techniques, Effects of following Neurophysiological techniques: NDT, PNF, Vojta therapy, Rood’s Sensory motor Approach, Sensory Integration Approach, Brunnstorm movement therapy,

Motor relearning program, Contemporary task oriented approach, Muscle re-education approach and Constraint induced Movement therapy. [14 hours]

3. Paediatric Neurology: Paediatric Examination, Developmental milestones, developmental reflexes, Neuro developmental screening tests. Evaluation & Management - History, Observation, Palpation, Milestone Examination, developmental reflex Examination, Higher mental function, Cranial nerve examination, Motor & Sensory examination, Reflex testing, differential Diagnosis, Balance & Coordination examination, Gait analysis, Functional analysis, List of Problems & Complications, short & Long Term goals, Management of systemic complications, Management of Mechanical Complications, Use of various Neurophysiological approaches & Modalities in Risk babies, Minimum brain damage, Developmental disorders, Cerebral palsy, Autism, Down's syndrome, Hydrocephalus, Chorea, Spina bifida and syringomyelia. [14 hours]
4. Evaluation and Management of Brain and Spinal Cord Disorders : History, Observation, Palpation, Higher mental function, Cranial nerve examination, Motor & Sensory examination, Reflex testing, differential Diagnosis, Balance & Coordination examination, Gait analysis, Functional analysis, List of Problems & Complications, short & Long Term goals, Management of systemic complications, Management of Mechanical Complications, Use of Various Neurophysiological approaches & Modalities in Cerebro vascular Accident, Meningitis, Encephalitis, Head Injury, Brain Tumors, Perceptual disorders, Amyotrophic Lateral sclerosis, and Multiple sclerosis. [10 hours]
5. Evaluation and Management of Cerebellar, Spinal Cord and Muscle Disorders: History, Observation, Palpation, Motor & Sensory examination, Reflex testing, differential Diagnosis, Balance & Coordination examination, Gait analysis, Functional analysis, List of Problems & Complications, short & Long Term goals, Management of systemic complications, Management of Mechanical Complications, Use of various Neurophysiological approaches & Modalities in Ataxia, Sensory Ataxia, Parkinson's disease, Muscular dystrophy (DMD), Myasthenia Gravis, Eaton-Lambert Syndrome, Spinal tumors, Spinal cord injury, Transverse Myelitis, Bladder & Bowel Dysfunction, Spinal muscular atrophies, Poliomyelitis, Post Polio Syndrome [10 hours]
6. Evaluation and Management of Peripheral Nerve Injuries and Disorders : History, Observation, Palpation, Motor & Sensory examination, Reflex testing, differential Diagnosis, Balance & Coordination examination, Gait analysis, Functional analysis, List of Problems & Complications, short & Long Term goals, Management of systemic complications, Management of Mechanical Complications, Use of various Neurophysiological approaches & Modalities in Hereditary motor sensory neuropathy, Guillain-Barre syndrome, Brachial plexus palsy, Thoracic outlet syndrome, Lumbosacral plexus lesions, Phrenic & intercostals nerve lesions, Median nerve palsy, Ulnar nerve palsy, Radial nerve palsy, Musculocutaneous nerve palsy, Anterior & Posterior interosseous nerve palsy, Axillary nerve palsy, Long thoracic

nerve palsy, Suprascapular nerve palsy, sciatic nerve palsy, Tibial nerve palsy, Common peroneal nerve palsy, Femoral nerve palsy, Obturator nerve palsy, and Pudental nerve palsy. [10 hours]

7. Assessment and management of Neurological gaits: Quantitative and Qualitative (Kinetic & Kinematics) analysis, List of Problems, short & Long Term goals, Management of following Neurological Gaits - Hemiplegic gait, Parkinson gait, High step gait, Hyperkinetic gait, Hypokinetic gait, Waddling gait, Scissoring gait, Spastic gait, Choreaform Gait, Diplegic Gait, and Myopathic Gait [10 hours]
8. Pre and Post surgical assessment and treatment following conditions - Spinal disc herniation, Spinal stenosis, Spinal cord trauma, Head trauma, Brain tumors, Tumors of the spine, Spinal cord and peripheral nerves, Cerebral aneurysms, Subarachnoid hemorrhages, epilepsy, Parkinson's disease, Chorea, Hemiballism, Psychiatric disorders, Malformations of the nervous system, Carotid artery stenosis, Arteriovenous malformations, and Spina bifida [9 hours]
9. Electro physiological testing and applications to physiotherapy
10. Applied Yoga in Neurological condition

Recommended books:

- 1) Cash's Text book for physio Therapist in Neurological disorders-Jaypee bros.
- 2) Proprioceptive Neuro muscular Facilitation – by Herman Kabat
- 3) Practical Physical Therapy – Margaret Hollis
- 4) Therapeutic exercise – by O'Sullivan
- 5) "Right in the middle" – by Patricia Davis
- 6) Stroke rehabilitation – by Margaret Johnson
- 7) Neurological Rehabilitation by D Umphred
- 8) Physical Rehabilitation Assessment and Treatment – O'Sullivan Schmitz
- 9) Elements of Pediatric Physiotherapy-Eckersley

YEAR : IV YEAR
COURSE CODE : 17PT404
TITLE OF THE COURSE : COMMUNITY BASED REHABILITATION

Course objective:

The candidate will:

1. Should be able to describe:

The general concepts about health, disease and physical fitness.

Physiology of aging process and its influence on physical fitness.

National policies for the rehabilitation of disabled – role of PT.

The strategies to access prevalence and incidence of various conditions responsible for increasing morbidity in the specific community – role of PT in improving morbidity, expected clinical and functional recovery, reasons for non-compliance in specific community environment solution for the same.

The evaluation of disability and planning for prevention and rehabilitation.

Community Based Rehabilitation in urban and rural set up.

2. Be able to identify with clinical reasoning the prevailing contextual (e.g. environmental and psycho-social cultural factors, causing high risk responsible for various dysfunctions and morbidity related to sedentary life style and specific community like women, children, aged as well as industrial workers and describe planning strategies of interventional policies to combat such problems.

3. Be able to conduct as small project {cross sectional study /survey} to access to the prevalence of specific physical health problem and /or morbidity in specific community – which may be based at the institutional level or in field.

1. Rehabilitation: Definition, types [1 hour]

2. Community: [5 hours]

- Definition of community
- Multiplicity of communities
- The community based approach
- Community entry strategies
- CBR and community Development
- Community initiated versus community oriented programme
- Community participation and mobilization

3. Introduction to Community Based Rehabilitation: [6 hours]

- Definition
- Historical review
- Concept of CBR

- Need for CBR
 - Difference between Institution based and Community based Rehabilitation
 - Objectives of CBR
 - Scope of CBR
 - Members of the CBR team
 - Models of CBR
4. Principles of Community based Rehabilitation: [10 hours]
- W.H.O.'s policies – about rural health care, concept of primary/tertiary health centers – district hospitals etc.
 - Role of P.T. – Principles of a team work of Medical person/P.T./O.T. audiologist/speech therapist/P. & O./ Vocational guide in C.B.R. of physically challenge person
 - Agencies involved in rehabilitation of physical handicapped – Legislation for physically handicapped
 - Concept of multipurpose health worker
 - Role of family members in the rehabilitation of a physically handicapped
5. Planning and management of CBR Programmes: [6 hours]
- CBR Programmed planning and management
 - Ownership and Governance
 - Decentralization and CBR
 - Management of CBR
 - Programmed sustainability
 - Communication and Coordination
 - Community participation
 - Mobilization and awareness
 - CBR programme influence on promoting and developing public policies
6. Disability: [6 hours]
- Definition of Impairment, Handicap and Disability
 - Difference between impairment, handicap and disability
 - Causes of disability
 - Types of disability
 - Prevention of disability
 - Disability in developed countries
 - Disability in developing countries
 - Disability Surveys: Demography
 - Screening : Early detection of disabilities and developmental disorders
 - Prevention of disabilities – types and levels
7. Disability Evaluation: [5 hours]
- Introduction
 - What, Why and How to evaluate
 - Quantitative versus Qualitative data

- Uses of evaluation findings
8. Role of Government in CBR: [5 hours]
 - Laws
 - Policies
 - Programmes
 - Human Rights Policy
 - Present rehabilitation services
 - Legal aspects of rehabilitation
 9. Role of Social work in CBR: [4 hours]
 - Definition of social work
 - Methods of social work
 - History of social work
 - Role of social worker in rehabilitation
 10. Role of Voluntary Organizations in CBR: [4 hours]
 - Charitable Organizations
 - Voluntary health agencies – National level and International NGO's, Multilateral and Bilateral agencies
 - International Health Organizations: WHO, UNICEF, UNDP, UNFPA, FAO, ILO, World Bank, USAID, SIDA, DANIDA, Rockefeller, Ford foundation, CARE, RED CROSS
 11. National district level Rehabilitation: [5 hours]
 - Primary Rehabilitation Unit
 - Regional training center
 - District rehabilitation center
 - Primary health center
 - Village rehabilitation worker
 - Anganwadi worker
 12. Role of Physiotherapy in CBR: [5 hours]
 - Screening for disabilities
 - Prescribing exercise programme
 - Prescribing and devising low cost locally available assistive aids
 - Modifications physical and architectural barriers for disabled
 - Disability prevention
 - Strategies to improve ADL
 - Rehabilitation programmes for various neuromusculoskeletal and cardiothoracic disabilities
 13. Screening and rehabilitation of pediatrics disorders in the community: [5 hours]
 - Early detection of high risk babies
 - Maternal nutrition and education
 - Rehabilitation of Cerebral Palsy, Polio, Downs Syndrome, Muscular Dystrophies etc

- Prevention and rehabilitation of mental retardation and Behavioral disorders
 - Immunization programmes
 - Early intervention in high risk babies
 - Genetic counselling
14. Extension services and mobile units: [2 hours]
- Introduction
 - Need
 - Camp approach
15. Vocational training in rehabilitation: [2 hours]
- Introduction
 - Need
 - Vocational evaluation
 - Vocational rehabilitation services
16. Geriatrics: [9 hours]
- Physiology of aging/degenerative changes – Musculoskeletal/Neuromotor/Cardio – respiratory/Metabolic, Endocrine, Cognitive, Immune Systems
 - Role of Physio therapy in Hospital Based Care, Half-way homes, Residential homes, Meals on wheels etc.
 - Home for the aged, Institution based Geriatric Rehabilitation
 - Few conditions: Alzheimer’s disease, Dementia, Parkinson’s disease, Incontinence, Iatrogenic drug reactions, etc.
 - Ethics of Geriatric Rehabilitation
17. Industrial Health & Ergonomics: [10 hours]
- Occupational Hazards in the industrial area – Accidents due to
 - 1) Physical agents: Ex. Heat/cold, light, noise, vibration, U.V. radiation, Ionizing radiation
 - 2) Chemical agents: Inhalation, local action, ingestion
 - 3) Mechanical hazards: overuse/fatigue injuries due to ergonomic alteration and ergonomic evaluation of work place – mechanical stresses per hierarchy –
 - i Sedentary table work – executives, clerk
 - ii Inappropriate seating arrangement – vehicle drivers
 - iii Constant standing – watchman, defense forces, surgeons
 - iv Over – exertion in laborers, common accidents
 - Role of P.T. in Stress management
 - 4) Psychological hazards: Ex. Executives, monotonicity & dissatisfaction in job, anxiety of work completion with quality, Role of P.T. in Industrial setup & Stress management – relaxation modes.
 - 5) Biological hazards

18. Lifestyle disorders:

- Physiotherapy role in planning
- Execution of lifestyle diseases like hypertension, obesity and diabetes mellitus
- Role in developing awareness programs

Practical: 60 Hours

This will consist of Field visits to urban and rural PHC's., Visits to regional rehabilitation training center, Regular mobile camps, Disability surveys in villages, Disability screening, Demonstration of Evaluation and Physiotherapy prescription techniques for musculoskeletal, neuromuscular, cardiorespiratory, pediatric, gynecological and geriatric problems in community, Demonstration of evaluation and prescription techniques for ambulatory and assistive devices, Fabrication of low cost assistive devices with locally available materials.

Recommended books:

1. Rehabilitation Medicine by Howard A Rusk.
2. Rehabilitation Medicine by Joel A Delisa

YEAR : IV YEAR
COURSE CODE : 17PT405
TITLE OF THE COURSE : RESEARCH METHODOLOGY AND BIostatISTICS

Research Methodology:[30 hours]

Course Objective:

The student will gain knowledge on the basic research methodology and various designs and sampling methods used in research methodology.

Course Outcome:

At the end of the course the candidate will be able to describe about the designs, sampling methods and interpretation of data in professional practice.

1. Introduction to Research Methodology: [4 hours]
 - Meaning of research
 - Objectives of research
 - Motivation in research
 - Types of research and research approaches
 - Research methods vs Methodology
 - Criteria for good research
 - Problems encountered by researchers in India.
2. Research problem: [2 hours]
 - Statement of research problem
 - Statement of purpose and objectives of research problem
 - Necessity of defining the problem.
3. Research design: [4 hours]
 - Meaning of research design
 - Need for research design
 - Features for good design
 - Different research designs
 - Basic principles of research design
4. Sampling design: [4 hours]
 - Criteria for selecting sampling procedure
 - Implications for sample design
 - Steps in sampling design
 - Characteristics of good sample design
 - Different types of sample design
5. Measurement and scaling techniques: [4 hours]

- Measurement in research – measurement scales
 - Sources of error in measurement
 - Technique of developing measurement tools
 - Meaning of scaling, its classification
 - Important scaling techniques
6. Methods of data collection: [4 hours]
- Collection of primary data
 - Collection of data through questionnaires and schedules
 - Difference between questionnaires and schedules
7. Sampling fundamentals: [2 hours]
- Need for sampling and some fundamental definitions
 - Important sampling distributions
8. Processing and analysis of data: [2 hours]
- Processing operations
 - Problems in processing
 - Types of analysis
 - Statistics in research
 - Measures of central tendency
 - Dispersion
 - Asymmetry
 -
9. Testing of Hypothesis: [3 hours]
- What is hypothesis?
 - Basic concepts concerning testing of hypothesis
 - Procedure of hypothesis testing
 - Measuring the power of hypothesis testing
 - Tests of hypothesis
 - Limitations of the tests of hypothesis
10. Computer technology: [1 hour]
- Introduction to computers
 - Computer application in research
 - Computers and researchers

Recommended Textbooks:

1. Research Principles and Methods: L Denise F. Poli&Hungler
2. Fundamentals of Research, 4thEdn.: David J. fox

Biostatistics:[30 hours]

Course Objective:

The student will gain knowledge on the basic concepts of biostatistics. Statistical concepts, methods of statistical analysis and interpretation of data.

Course Outcome:

At the end of the course the candidate will be able to describe the use of statistics and its need in professional practice and research.

1. Introduction: [6 hours]
 - Meaning, definition, characteristics of statistics
 - Importance of the study of statistics
 - Branches of statistics
 - Statistics and health science including physiotherapy
 - Parameters and Estimates
 - Descriptive and inferential statistics
 - Variables and their types
 - Measurement scales
2. Tabulation of data: [4 hours]
 - Basic principles of graphical representation
 - Types of diagrams – histograms, frequency polygons, smooth frequency polygon, cumulative frequency curve
 - Normal probability curve
3. Measure of Central Tendency: [4 hours]
 - Need for measures of central tendency
 - Definition and calculation of mean – ungrouped and grouped
 - Meaning, Interpretation and calculation of median ungrouped and grouped
 - Meaning and calculation of mode
 - Comparison of mean, median and mode
 - Guidelines for the use of various measures of central tendency
4. Probability and Standard Distributions: [4 hours]
 - Meaning of probability of standard distribution
 - The binominal distribution
 - The normal distribution
 - Divergence from normality – skewness, kurtosis
5. Sampling techniques: [3 hours]
 - Need for sampling – Criteria for good samples

- Application of sampling in community
 - Procedures of sampling and sampling designs errors
 - Sampling variation and tests of significance
6. Statistical significance: [5 hours]
- Parametric tests: t – test
 - Non parametric tests: chi square test, Mannwhitney U test, Z test, Wilcoxon's matched pair test
 - Correlations
7. Analysis of variance and covariance: [4 hours]
- Analysis of variance (ANOVA)
 - What is ANOVA?
 - Basic/principle of ANOVA
 - ANOVA technique
 - Analysis of Co variance (ANACOVA)

Recommended Textbooks:

- 1) Methods in Biostatistics – B. K. Mahajan
- 2) Manual of Biostatistics – Kulkarni, Bairde, Muzumdar
- 3) Elements of Health Statistics: Rao. N. S. N
- 4) An introduction of Biostatistics: Sunder Rao. P. S. S
- 5) Methods in Bio-Statistics 6th Edition, 1997: B. K. Mahajan
- 6) Biostatistics: a manual of Statistics Methods: K. Visweswara Rao
- 7) Elementary Statistics 1stEdn, 1990 in Medical Workers: Inderbir Singh
- 8) An Introduction to Gupta C. B. Statistical Methods, 1972: Ram Prasad & Sons
- 9) Basic Statistics, 3rdEdn: Simpsory G. Kaftha. P

YEAR : IV YEAR
COURSE CODE : 17PT471
TITLE OF THE COURSE : NEURO-PHYSIOTHERAPY PRACTICALS

Practical shall be conducted for all the relevant topics discussed in theory in the following forms:

1. Bedside case presentations and case discussions
2. Lab sessions consisting of evaluation and assessment methods on student models, treatment techniques and practice sessions.

YEAR : IV YEAR
COURSE CODE : 17PT472
TITLE OF THE COURSE : COMMUNITY BASED REHABILITATION PRACTICALS

This will consist of Field visits to urban and rural PHC's., Visits to regional rehabilitation training center, Regular mobile camps, Disability surveys in villages,

Disability

screening, Demonstration of Evaluation and Physiotherapy prescription techniques for musculoskeletal, neuromuscular, cardiorespiratory, pediatric, gynecological and geriatric problems in community, Demonstration of evaluation and prescription techniques for ambulatory and assistive devices, Fabrication of low cost assistive devices with locally available materials.

Basic Nursing First-aid and CPR (17PT191)

Basic Nursing

1. What is Nursing ? Nursing principles. Inter-Personnel relationships. Bandaging : Basic turns; Bandaging extremities; Triangular Bandages and their application.
2. Nursing Position: Environment safety; Bed making, prone, lateral, dorsal, dorsal recumbent, Flower's positions, comfort measures, Aids and rest and sleep.
3. Lifting and Transporting Patients : Lifting Patients up in the bed. Transferring from bed to wheel chair. "Transferring from bed to stretcher".
4. Bed side Management : Giving and taking Bed pan, Urinal : Observation of stools, urine. Observation of sputum, Understand use and care of catheters, enema giving.
5. Methods of Giving Nourishment: Feeding, Tube feeding, drips, transfusion.
6. Care of Rubber Goods: Observation, Reporting and Recording Temperature, Respiration and Pulse, Simple aseptic Technique, Sterilization and Disinfection.
7. Surgical Dressing : Observation of dressing procedures

First-aid and CPR

1. Importance of First Aid in Physiotherapy.
2. Examination of Vital Signs
3. First Aid in cardiac arrest.
4. First Aid in Respiratory failure.
5. First Aid in Burns.
6. First Aid in Electric shock.
7. First Aid in Drowning.
8. First Aid in Spinal cord injuries.
9. First Aid in Hypovolemic Shock.
10. First Aid in Poisoning
11. Instrumentation used in First Aid (First Aid kit).
12. First Aid in RTA.
13. Indication of CPR.
14. Assessment and technique of CPR.
15. Artificial ventilation.

Recommended Textbooks

1. First aid in emergency – St-john. Ambulance Association.
2. Physiotherapy for burns & Reconstruction – Glassey.
3. Surgical & Medical Procedures for Nurses & Paramedical staff – Nathan.
4. First aid & management of general injuries & common ailments-Gupta & Gupta

YEAR : I YEAR

COURSE CODE : 17PT192

TITLE OF THE COURSE :ENGLISH

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

THE COURSE IS DESIGNED TO ENABLE STUDENTS TO ENHANCE ABILITY TO COMPREHEND SPOKEN AND WRITTEN ENGLISH, REQUIRED FOR EFFECTIVE COMMUNICATION IN THEIR PROFESSIONAL WORK.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

THE EXPECTED OUTCOMES OF THIS COURSE IS TO SPEAK AND WRITE GRAMMATICALLY CORRECT ENGLISH, TO DEVELOP WRITING SKILLS, TO UNDERSTAND AND EXPRESS MEANINGFULLY THE PRESCRIBED TENT, TODEVELOP SPOKEN ENGLISH.

Unit -I :

Introduction:

Study Techniques

Organisation of effective note taking and logical processes of analysis and synthesis

The use of the dictionary

Enlargement of vocabulary

Effective diction

Unit - II:

Applied Grammer:

Correct usage

The structure of sentences

The structure of paragraphs

Enlargements of Vocabulary

Unit - III:

Written Composition:

Precise writing and summarising

Writing of bibliography

Enlargement of Vocabulary

Unit - IV

Reading and comprehension

Review of selected materials and express oneself in one's words.

Enlargement of Vocabulary. .

Unit - V

The Study of Various Forms of Composition Paragraph, Essay, Letter, Summary, Practice in writing

Unit - VI

Verbal Communication:

Discussions and Summarization, Debates, Oral reports, use in teaching

ದಯಾನಂದ ಸಾಗರ್ ವಿಶ್ವವಿದ್ಯಾಲಯ

ಕಾಲೇಜ್ ಆಫ್ ಫಿಜಿಯೋಥೆರಪಿ

ಕನ್ನಡ

ಪಠ್ಯಕ್ರಮದ ರೂಪರೇಖೆ

ಸ್ಥಾನ: ಬಿ.ಪಿ.ಟಿ ಬೋದಲ ವರ್ಜ

ಸಮಯ: 15 ಘಂಟೆಗಳು (15 hours)

ವಿಧ್ಯಾರ್ಥಿ/ ವಿಧ್ಯಾರ್ಥಿನಿಯರು ದಿನನಿತ್ಯ ಸಂಪರ್ಕಿಸಬಹುದಾದ ಜನಸಾಮಾನ್ಯರೊಡನೆ/ ದೋಲಿಗಿಳಿದವರ/ದೋಲಿಗಿಳಿದವರನ್ನು ಆರೈಕೆಮಾಡುವವರು/ಕುಟುಂಬ ಸದಸ್ಯರೊಂದಿಗೆ ಅರೋಗ್ಯದ ಬಗ್ಗೆ ಕನ್ನಡದಲ್ಲಿ ಸಂಭಾಷಣೆ ಮಾಡಲು ಹಾಗೂ ತಿಳುವಳಿಕೆ ನೀಡಲು ಸಹಾಯವಾಗುವ ರೀತಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ಪಠ್ಯಕ್ರಮದ ಮಾದರಿಯನ್ನು ಅಳವಡಿಸುವುದು.

ಉದ್ದೇಶ:

- ✓ ದಿನ ಉಳಿತಾಯ ವ್ಯವಹಾರದಲ್ಲಿ ವೈದ್ಯಕೀಯ/ಅರೋಗ್ಯ/ ಕುಟುಂಬ ಸಂಬಂಧಿಸಿದಂತೆ ಕನ್ನಡ ಭಾಷೆಯ ಅಳವಡಿಕೆ.
- ✓ ಕನ್ನಡೇತರ ವಿಧ್ಯಾರ್ಥಿಗಳಿಗೆ ಕನ್ನಡ ಭಾಷೆಯ ಪರಿಚಯ ಮಾಡಿಕೊಡುವುದು.

ಪಠ್ಯಕ್ರಮದ ವಿವರ:

ಘಟಕ ಒಂದು:

- o ಅಕ್ಷರಮಾಲೆ, ಸ್ವರಗಳು, ವ್ಯಂಜನಗಳು
- o ಪದ, ಪದವ್ಯಂಜ, ವಾಕ್ಯ ರಚನೆ, ಪತ್ರಲೇಖನ, ಪ್ರಬಂಧ ರಚನೆ

ಘಟಕ ಎರಡು:

- o ವೈದ್ಯಕೀಯ ಪದಗಳು (ವೈದ್ಯಕೀಯ ಕ್ಷೇತ್ರದಲ್ಲಿ/ ಫಿಜಿಯೋಥೆರಪಿ ವಿಭಾಗದಲ್ಲಿ ಸಾಮಾನ್ಯವಾಗಿ ಉಳಿತಾಯವಾದ ಪದಗಳ ಎಂಗ್ಲಿಷ್-ಕನ್ನಡ ತರ್ಜುಮೆ)

ಘಟಕ ಮೂರು:

- o ದೋಲಿ ಹಾಗೂ ಫಿಜಿಯೋಥೆರಪಿಸ್ಟ್ ನಡುವೆ ಸಾಮಾನ್ಯವಾಗಿ ನಡೆಯುವ ವ್ಯಕ್ತಿ ಸಂಭಂದಿತ ಸಂಭಾಷಣೆ.
- o ಪ್ರಶ್ನಾರ್ಥಕ ವಾಕ್ಯಗಳು, ಸಲಹಾತ್ಮಕ ವಾಕ್ಯಗಳು, ವೈದ್ಯರೊಂದಿಗೆ ಹಾಗೂ ಇತರ ಸಹಚರರೊಂದಿಗೆ ವ್ಯವಹರಿಸಲು/ ಸಂಭಾಷಣೆ ನಡೆಸಲು ಬೇಕಾದ ವಾಕ್ಯಗಳು.

ಅಧ್ಯಯನಕ್ಕೆ ಕಿಫಾರತ್ತು ಮಾಡಲಾಗಿರುವ ಗ್ರಂಥಗಳು:

1. ಕನ್ನಡ ಬ್ಯಾಕರಣ (8,9,10 ನೇ ತರಗತಿಗಳಿಗೆ ಕರ್ನಾಟಕ ಸರ್ಕಾರ, ಪಠ್ಯ ಪುಸ್ತಕಗಳ ಇಲಾಖೆ)
2. ಬ್ಯಾವಕಾರಿಕ ಕನ್ನಡ: ಎಚ್.ಎಸ್.ಎಸ್.
3. ಪತ್ರ ಲೇಖನ: ಕನ್ನಡ ಸಾಹಿತ್ಯ ಪರಿಷತ್ತು
4. ಲೇಖನ ಕಲೆ: ಎನ್. ಪ್ರಹ್ಲಾದ್ ರಾವ್

ORIENTATION TO PHYSIOTHERAPY (17PT194)

I Patterns of Health Care Delivery:

- a. National Trends and resources
- b. Local trends and resources
- c. Overview of Health Science Professions

II Components of Physiotherapy Profession:

- a. History of Medical Therapeutics
- b. History of Physiotherapy
- c. Overview of Health Science Professions

III Role of Physiotherapy in meeting Health Care Needs in India.

- a. Needs versus Demands
- b. Physiotherapist as “Educator”
- c. Typical Job settings
- d. Common problems and solutions

INDIAN CULTURE AND HERITAGE (17PT195)

1. Culture
2. Indian Culture
3. History and Culture through the Ages
4. Languages and Literature
5. Religion and Philosophy
6. Painting, Performing Arts and Architecture
7. Science and Technology
8. Education
9. Social Structure
10. Spread of Indian culture abroad

(Syllabus based on National institute of open schooling, Govt. Of India)

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2. BaldeoSahai, 2005, Indian Heritage, Publications Division (MoI&B), New Delhi=
3. Basham, A.L., 2010 A Cultural History of India, (Fourteenth Impression) Oxford University Press, New Delhi
4. Gokak, V.K. , 1994, India and World Culture, SahityaAkademi, New Delhi
5. Handique, K.K. , 1975, Classical Sanskrit as a Vehicle of Indian Culture, The Cultural Heritage of India-Vol-II, The Ramakrishna Mission, Calcutta.
6. Mahadevan, T.M.P. , 1975, The Religio- Philosophic Culture of India, The Cultural Heritage of India, Vol. I, The RamaKrishna Mission, Calcutta
7. Mujaumdar, A.K., 1972, Elements of Indian Culture, BharatiyaVidyaBhavan, Bombay.
8. Swami Suddhananda, 1975, The Teachings of the Bhagavad Gita, The Cultural Heritage of India, Vol. II, The Ramakrishna Mission, Calcutta

PERSONALITY DEVELOPMENT AND SOFT SKILLS (17PT291)

Major topics to be covered under Communication course –

1. Special characteristics of health communication
2. Types & process of communication – verbal, non-verbal and written communication. Upward, downward and lateral communication.
3. Therapeutic communication: empathy versus sympathy.
4. Communication methods for teaching and learning.
5. Communication methods for patient education.
6. Barriers of communication & how to overcome.
7. My role as a manager and leader within my organizational context
8. Developing as a reflective practitioner: Self Awareness and its role in leader development
9. Making sense of your leadership story and critical incidents to explore values, motives and goals
10. Contemporary theories of leadership

(Ref: Northumbria University)

References:

Books

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Burke, R. J., Cooper, C. L. (2006) *Inspiring Leaders* New York: Routledge

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Goleman, D. (2007) *Social Intelligence: The New Science of Human Relationship*: Arrow

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Moon, J.A. (2005) *Reflection in Learning and Professional Development*. Oxon UK : Routledge

Northouse, P.G. (2010) *Leadership Theory and Practice* 5th Ed, London: Sage

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Whitmore, J. (2002) *Coaching for Performance* 3rd Ed, London: Nicholas Brearley publishing

Yukl, G. (2010) *Leadership in Organisations* 7th Ed. NJ USA: Pearson Education

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Avolio, B. J., Gardner, W. L., Walumbwa, F. O., Luthans, F. And May, D. R. (2004) Unlocking the mask: A look at the process by which authentic leaders impact follower attitudes and behaviours *The Leadership Quarterly*, Vol 15, pp801-823

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Illies, R. Morgeson, F. P., Nahrang, J. D. (2005) Authentic Leadership and eudaemonic wellbeing:

Understanding leader-follower outcomes Leadership Quarterly 16 pp373-394

Lencioni, P. M., (2002) Make Your Values Mean Something Harvard Business Review

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COMPUTER APPLICATION FOR PHYSIOTHERAPISTS (17PT292)

SUBJECT DESCRIPTION: The students will be able to appreciate the role of computer technology. The course has focus on computer organization, computer operating system and software, and MS windows, Word processing, Excel data worksheet and PowerPoint presentation. Topics to be covered under the subject are as follows:

Introduction to computer: Introduction, characteristics of computer, block diagram of computer, generations of computer, computer languages.

1. Input output devices: Input devices(keyboard, point and draw devices, data scanning devices, digitizer, electronic card reader, voice recognition devices, vision-input devices), output devices(monitors, pointers, plotters, screen image projector, voice response systems).

2. Processor and memory: The Central Processing Unit (CPU), main memory.

3. Storage Devices: Sequential and direct access devices, magnetic tape, magnetic disk, optical disk, mass storage devices.

4. Introduction of windows: History, features, desktop, taskbar, icons on the desktop, operation with folder, creating shortcuts, operation with windows (opening, closing, moving, resizing, minimizing and maximizing, etc.).

5. Introduction to MS-Word: introduction, components of a word window, creating, opening and inserting files, editing a document file, page setting and formatting the text, saving the document, spell checking, printing the document file, creating and editing of table, mail merge.

6. Introduction to Excel: introduction, about worksheet, entering information, saving workbooks and formatting, printing the worksheet, creating graphs.

7. Introduction to power-point: introduction, creating and manipulating presentation, views, formatting and enhancing text, slide with graphs.

8. Introduction of Operating System: introduction, operating system concepts, types of operating system.

9. Computer networks: introduction, types of network (LAN, MAN, WAN, Internet, Intranet), network topologies (star, ring, bus, mesh, tree, hybrid), components of network.

10. Internet and its Applications: definition, brief history, basic services (E-Mail, File Transfer Protocol, telnet, the World Wide Web (WWW)), www browsers, use of the internet.

a. Application of Computers in clinical settings.

PRACTICAL: Practical on fundamentals of computers -

1. Learning to use MS office: MS word, MS PowerPoint, MS Excel.

2. To install different software.

3. Data entry efficiency

ANIMATIONS (Basics of Animation)

1. Drawings with the help of basic shapes

2. Animal study & Human anatomy,

3. Shading techniques

4. Live model study
5. Difference between “looking at the drawing” and “seeing the drawing”,
6. An Introduction on how to make drawings for animation
7. Shapes and forms,
8. About 2d and 3d drawings,
9. Caricaturing – fundamentals, Exaggeration, Attitude, Silhouettes, Boundary- breaking exercises and warm ups,
10. Gesture drawing, Line drawing and quick sketches,
11. Drawing from observation, memory and imagination.

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3. Lukas Dubeda, 3ds Max 2010 Architectural Visualization - Advanced to Expert, Publisher 3DATS, Publication Date 2009
4. . Kelly L. Murdock, 3ds Max 2010 Bible Author Publisher Wiley,Publication Date 2009-08-10
5. Prof. Sham Tickoo, Autodesk 3ds Max 2010: A Comprehensive Guide, Purdue Univ. and CAD/CIM Technologies,Publisher CAD/CIM Technologies, Publication Date 2009-09-07
6. Prof. Sham Tickoo Purdue Univ. and CAD/CIM Technologies, Autodesk 3ds Max Design 2010: A Tutorial Approach, Publisher CAD/CIM Technologies Publication, Date 2009-07-06.
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9. Jon McFarland , Mastering 3ds Max Design 2010 , Publisher Sybex , Publication Date 2009-09-08

PROFESSIONAL CONDUCT & ETHICS (17PT293)

1. Respecting patients/clients and their families.
2. Promotion of health and wellbeing of the patient/client, while acknowledging, respecting and facilitating patient/client autonomy.
3. Respecting confidentiality, privacy and security of patient/client information.
4. Fair patient treatment.
5. Practice in a safe, competent and accountable manner.
6. Act with integrity in all professional activities.
7. Strive for excellence in the practice of physiotherapy.
8. Communicate effectively and cooperate with colleagues, other health professionals and agencies, for the benefit of their patients/clients and the wider community.
9. Maintenance of their own health and wellbeing.
10. Upholding the integrity of the profession.

(Ref: Aotearoa New Zealand Physiotherapy Code of Ethics and Professional Conduct)

Constitution of India (17PT294)

1. Meaning of the term “Constitution” making of the Indian Constitution 1946-49
2. The democratic institution created by the Constitution Bicameral system of Legislature at the Centre and in the States.
3. Fundamental Rights and Duties...Their content and significance.
4. Directive Principles of States Policies: The need to balance Fundamental Rights with Directive Principles.
5. Special Rights created in the Constitution for: Dalits, Backwards, Women and Children and the Religious and Linguistic Minorities.
6. Doctrine of Separation of Powers: Legislative, Executive and Judicial and their functioning in India.
7. The Election Commission and State Public Service Commissions.
8. Method of amending the Constitution.
9. Enforcing rights through Writs: Certiorari, Mandamus, Quo warranto and Habeas Corpus.
10. Constitution and Sustainable Development in India.

Recommended Textbooks:

1. J.C. Joharii: The Constitution of India—A Politico-Legal Study— Sterling Publication, Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi.
2. J.N Pandey: Constitution Law of India, Allahabad, Central Law Agency, 1998.
3. Granville Austin: The Indian Constitution—Corner Stone of a Nation— Oxford, New Delhi, 2000.

**CORE MODULE SYLLABUS FOR ENVIRONMENTAL STUDIES
FOR UNDER GRADUATE COURSES OF ALL BRANCHES
OF HIGHER EDUCATION**

Unit 1: The multidisciplinary nature of environmental studies

Definition, scope and importance

(2 lectures)

Need for public awareness

Unit 2: Natural Resources:

Renewable and non-renewable resources:

Natural resources and associated problems.

(a) Forest resources: Use and over-exploitation, deforestation, case studies. Timber extraction, mining, dams and their effects on forests and tribal people.

(b) Water resources: Use and over-utilization of surface and ground water, floods, drought, conflicts over water, dams-benefits and problems.

(c) Mineral resources: Use and exploitation, environmental effects of extracting and using mineral resources, case studies.

(d) Food resources: World food problems, changes caused by agriculture and overgrazing, effects of modern agriculture, fertilizer-pesticide problems, water logging, salinity, case studies.

(e) Energy resources: Growing energy needs, renewable and non-renewable energy sources, use of alternate energy sources, case studies.

(f) Land resources: Land as a resource, land degradation, man induced landslides, soil erosion and desertification.

· Role of an individual in conservation of natural resources.

· Equitable use of resources for sustainable lifestyles.

(8 Lectures)

Unit 3: Ecosystems

· Concept of an ecosystem

· Structure and function of an ecosystem

· Producers, consumers and decomposers

· Energy flow in the ecosystem

· Ecological succession

· Food chains, food webs and ecological pyramids

· Introduction, types, characteristic features, structure and function of the following ecosystem:

- a. Forest ecosystem
- b. Grassland ecosystem
- c. Desert ecosystem
- d. Aquatic ecosystems (ponds, streams, lakes, rivers, ocean estuaries)

(6 Lectures)

Unit 4: Biodiversity and its conservation

- Introduction – Definition: genetic, species and ecosystem diversity
- Biogeographical classification of India
- Value of biodiversity: consumptive use, productive use, social, ethical aesthetic and option values
- Biodiversity at global, national and local levels
- India as a mega-diversity nation
- Hot-spots of biodiversity
- Threats to biodiversity: habitat loss, poaching of wildlife, man wildlife conflicts
- Endangered and endemic species of India
- Conservation of biodiversity: In-situ and Ex-situ conservation of biodiversity

(8 Lectures)

Unit 5: Environmental Pollution

Definition

- Causes, effects and control measures of:

- a. Air pollution
- b. Water pollution
- c. Soil pollution
- d. Marine pollution
- e. Noise pollution
- f. Thermal pollution
- g. Nuclear pollution

- Solid waste management: Causes, effects and control measures of urban and industrial wastes.
- Role of an individual in prevention of pollution
- Pollution case studies
- Disaster management: floods, earthquake, cyclone and landslides

(8 Lectures)

Unit 6: Social Issues and the Environment

- From unsustainable to sustainable development
- Urban problems and related to energy
- Water conservation, rain water harvesting, watershed management
- Resettlement and rehabilitation of people; its problems and concerns. Case studies.
- Environmental ethics: Issues and possible solutions
- Climate change, global warming, acid rain, ozone layer depletion, nuclear accidents and holocaust. Case studies.
- Wasteland reclamation
- Consumerism and waste products
- Environmental Protection Act
- Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act
- Water (Prevention and control of Pollution) Act
- Wildlife Protection Act
- Forest Conservation Act
- Issues involved in enforcement of environmental legislation
- Public awareness

Unit 7: Human Population and the Environment

- Population growth, variation among nations
- Population explosion – Family Welfare Programmes
- Environment and human health

SUPERVISED CLINICAL TRAINING (17PT373)

The following are the learning activities for supervised clinical training :

Self -Assessment and Self-Improvement Plan

A self-assessment of knowledge, skills, and attitudes requisite to provide clinical supervision.

Theoretical Orientation for Clinical Supervision

Approach to clinical supervision, including theoretical approaches, critical processes, style, techniques, and expected outcomes in Orthopedic and cardiopulmonary patients.

Supervision Role Play Transcript and Analysis

A supervision session with annotations describing the skills being utilized and the rationale for their use.

SUPERVISED CLINICAL TRAINING (17PT473)

The following are the learning activities for supervised clinical training :

Self -Assessment and Self-Improvement Plan

A self-assessment of knowledge, skills, and attitudes requisite to provide clinical supervision.

Theoretical Orientation for Clinical Supervision

Approach to clinical supervision, including theoretical approaches, critical processes, style, techniques, and expected outcomes in Neurological patients and the population in the community.

Supervision Role Play Transcript and Analysis

A supervision session with annotations describing the skills being utilized and the rationale for their use.

DAYANANDA SAGAR UNIVERSITY

Shavige Malleshwara Hills, Kumaraswamy Layout,
Bengaluru- 560078, Karnataka.

SCHOOL OF HEALTH SCIENCES

COLLEGE OF PHYSIOTHERAPY



**SCHEME & SYLLABUS
FOR
MASTER OF PHYSIOTHERAPY (MPT) – 2015**

(With Effect from 2015-16)

YEAR - I

SL	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	NO. OF TEACHING HOURS			SCHEME OF EVALUATION							TOTAL
			D	CL	C	THEORY				PRACTICAL			
						W	VV	CA	IA	P	CA	IA	
1	15MPT501	RESEARCH AND ADMINISTRATION	01		01	80		10	10				100
2	15MPT502	APPLIED SCIENCES	01	02	02	80		10	10				100
3	15MPT503	FUNCTIONAL DIAGNOSIS AND THERAPEUTICS	02	--		100	30	10	10				150
4	15MPT571	CLINICAL TRAINING	--	24	12								
5	15MPT572	FUNCTIONAL DIAGNOSIS AND THERAPEUTICS	--	04	02					80	10	10	100
6	15MPT581	DISSERTATION	--	--	05								
GRAND TOTAL			04	30	22	260	30	30	30	80	10	10	450

Note: CR – Credit Subject, AU – Audit Subject, D – Didactic, CL – Clinical, P – Practical, C – No. of Credits,
W – Written, VV – Viva Voce, CA – Continuous Assessment, IA – Internal Assessment

YEAR - II

S L	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	NO. OF TEACHING HOURS			SCHEME OF EVALUATION							TOTAL
			D	CL	C	THEORY				PRACTICAL			
						W	VV	CA	IA	P	CA	IA	
1	15MPTY601	SPECIALTY GENERAL	02	--	02	100	30	10	10				150
2	15MPTY602	RECENT ADVANCES AND EVIDENCE BASED PRACTICE	01	--	01	80		10	10				100
3	15MPTY62X	SPECIALTY ELECTIVE	01	--	01	100	30	10	10				150
4	15MPT671	CLINICAL TRAINING	--	24	12								
5	15MPTY672	SPECIALTY GENERAL	--	02	01					80	10	10	100
6	15MPTY673	SPECIALTY ELECTIVE	--	04	02					80	10	10	100
7	15MPT681	DISSERTATION	--	--	10		80	20					100
GRAND TOTAL			04	30	29	280	140	50	30	160	20	20	700

Note: CR – Credit Subject, AU – Audit Subject, D – Didactic, CL – Clinical, P – Practical, C – No. of Credits,
W – Written, VV – Viva Voce, CA – Continuous Assessment, IA – Internal Assessment

ELECTIVE / SPECIALIZATION GROUPS

1. ORTHOPAEDICS:

2. NEURO SCIENCES:

COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE
15MPTO601	MUSCULO SKELETAL DISORDER	15MPTN601	NEURO PSYCHOSOMATIC DISORDERS
15MPTO602	RECENT ADVANCES AND EVIDENCE BASED PRACTICE	15MPTN602	RECENT ADVANCES AND EVIDENCE BASED PRACTICE
15MPTO621	MANUAL THERAPY	15MPTN621	ADULT NEUROLOGY
15MPTO622	SPORTS REHABILITATION	15MPTN622	PEDIATRIC NEUROLOGY

3. CARDIOPULMONARY SCIENCES:

4. COMMUNITY PHYSIOTHERAPY:

COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE
15MPTP601	CARDIOPULMONARY DISORDER	15MPTC601	COMMUNITY BASED REHABILITATION
15MPTP602	RECENT ADVANCES AND EVIDENCE BASED PRACTICE	15MPTC602	RECENT ADVANCES AND EVIDENCE BASED PRACTICE
15MPTP621	INTENSIVE CARE MANAGEMENT	15MPTC621	GERIATRICS
15MPTP622	CARDIOPULMONARY REHABILITATION AND FITNESS	15MPTC622	OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH

5. WOMEN HEALTH AND PAEDIATRIC:

COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE
15MPTW601	OBG AND PEDIATRIC CARE
15MPTW602	RECENT ADVANCES AND EVIDENCE BASED PRACTICE
15MPTW621	WOMEN HEALTH
15MPTW622	PAEDIATRIC REHABILITATION

YEAR : I YEAR
COURSE CODE : 15MPT501
TITLE OF THE COURSE : RESEARCH AND ADMINISTRATION

RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

1. Introduction to research: Terminology in research [defining a research question, review of literature, research process]
2. Types of research: Qualitative and quantitative
3. Study design: Case study, case series, survey, Delphi process, pilot study, pre and post design, epidemiology study design (longitudinal, cohort, case control, prevalence etc.), repeated measure design, randomized controlled design.
4. Sampling design: Sampling techniques (population, sample, sample size determination- based on the study design, sampling methods, sampling errors)
5. Outcome measures: Use of outcome measures in rehab measures, psychometric properties of measurement(reliability, validity, responsiveness, sensitivity, specificity, MCID etc.), Measurement errors.
6. Data collection and analysis: Technique of data collection, tools, data processing, interpretation and presentation of data in graphical representation.
7. Scientific writing: Definition, kind of scientific documentation (research paper, review paper, books, review and meta-analysis, thesis, conference and project reports)
8. Presentation and publication of research: step and process, significance of report writing, step in report writing, precaution in writing a research report, oral and poster presentation of research paper in conference, preparation of abstract.
9. Critical appraisal of a research.

BIOSTATISTICS

1. Introduction to biostatistics:Terminology, definition, application and uses of biostats, frequency distribution.
2. Descriptive statistic, measure of central tendency, measure of dispersion and measure of asymmetry.
3. Hypothesis testing (test of significance, type1 and type 2 error, confidence interval,power analysis.)
4. Parametric and non-parametric:T-test, ANOVA, ANCOVA, chi-square, MannWhitney u-test, Wilcoxon test, Kruskal-Wallis test, Friedman's test and z test.
5. Correlation and regression.
6. Epidemiological measure:Rate, ratio, proportion, incidence, prevalence, relative risk, ratio risk, odd'sratio, professional practice.

ETHICS

1. Ethical issues in physiotherapy practice- clinical, research, academic.
2. Administration, legislation, rules and regulation governing physiotherapy practice n- national and international(IAP and WCPT)
3. Scope of physiotherapy in hospital, community and industry.
4. Education- formal and non-formal, philosophy of health, education, circular planning.
5. Teaching techniques-teaching-learning method to facilitate learning, method for facilitate learning, use of audio-visual aid, clinical teaching.
6. History taking, assesment, tests, patient communication, documentation of findings, treatment organization and planning, execution of intervention.
7. Principal of management, planning, organization, budget, policy process and quality assurance.
8. Documentation of rehabilitation, assesment and management... international classification of functioning, disability and health format (ICF).
9. Exercise prescription for health and fitness.

YEAR : I YEAR
COURSE CODE : 15MPT502
TITLE OF THE COURSE : APPLIED SCIENCES

BIOMECHANICS AND CLINICAL KINESIOLOGY:

1. Biomechanics of tissues, structure of musculo skeletal system and clinical application.
Skeletal muscle, bone, articular cartilage, tendon, ligament, peripheral nerves.
2. Normal and applied biomechanics of upper extremity, lower extremity, vertebral column thorax and chest wall (ventilation and circulation) and TMJ.
3. Kinetic and kinematic analysis of body balance, equilibrium, integrated function (gait, posture and ADL).
4. Ergonomic approach to lifting and handling, work space and environment, patient position, body mechanics and transfer techniques.

EXERCISE PHYSIOLOGY:

1. Energy sources, production, expenditure and transfer at rest and various physical activities.
2. Response and adaptation of various systems to exercise and training (aerobic, anaerobic and flexibility).
3. Aerobic and anaerobic exercises – principles of training, factors affecting aerobic and anaerobic training and response, types of training, overtraining, de-training, DOMS, specific aids to enhance performance and conditioning.
4. Environmental influence on exercise and performance – high and low altitude and hypoxia, hypobaric and hyperbaric, hot and cold environment, thermoregulation, dehydration and rehydration, acclimatization.
5. Fatigue – classification, physiology and assessment.
6. Consideration of age and gender in exercise and training.
7. Nutrition – recommended intake, role in exercise, supplementary nutrition and deficiencies.
8. Body composition and diet – assessment of body composition, obesity and weight control.

ELECTRO PHYSIOLOGY:

1. Anatomy and physiology of peripheral nerve, muscle, and NMJ.
2. Electrical properties of muscle and nerve.
3. Introduction for neuro muscular electrical stimulation.
4. Classification, components and electro physiological assessment.

5. Electrical stimulation and its effects on various systems.
6. Muscle plasticity in response to electrical stimulation.
7. Safety consideration in electro therapy

YEAR : I YEAR
COURSE CODE : 15MPT503
TITLE OF THE COURSE : FUNCTIONAL DIAGNOSIS AND THERAPEUTICS

FUNCTIONAL DIAGNOSIS

1. **Clinical examination in general and detection of movement dysfunction including Gait.**
2. Developmental screening, motor learning, motor control assessment.
3. Principles of pathological investigations and imaging techniques related to neuromuscular skeletal and cardiopulmonary disorders with interpretation.
4. Anthropometric measurement.
5. Health related physical fitness assessment.
6. General assessment for orthopedic, neurological and cardiopulmonary conditions.
7. Basics of exercise ECG testing and monitoring, PFT and spirometry.
8. Basics of electrophysiological testing and diagnosis FG test SD curve, NCV, EMG, ECG, Evoked potentials.
9. Physical disability evaluation and diagnosis.
10. Evaluation and theories of aging.

THERAPEUTICS:

1. Pain (neurobiology, various theories, modulation and management of pain).
2. Theories of motor control and motor learning.
3. **Use of exercise therapy technique and application on various types of cases.**
4. Application of electrotherapy techniques on patients, monitoring of dosage and winding up procedures.
5. Massage, mobilization and manipulation.
6. Facilitation and inhibition techniques.
7. General guidelines to be followed in burn rehabilitation and cancer rehabilitation protocol.
8. Physiotherapy following plastic surgery.
9. Yoga-concept of yogic practices.
10. Aids and appliances, adaptive functional devices to improve movement dysfunction.

SPECIALTY : ORTHOPAEDICS

YEAR : II YEAR
COURSE CODE : 15MPT0601
TITLE OF THE COURSE : MUSCULO SKELETAL DISORDERS

- 1 Exercise Physiology, Fitness Testing and Exercise Prescription
- 2 Orthopaedic Physical Assessment
- 3 Principles of Treatment of Common Sports Injuries, Protocols and their Rationale
- 4 Biomechanics and Pathomechanics of Common Musculoskeletal Conditions.
- 5 Hand: Functions, Assessment, Treatment of Common Conditions i.e., Hansen's Disease, Rheumatoid Arthritis, Spastic Hand, Complex Regional Pain Syndrome (Reflex sympathetic Dystrophy) , Tendon Injuries, Stiff Hand.
- 6 Advanced Electrotherapeutics:
 - Physiology of Pain
 - Pain Management Modalities and Theory Rationale
 - Electrodiagnosis: Theoretical knowledge of Electromyography & Nerve Conduction Velocity Testing
 - Normal and in Neuro-musculoskeletal Conditions
- 7 Basic Knowledge of common drugs used in Orthopaedics:
 - Effects, Interactions & Relevance to Therapeutic Modalities (anti-inflammatory, analgesics, antipyretics, antibiotics, antihypertensive, diabetic drug therapy)
- 8 **Principles of Different Schools of Manual Therapy:**
 - Cyriax
 - Maitland
 - David Butler & Shacklock
 - McKenzie
 - Kaltenborn
 - Mulligan
 - Neuromuscular Techniques
- 9 **Biomechanical Properties of Basic Connective Tissue**
- 10 **Basic Knowledge of Radiology:**
 - Plain Radiographs
 - Bone Scans
 - Computed Tomography / Magnetic Resonance Imaging
- 11 **Physiotherapeutic Assessment and Management of the Following Conditions :**
 - Degenerative Joint Disorders
 - Seronegative & Positive Arthritic Disorders
 - Infections: Osteomyelitis, Septic Arthritis & Tubercular
 - Nerve Injuries & Entrapment Neuropathies (including Orthotics)
 - Fractures, Dislocations & their Complications

- Amputation (including Prosthetics)
- Cervical & Lumbar Disorders
- Spinal Cord Injury
- Arthroplasty: Excision, Partial & Total Joint Replacement of Upper /lower Limb
- Arthrodesis & Osteotomies
- Cumulative Trauma Disorders
- Soft Tissue Injuries
- Metabolic and Endocrine Disorders
- Fibromyalgia
- Burns
- Paediatric Conditions & Related Musculoskeletal Surgeries

YEAR : II YEAR
COURSE CODE : 15MPT0602
TITLE OF THE COURSE : RECENT ADVANCES AND EVIDENCE BASED PRACTICE.
ORTHOPEADICS

- 1. Manual Therapy**
- 2. Advance electrotherapeutics**
- 3. Sport Psychology**
- 4. Sport Physiology**
- 5. Sport Pharmacology**
- 6. Pain**
- 7. Amputation**
- 8. Joint Replacements**
- 9. Footwear in Sports**
- 10. Doping**
- 11. Taping**
- 12. MET**
- 13. Neuro dynamics & Neural mobilization**
- 14. Women athletes**
- 15. Advanced care of back & neck**

YEAR : II YEAR
COURSE CODE : 15MPT0621
TITLE OF THE COURSE : MANUAL THERAPY

1. Clinical Reasoning in Manual Therapy
 - Hypothesis Generation
 - Expert Reasoning Strategies
 - Clinical Reasoning Errors
 - Pattern Recognition
 - Role of Reassessment in Reasoning
 - Hypothesis Categories in Manual Therapy.
2. McKenzie's School of Thought :
 - Elaborate the Classification of Spinal Pain as adopted by McKenzie – Postural, Dysfunction and Derangement.
 - Quebec task force classification of Spinal disorders
 - Assessment and Treatment procedures
3. Neurodynamics (Shacklock) and Neural tissue Mobilization (Butler)
 - Basics of Anatomy, Physiology, Biomechanics of Neural tissue
 - Clinical Reasoning, Principles of Subjective, Objective, Treatment and Reassessment in Spinal and Extremity Adverse Neural Tension Disorders
 - Clinical Presentation of Intra-neural and Extra Neural Pathology
 - Indication, Contraindication and Precautions in Altered Neurodynamics and Management of Upper and Lower Extremity and Spine
4. Maitland's School of Thought:
 - Principles of Subjective Examination and Physical Examination, Treatment, Re-Assessment of Spinal and Peripheral Joints Problems
 - Movement Diagram its Application
 - The Manipulative VBI testing-Australian Protocol Approach, & its Application
 - High Velocity Thrust Techniques
 - Clinical Presentation and Management of a various Peripheral and Vertebral Neuromusculoskeletal Conditions
5. Combined Movements (B.C. EDWARDS)
 - Regular & Irregular Patterns in Cervical Thoracic & Lumbar Regions
 - Spinal Dysfunction Diagnosis and Treatment using Combined Movements
6. Cyriax's School of Thought :
 - History, Physical Examination - Selective Tissue Tension Tests, Management Strategies in Spinal and Peripheral Joint & Soft Tissue Dysfunction.
 - Techniques: Deep Transverse Friction, Massage, Manipulation, Injection
7. Mulligan's School of Thought:
 - Principles of Assessment and Treatment Using Mulligan's Concept
 - Natural Apophyseal Glides (NAGS), Sustained Natural Apophyseal Glides (SNAGS), Reverse Natural Apophyseal Glides (RNAGS), Mobilizations With Movement (MWM)

- Application in Spinal and Peripheral Joint Dysfunction

8. Osteopathic and Chiropractic Schools of Thought :
 - Theoretical Principles of Assessment And Treatment
9. Positional Release Techniques :
 - Assessment and Treatment Procedures
 - Strain and Counter Strain Technique
 - Functional Technique
10. Neuromuscular Techniques:
 - Assessment and Treatment Procedures
 - Integrated Neuromuscular Inhibition Techniques
11. Neuro-Musculoskeletal Taping Techniques
Peripheral Joint And Spinal Joint Dysfunctions
12. Pilates – School of Thought
13. Movement Impairment Syndromes- Shirley Sharman
 - Diagnosis and Treatment of Movement Impairment Syndromes
14. Myofascial Release Techniques:
 - Trigger Point Therapy
 - Principles of Assessment and Treatment
15. Muscle Energy Technique:
 - Theories of Spinal and Peripheral Dysfunction
 - Fryette's laws of Physiological Spinal Motion
 - Segmental Vertebral Dysfunction – Neutral Rotation and Side flexion (NRS), Extension Rotation and Side flexion (ERS), Flexion Rotation & Side Flexion(FRS)
 - Screening Examination, Scanning Examination, Skill Rolling, Segmental Definition (Diagnosis)
 - Treatment using Muscle Energy Techniques
16. Pain Sciences:
 - Models of Pain & Disability
 - Biomedical and Biopsychosocial Model
 - Mature Organism Model
 - Main's, Orchestra
 - Fear Avoidance Model
 - Patient Centered Model
 - Basic Molecular Biology, Neurobiology, Stress Biology and Pain
 - Integration of Neurobiology into Clinical Reasoning Models
 - Pain Deconstruction into Pathobiological Mechanisms
 - Peripheral and Central Pain Mechanisms, Theory of Modulation of Pain
 - Identification of Risk Factors for Chronicity
 - Pain Measurement Tools & Management Strategies Via Physiotherapy
 - Merging Bio-psychosocial Approaches into Physiotherapy Management

- Multidisciplinary Pain Management Strategies
- Diagnostic Dilemmas and Common Pain States

Drug Therapy, Cultural and Age Influences on Pain, Placebo & Nocebo

17. Motor Control: Peripheral and Spinal Pain

- Theories of Motor Control and Motor Learning
- Neuromusculoskeletal Systems; Movement Development
- Causes and Mechanisms of Abnormal Movement
- Injury and Recovery of Function
- Application of Motor Control and Motor Learning Theory into Clinical Practice
- Functional Stability Retraining: Principles and Strategies

18. Miscellaneous:

- Evidenced Based Practice in Manual Therapy
- Medico-Legal Issues
- Effective Documentation
- Effective Communication

19. Practical:

- Demonstration of Techniques
- Hand-On- Practice of Assessment and Treatment Techniques of various Schools of Thought

YEAR : II YEAR
COURSE CODE : 15MPT0622
TITLE OF THE COURSE : SPORTS REHABILITATION

- 1 History of Sports Medicine
 - Ancient Greece and Gladiators, Hippocrates and Galon
 - FIMS and its Evolution
- 2 Primary Care Sports Medicine its Scope and Philosophy
 - Medical research in Injury Prevention
- 3 Medico-Legal Issues
 - Negligence, Liability, Litigation
 - Basic Principles to Reduce the Threat of Litigation
 - Act of God
 - Assumption of Risk
 - Contributing Negligence
 - Comparative Negligence
 - Legal rights of Disabled Athletes
- 4 Sports Psychology
 - Role of Sports Psychologist
 - Predictive Models of Injury
 - Psychological Factors involved in Performance
 - Treatment for Injury and Pain
 - Injury Prone Profile
 - Crisis Intervention
 - Techniques of Relaxation
- 5 Sports Nutrition
 - Significance of Nutrition
 - Common Food Fads
 - Maximizing Energy Stores
 - Maintaining Adequate Hydration
 - Weight Gain and Loss
 - Optimizing Pre-competition Meal
 - Ergogenic Aids
 - Vegetarianism
- 6 Sports Physiology
 - High Energy Phosphagen System
 - Cellular Oxidation
 - Aerobic/Anaerobic Glycolysis
 - Krebs Cycle
 - Interrelationship with Carbohydrates, Protein, Fat, Metabolic Mill
 - Energy Systems
 - VO₂ Max and O₂ Debt and Deficit and Recovery
 - Lung Volumes

- Onset of Blood Lactate Accumulation
 - Support systems and their adaptation to aerobic and anaerobic training
 - Thermoregulation and Exercises – Altitude Training – Under Water
- 7 Sports Performance Related
- Muscle Fiber Typing and Prediction of Sports Selection and Performance.
 - Anthropometry and Performance
 - Body Composition and Measurement – Obesity/Weight Control
- 8 Sports Pharmacology
- Historical Perspective
 - International Olympic Committee and the Ban
 - Classification of Doping, Drug Testing, Permitted Drugs
 - Ethical Dilemma
- 9 Principles of Injury Prevention, Diagnosis, Treatment and Rehabilitation
- History Taking
 - Intrinsic and Extrinsic Factors
 - Work Ergonomics and Leisure
 - Training History
 - Knowledge of the Sport
 - Electrophysical Modalities
 - Taping and Splinting Technique
 - Aquatic Therapy
 - Stretching, Warm up & Cool down
 - Speed, Speed Endurance Development, Agility, Power, Balance, Plyometrics & Reaction Time Training
 - Overtraining Syndrome
- 10 Sports related Injuries Upper Limb, Head and Neck
- Specific Protocols for Rehabilitation
 - Common Injuries to the Head, Neck, Shoulder, Upper arm, Elbow, Wrist, Hand and Fingers.
- 11 Sports Related Injuries Lower Limb, Spine
- Common Injuries
 - Specific Protocols for Rehabilitation
- 12 Paediatric Sports Medicine
- Introduction
 - Adult and growing Bone
 - Training Guidelines
 - Nutrition
 - Common Problems
- 13 Exercises in Geriatrics
- Training Guidelines in Geriatric Population
 - Training to Maintain Fitness – General Exercise Prescription
 - Age Related Changes

- 14 Sports for the Special Population
 - Screening for Participation and Prevention of Injuries and Rehabilitation
 - Classification of Sports for Paraplegics
 - Mental Retardation
 - Wheel Chair Athletes
- 15 Sports in Chronic Illnesses
 - Rheumatoid Arthritis
 - Scoliosis
 - Diabetes
 - Hypertension
 - Congenital Heart Diseases
 - Bronchial Asthma and Exercise induced Asthma
 - Sports anemia
 - Epilepsy
- 16 Sports Specific Injuries in the following Games
 - Basket Ball
 - Hockey
 - Soccer
 - Track and Field
 - Swimming and Diving
 - Racket Sports
 - Cycling Injuries
 - Volley Ball
 - Adventure Sports
 - Kabaddi
 - Combat Sports
 - Martial Arts
 - Dance
- 17 Women
 - Gender Differences in Sports Participation
 - Effects of Exercise on Menstrual Cycle and Performance
 - Exercise and Pregnancy, Lactation, Menopause ,Osteoporosis and Prevention
 - Common Injuries in Women
 - Care of Breast
- 18 Promotion of Healthy Lifestyle in the Community
- 19 Practical
 - Sports Biomechanics
 - Sports Radiology
 - On site Emergencies
 - Assessment of Training Shoes
 - Biomechanical Analysis, Evaluation of Various Games, Sports and Athletes

- Sports First aid – Complete Programme, Structure Drills & Cardio Pulmonary Resuscitation.
- Training Methods and Assessment of Training Schedules, Nutritional Evaluation and Psychological Counseling
- Attachment to Teams and Covering Matches and Tournaments and providing Rehabilitation and Treatment to Injured Athlete
- Examination of Joints of Upper Limb, Lower limb & Spine
- Travelling with Teams

SPECIALTY: NEUROSCIENCES

YEAR : II YEAR
COURSE CODE : 15MPTN601
TITLE OF THE COURSE : NEURO PSYCHOSOMATIC DISORDERS

- 1 Neuroanatomy and Neurophysiology
 - Sensory System
 - Spinal Cord and its Connections
 - Brainstem and its Connections
 - Cerebellum, Basal ganglia, Cerebral cortex, Limbic system and Hypothalamus
 - Neural control, Basis of Muscle Tone, Posture, Complex Movements and Locomotion
 - Special Senses
 - Peripheral Nerves and Spinal Nerves
 - Autonomic Nervous System
 - Pain Pathways and Physiology of Pain
 - Memory and Learning
 - Circulation of Brain
 - Fluid Compartments and Fluid Balance in the Central Nervous System
 - Blood Brain Barriers
- 2 Normal Sequential Behavioral & Physiological Changes throughout Developmental Arc
- 3 **Facilitatory& Inhibitory Treatment Techniques and their Neurophysiological Basis**
- 4 **Physiotherapeutic Treatment Approaches in Neurological Rehabilitation :**
Bobath and (Neuro Developmental Therapy (NDT), Brunnstorm Movement Therapy, Roods approach, Proprioceptive Neuromuscular Facilitation (PNF), Vojta, Sensory Integration Therapy (SI), Motor Relearning Program (MRP), Myofascial Release (MFR).
- 5 Motor Control, Theories of Motor Control & Motor Development and Principles of Motor Learning
- 6 **Reflex Maturation – Neurophysiological Basis**
- 7 **Basic Evaluation Tools in Neurology**
- 8 Special Investigative Procedures (in brief)
 - Blood and Cerebrospinal fluid (CSF) – Protein, Glucose Cells
 - Electroencephalogram (EEG), Radiographs, Myelogram, Computer Tomography (CT) and Magnetic Resonance Imaging (MRI) of Brain and Spinal Column
- 9 Disorders of Movements including Lesions in Lower and Upper Motor Neuron, Cerebellum & Basal Ganglia.
- 10 Musculoskeletal Treatment Concepts Applied to Neurology:
Adverse Neural Tissue Tension Tests in Upper Limb and Lower Limb.

- 11 Orthotics/ Splinting/Wheel Chair (Planning & Prescription) in Neurological Conditions
- 12 Repetitive Nerve Stimulation (RNS) and ENMG
- 13 Basics of Electrophysiology
 - Properties of Nerve and Muscle
 - Neuromuscular Junction
 - Generation and Propagation of Action Potential
- 14 Basics of Electrodiagnosis
 - Historical Background, Methods and Goals of Electrodiagnosis
 - Instrumentation
- 15 Electromyography (EMG)
 - Panel Diagram
 - Stages of Electromyography, Technique/Procedure
 - Indications, Contraindications and Uses
 - Quantitative & Qualitative Analysis of the Responses
- 16 Nerve Conduction Studies
 - Basics of Nerve Conduction (Orthodromic, Antidromic)
 - Instrumentation
 - Procedure /Technique (Sensory and Motor Nerve Conduction)
 - Parameters, its Implication & Factors Affecting Nerve Conduction Studies
 - Interpretation of Nerve Conduction Studies (includes practical)
- 17 Electrical Study of Reflexes
 - Definition, Settings, Procedure, Parameters, Clinical Implications and Uses
 - Hoffman's Reflex (H-Reflex)
 - F-response
 - Axon Reflex
 - Blink Reflex
 - Jaw Jerk
- 18 **Electrical stimulation:**
 - Principles Underlying Electrical Stimulation Test
 - Stimulation Specifications – Normal and Denervated.
 - Faradic – Galvanic Test and Strength Duration (SD) Curve Test
 - Chronaxie, Rheobase - Curve Assessments
- 19 Evoked potentials
 - Somato Sensory Evoked Potential,
 - Motor Evoked Potential,
 - Brainstem Evoked Potential &
 - Visual Evoked Potential
- 20 Biofeedback
 - Definition and Types
 - EMG Biofeedback

Instrumentation, Indication, Contraindication and Uses, Principles of Biofeedback Steps, Procedure/ Technique and Evidences for Practice

- 21 Spasticity
- Neuropathology
 - Assessment
 - Medical & Surgical Management
 - Rehabilitation Measures
- 22 Oromotor Rehabilitation
- 23 Assessment and Management of Neurogenic Bladder

YEAR : II YEAR
COURSE CODE : 15MPTN602
**TITLE OF THE COURSE : RECENT ADVANCES AND EVIDENCE BASED PRACTICE.
NEURO SCIENCES**

Method of Assessment - Written

1. Stroke Rehabilitation
2. Polyneuropathies
3. Vestibular rehabilitation
4. Inflammatory diseases of CNS
5. Spina Bifida
6. SCI & Cerebellum disorders
7. Myopathies
8. NMJ Disorders
9. Parkinsonism
10. Traumatic brain injury
11. Gait rehabilitation
12. Assistive devices in Neuro rehabilitation
13. Hand function in neuro rehabilitation
15. Balance in neuro rehabilitation
16. Management of tonal abnormalities

YEAR : II YEAR
COURSE CODE : 15MPTN621
TITLE OF THE COURSE : ADULT NEUROLOGY

- 1 CerebroVascular Accidents.
 - Causes, Types & Pathophysiology
 - Investigations, Medical & Surgical Management
 - Stroke Syndromes
 - Complications and their Management
 - Physiotherapy Management
- 2 Infections of Nervous System
Meningitis, Encephalitis, Guillain-Barré Syndrome (GBS), Bulbar polio, Parasitic Infection & Human Influenza Virus (HIV)
- 3 Demyelinating Diseases of Nervous System
- 4 Degenerative and Metabolic Diseases of Nervous System
 - Classification
 - Differential Diagnosis and Prognosis
 - Medical and Surgical Management
 - Evaluation
 - Rehabilitation
- 5 Diseases of Spinal Cord
Lathyrism, Transverse Myelitis, Syringomyelia, Radiculopathy, Tumors of Spinal Cord and Vascular Disorders (Infarction)
- 6 Diseases of Peripheral Nerves
 - Classification
 - Differential Diagnosis and Prognosis
 - Medical and Surgical Management
 - Evaluation
 - Rehabilitation
- 7 Diseases of Cranial Nerves
- 8 Diseases of Muscles
 - Classification
 - Myopathies, Myotonias, Muscular Dystrophies and Neuromuscular Junction Disorders
- 9 Traumatic Brain injury – Adult
 - Acute care and Prognostic Outcome
 - Coma Stimulation
 - Restoration of Motor Control
 - Complications and their Management
 - Rehabilitation and Community Reintegration

- 10 Traumatic Spinal Cord Injuries.
 - Acute care and Prognostic outcome
 - Restoration of Motor Control
 - Complications and Management (Autonomic Dyreflexia and Pressure sore)
 - Rehabilitation and Community Reintegration
- 11 Space Occupying Lesions in Central Nervous System.
 - Classification
 - Differential Diagnosis and Prognosis
 - Psychosocial Problems
 - Medical and Surgical Management
 - Evaluation
 - Rehabilitation
- 12 Vestibular Disorders and Management.
 - Role of Vestibular System in Postural Control
 - Postural Abnormalities In Vestibular Disorders
 - Vestibular Functions Tests and Clinical Examination
 - Central and Peripheral Vestibular Disorders
 - Bilateral Vestibular Dysfunctions
- 13 Disorders of Speech and Language, Perception & Cognitive Impairments (Physiotherapy Implications)
 - Aphasia, Dysarthria and Dysphonia
 - Perceptual Problems
 - Dyslexia
 - Approaches in Cognitive Rehabilitation
- 14 **Developmental Diseases of Nervous System, Surgical Management and Rehabilitation**
- 15 Medical, Surgical and Physiotherapy Management In Disturbances of Cerebro Spinal Fluid (CSF) and its Circulation
- 16 Compressive Myelopathies.
 - Classification
 - Surgical Management (Laminectomy)
 - Spinal Stability after Surgery
 - Postoperative Physiotherapy Management
- 17 **Gait in Neurological Conditions: Assessment and Retraining**

YEAR : II YEAR
COURSE CODE : 15MPTN622
TITLE OF THE COURSE : PAEDIATRIC NEUROLOGY

- 1 Normal Development:
 - Intrauterine Life
 - Motor Development during Infancy
 - Motor Behavior during Early Childhood and Adolescent
- 2 **Reflex and Reactions**
- 3 **Assessing Motor Development in Children – Principles of Evaluation and Assessment Screening**
 - Milani – Comparetti Motor Development Screening Test
 - Denver II Development Screening Test
 - Neurological Examination of Full Term New Born Infant
 - Brazelton Neonatal Behavioral Assessment Scale
 - Neurological Assessment of Preterm & Full Term Infant by Dubowitz&Dubowitz
 - Movement Assessment of Infants
 - Test of Infant Motor Performance and Development
 - Alberta Infant Motor Scale
 - Gross Motor Performance Measures
 - Peabody Developmental Motor Scales
 - Bruininks-Oseretsky Test of Motor Proficiency (BOTMP)
 - Comprehensive Developmental Scales.
 - ❖ Gesell Developmental schedules
 - ❖ Bayley scales of Infant Development
 - ❖ Neonatal Behavioral Assessment Scale
 - Early Intervention Developmental Project
 - Gross Motor Function Measure (GMFM)
 - Assessment of Functional Capabilities
 - ❖ Paediatric Evaluation Of Disability Inventory
 - ❖ Functional Independence Measure for Children
- 4 **High Risk Infant Assessment and Intervention**
 - High Risk Clinical Signs
 - Neonatal Neuropathology
 - Neuromotor Assessment
 - ❖ Apgar Score
 - ❖ Clinical Assessment of Gestational Age
 - ❖ Assessment of Intervention in Neonatal Intensive Care Unit (NICU)
 - Follow up Programs for High Risk Conditions
 - ❖ Asphyxia
 - ❖ Lesions with Hypoxic Ischemic Encephalopathy (HIE)
 - ❖ Intraventricular Hemorrhage (IVH)

- ❖ Acute Respiratory Distress Syndrome (ARDS), Bronchopulmonary Dysplasia (BPD), Meconium Aspiration
 - ❖ Metabolic Conditions - Metabolic Acidosis
 - ❖ Hyperbilirubemia
 - ❖ Congenital Heart Diseases
- 5 Cerebral Palsy
 - Classification
 - Assessment
 - Physiotherapy Management
 - Adaptive Equipments
 - 6 Acute Brain Injury in Childhood and Physical Therapy.
 - Acute Care and Prognostic Outcome
 - Cognitive Rehabilitation
 - Restoration of Motor Control
 - Complications and their Management
 - Rehabilitation and Community Integration
 - 7 Minimal Brain Dysfunction; Learning Disability, Attention Deficit, Autism , Developmental Coordination Disorder
 - 8 Mental Retardation(MR)
 - Classification
 - Etiology and Pathology of Mental Retardation
 - Physical Therapy Assessment and Management including Sensory Integration Therapy.
 - 9 Genetic Diseases with Emphasis on Down Syndrome and Spinal Dysraphism
 - Neuropathology
 - Cardio Pulmonary Anomalies
 - Sensory Deficits
 - Musculoskeletal Deficits
 - Physical Therapy Assessment and Interventions
 - 10 Neuromuscular Disorders in Childhood
 - Classification
 - Assessment
 - Physiotherapy Management.
 - 11 Brachial plexus injury
 - Classification
 - Prognostic Indicators
 - Follow up Assessment
 - Physiotherapy
 - 12 Role of Physiotherapist in Paediatric Brain and Spinal cord Tumors
 - 13 Adaptive Equipment for Physically Challenged Children
 - 14 Community Integration and other Social Aspects of a Disabled Child

SPECIALITY: CARDIOPULMONARY SCIENCES

YEAR : II YEAR
COURSE CODE : 15MPTP601
TITLE OF THE COURSE : CARDIOPULMONARY DISORDER

- 1 Applied Anatomy and Physiology of Cardiopulmonary System.
- 2 A. Embryology and Development of Cardiopulmonary System
B. Differences between Adult and Paediatric Cardiopulmonary System.
- 3 A. *Biomechanics of Thorax*
B. *Pathological Changes in Unilateral and Bilateral Chest Deformities*
- 4 *Physiology and Analysis of Breath Sounds and Heart Sounds*
- 5 *Assessment of Cardiovascular and Pulmonary System*
- 6 Investigations in Cardio Pulmonary System and its Clinical Implication.
 - Lipid Profile
 - Chest X-ray
 - Pulmonary Function Tests
 - Arterial Blood Gas Analysis
 - Computed Tomography Thorax
 - Electrocardiogram
 - Echocardiography
 - Stress Test
 - Angiogram
 - Sputum Culture Tests
 - Serum Enzymes and Markers of Inflammation
 - Complete Blood Picture and Electrolytes
 - Pleural Fluid Analysis
- 7 Drugs and their Impact on Cardiopulmonary System & Exercise Science
- 8 Artificial Airways and Airway Adjuncts
 - Rationale for Choice
 - Technique of Insertion
 - Implications for Respiratory Care
- 9 Basic Life Support/ Advanced Cardiac Life Support
- 10 Physiological Changes of Cardiopulmonary Systems in Body Positioning and Basis of Early Mobilization
- 11 Humidifiers, Aerosol Therapy
- 12 Bronchial Hygiene Therapy – Conventional and Advanced
- 13 Chest Physiotherapy Techniques : Clinical Reasoning and Evidence Based Practice
- 14 Mechanical Ventilation-Physiology, Modes and Weaning Criteria
- 15 Non-Invasive Ventilation
 - Continuous Positive Airway Pressure Therapy
 - Bi-level Positive Airway Pressure Therapy
- 16 Dyspnea – Physiology, Assessment, Management

- 17** Ventilatory Muscles – Testing and Training
- 18** Cancer Rehabilitation
- 19** Burns Rehabilitation
- 20** Renal Rehabilitation
- 21** Diabetic Foot, Wound Care, Physiotherapy Management
- 22** Outcome Measures in Cardiopulmonary Physiotherapy & Rehabilitation
- 23** Respiratory Care and Rehabilitation in Surgical Conditions
 - Abdominal Surgeries, Spinal Surgeries & Replacement Surgeries
- 24** Oxygen Therapy
- 25** Cardiac Assistive Devices and Implants
 - Intra-Aortic Balloon Pump, Cardiac Pacemakers & Ventricular Assistive Device
- 26** Intercostal Drainage- Precautions during Chest Physiotherapy
- 27** Etiopathogenesis, Types, Clinical Manifestations, Assessment and Investigations, Medical & Surgical Management, Physiotherapy Treatment for Cardiac Conditions with Emphasis on
 - Ischemic Heart Disease
 - Valvular Heart Diseases
 - Heart Failure
 - Cardiomyopathies
 - Arrhythmias and Conduction Defects
 - Congenital Heart Diseases
- 28** Pre, Peri and Post Surgical Physiotherapy Management in Surgical Conditions (includes Knowledge about Surgical Procedures) with Emphasis on:
 - Coronary Artery Bypass Grafting
 - Valvular Repair Surgeries
 - Correction of Congenital Heart Defects
 - Percutaneous Transluminal Coronary Angioplasty
 - Mediastinal Surgeries
 - Heart Transplantation and Cardiac Pacemakers
- 29** Etiopathogenesis, Types, Clinical Manifestations, Assessment and Investigations, Medical and Surgical Management, Physiotherapy Treatment for The Pulmonary Conditions with Emphasis on:
 - Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Diseases
 - Bronchial Asthma
 - Bronchiectasis
 - Cystic Fibrosis
 - Pneumonia
 - Lung Abscess
 - Pulmonary Tuberculosis
 - Lung Cancers
 - Pleural Disorders
 - Interstitial Lung Diseases & other conditions leading to Restrictive Lung Defects
 - Chest trauma

- Diaphragm Palsy
 - Herniations in to the Chest Wall
- 30** Pre, Periand Post-surgical Physiotherapy Management in all Pulmonary Surgeries, Pleural surgeries &Surgeries for Chest Wall Injuries(Including Knowledge about Surgical Procedures)
 - 31** Evidence Based Practice in Cardiopulmonary Physical Therapy
 - 32** Delegation and Documentation in Cardio pulmonary Physiotherapy Practice & Research
 - 33** Cardiopulmonary Exercise Testing:
Physiology of Exercise Testing, Types of Tests,Modes of Testing, Protocols, Interpretation and Clinical Implication
 - 34** Principles of Exercise Prescription
 - 35** Infection Control

YEAR : II YEAR
COURSE CODE : 15MPT0602
TITLE OF THE COURSE : RECENT ADVANCES AND EVIDENCE BASED PRACTICE. CARDIOPULMONARY DISORDER

1. Recent advances in physiotherapy assessment and management of Respiratory failure
2. Recent advances in physiotherapy assessment and management of different stages of COPD as per Gold's criteria, Asthma, Bronchiectasis
3. Recent advances in physiotherapy assessment and management of Airway clearance techniques used for obstructive restrictive and mixed lung condition, training of respiratory muscles
4. Recent advances in physiotherapy assessment and management of ARDS in different stages; Interstitial lung disease; COVID 19 and Pulmonary Tuberculosis; Pleural Diseases
5. Recent advances in physiotherapy assessment and management of Diaphragmatic palsy, chest wall trauma and Herniation
6. Pulmonary surgeries & recent advances to improve chest wall mobility
7. Recent advances in pt management of patient with post CAD including Cardiac Rehabilitation.
8. Recent advances in pt management of patient with LVAD
9. Recent advances in pt management of patient with Heart transplant
10. Recent advances in pt management of patient with Hypertension and Orthostatic Hypotension
11. Recent advances in physiotherapy assessment and management of Congenital Heart Disease, Valvular disease and Cardiomyopathy
12. Recent advances in physiotherapy assessment and management of Various types of shock
13. Recent advances in physiotherapy assessment and management of Peripheral vascular disease
14. Recent advancements in cardiopulmonary physiotherapy of paediatrics and neonates in ICU
15. Recent advancements in cardiopulmonary physiotherapy in ICU patients.

YEAR : II YEAR
COURSE CODE : 15MPTP621
TITLE OF THE COURSE : INTENSIVE CARE MANAGEMENT

1. Introduction to the Intensive Care Unit (ICU) and Intensive Care Unit Setup.
Physiotherapy Role in Intensive Care Unit
2. **Intensive Care Unit Monitoring, Evaluation and Management**
3. **Endotracheal Intubation and Extubation**
4. Evidence Based Physiotherapy Practice in Intensive Care Unit
5. Basic Therapeutics
 - Pharmacology of Respiratory Care
 - Airway Care
 - Humidification and Aerosol Therapy
 - Oxygen Therapy
 - Blood gases Analysis
 - Lung Expansion Therapy and Chest Physiotherapy
 - Physiology of Intermittent Positive Pressure Breathing
 - Analgesics and Sedatives
 - Intensive Therapy Apparatus (Adult & Paediatric-Airways)
 - Manual Hyperinflation –Types, Technique
 - Chest Physiotherapy Techniques & Advanced Devices used in Airway Clearance
6. Special Considerations to Body Positioning and Respiratory Care in Intensive Care Unit
7. Mechanical Ventilation.
 - Classification and Types
 - Modes
 - Ventilatory Strategies and Weaning for Intensive Care Unit Conditions
 - Graphics
 - Troubleshooting
 - Strategies to Promote Respiratory Care and Rehabilitation

8. Intensive care Unit Management for Primary & Secondary Cardiopulmonary Dysfunction
 - Respiratory Failure
 - Acute Exacerbation of Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease, Asthma, Bronchiectasis
 - Acute Respiratory Distress Syndrome
 - Pulmonary Edema
 - Acute Myocardial Infarction
 - Pulmonary Emboli
 - Burns
 - Tetanus
 - Trauma – Hydro/Pneumothorax, Head and Spinal Injury.
 - Hypoxic Encephalopathy
 - Stroke
 - Sepsis
 - Aspiration
 - Pneumonia
 - Ventilator Associated Pneumonia
 - Drug Overdose & Poisoning
9. Clinical Assessment and Physiotherapy Management in Neonatal/Paediatric Intensive Care Unit Conditions with Emphasis on:
 - Hyaline Membrane (Respiratory Distress Syndrome)
 - Meconium Aspiration
 - Pneumonia
 - Cyanotic and Acyanotic Heart Diseases
10. Epidemics and Endemics- Common in Intensive Care Unit -Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome, H1NI, Viral Infection etc.
11. Complications in Intensive Care Unit (Prevention and Management)
12. Respiratory Care in Neurological Disorders
 - Cerebro Vascular Accident
 - Guillain-Barre Syndrome
 - Motor Neuron Disease
 - Muscular Dystrophy
 - Traumatic Brain Injury and Spinal Cord Injury
13. Critical Care Rehabilitation – Rationale, Guidelines, Considerations and Evidence

YEAR : II YEAR
COURSE CODE : 15MPTP622
TITLE OF THE COURSE : CARDIOPULMONARY REHABILITATION AND FITNESS

1. Cardiac Rehabilitation
 - Goals
 - Infrastructure and Ideal Setup
 - Components and Team
 - Rationale for Cardiac Rehabilitation
 - Indications, Contraindications.
 - Assessment - Risk Stratification
 - Role of Physiotherapy
 - Various Test Protocols
 - Phases of Rehabilitation
 - Exercise Testing in High Risk Groups – Changes seen in Cardiac Conditions and Implications for Training
 - Exercise Prescription and Precautions.
 - Outcome Measures
2. Primary and Secondary Prevention of Cardiovascular and Pulmonary Conditions.(Existing and Novel Risk Factor Evaluation, Physiotherapy Approach)
3. Peripheral Vascular Diseases and Physiotherapy Management and Rehabilitation
4. *Pulmonary Rehabilitation*
 - *Goals*
 - *Pulmonary Rehabilitation team*
 - Components of Pulmonary Rehabilitation
 - Rationale of Pulmonary Rehabilitation
 - Role of Physiotherapy
 - Respiratory Assessment and Various Test Protocols
 - Indications, Contraindications and Complications
 - Exercise Testing in High Risk Groups – Changes seen in Pulmonary Conditions and Implications for Training
 - Exercise Prescription and Precautions
 - Management of Obstructive and Restrictive Conditions
 - Management of Hyperventilation Syndrome
 - Outcome Measures
5. Respiratory Management following Neurological & Spinal Cord Injuries
6. Cardiovascular and Pulmonary Rehabilitation in Paediatrics
7. Outcomes and Recent Advances in Cardiovascular and Pulmonary Rehabilitation
8. Fitness and Wellness – Concept / Components
9. Physical Fitness – Assessment
10. Principles of Training Individual Components of Physical Fitness
11. Acute Changes and Chronic Adaptations of Various Systems to Aerobic and Anaerobic Exercises with Environmental Influence

- 12. Exercise Prescription in Special Population with Physiological Basis and Precautions:**
 - Diabetes Mellitus
 - Hypertension
 - Metabolic Syndrome
 - Dyslipidemia
 - Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease
 - Obesity
 - Osteoporosis
 - Traumatic Brain Injury
 - Spinal Cord Injury
 - Stroke
 - Ischemic Heart Disease
 - Heart Failure
 - Polycystic Ovarian Syndrome
 - Depression
 - Sleep Disorders
 - Chronic Kidney Disease
 - Endocrinal Abnormalities
 - Immune Disorders
 - Children and Adolescents
- 13. Nutrition**
 - Measurement of Energy in Food and during Physical Activity
 - Nutritional Ergogenic Aids
 - Eating Disorders
- 14. Weight Management**
- 15. Stress- Exercise as a Stress Management Technique**
- 16. Aging and Exercise**
- 17. Fatigue: Causes and Management**
- 18. Work site Health Promotion**
- 19. Behavioral Principles Applied to Physical Activity and Exercise**
 - Theories and Models of Exercise Behavior
 - Behavioral Strategies to Enhance Physical Activity Participation
 - Factors Associated with Regular Exercise
 - Exercise Adherence and Compliance
- 20. Health Counseling**
- 21. Fitness Evaluation and Training Methods in Children**
- 22. Physical Activity – Methods of Evaluation (Objective and Subjective), Rationale for Promoting Health, Current Evidence**
- 23. Genetic Basis of Exercise and its Response**
- 24. Immunity and Exercise**

SPECIALITY: COMMUNITY PHYSIOTHERAPY

YEAR : II YEAR
COURSE CODE : 15MPTC601
TITLE OF THE COURSE : COMMUNITY BASED REHABILITATION

1. International Classification of Functioning, Disability and Health (ICF)
 - a) History of ICF (models of disability), Aims, Properties, Overview of Components and Uses of ICF Core Sets
 - b) Definitions and Levels of Classification
 - c) Implication in Physiotherapy (Physical and Psychosocial)
2. Community Based Rehabilitation Program (Physiotherapy)
 - a) WHO Matrix and Physiotherapy Role in IEC (information, education and communication)
 - b) Principles of Community Based Rehabilitation
 - c) Process of Implementation of CBR
 - d) Evaluation of Impairment and Disability
 - e) Evaluation of Patient and CBR Program
3. Community Physiotherapy
 - a) Approaches in Rehabilitation
 - b) Healthcare Delivery Models
 - c) Therapy Interventions based on Quality of Life
4. Research on the Needs of Community Physiotherapy with Updated Science
5. Family's Role in Rehabilitation
6. Principles, Concepts and Practical application of Community Physiotherapy, Changing Needs (personal, family and social) and Planning of Future for Disabilities in Various Conditions; i.e. Spinal Cord Injury; Traumatic Brain Injury; Stroke; Parkinson's Disease; Arthritis; Heart & Pulmonary diseases; Chronic Pain; Osteoporosis; Ageing with Disabilities etc.
7. Practical application of Community Physiotherapy and Planning of Future for Disabilities in- Peripheral Vascular Diseases; Amputations
8. Childhood Disorders (Early detection and Management throughout Life Spans); Autisms; Cerebral Palsy
9. Handling and Facilitation Techniques for Infants with Disability in Community
10. Barrier Free Design- Making the environment Accessible to the Disabled Individual (i.e. Accessibility and inclusiveness)
Principles of Universal Design
11. Assistive Technology for Physical and Cognitive Rehabilitation (with respect to Planning, Evaluation, Design, Prescription, Acceptance, Economy and Psychosocial Aspects) of
 - a) Basic and Instrumental Activities of Daily Living
 - b) Ambulatory Aids and Wheel Chairs
 - c) Orthotic and Prosthetic Aids

- 12.** Psychological and Functional Aspects of Chronic Illness and Disability
- 13.** Physiotherapy in Schools
 - a) Role of PT in Fitness of Normal School Children
 - b) Physiotherapy for Students with Disability (Locomotor and Somato-sensory)
 - c) Adapted Physical Activity
- 14.** Environmental Issues in Child Health
- 15.** Women's Health
 - a) Fitness in Pregnancy
 - b) Role of Antenatal Education at Community Level in Prevention of Maternal Mortality and Infant Morbidity
 - c) Post Natal Problems and Management
- 16.** Occupational Hazards
 - a) Biological and Chemical
 - b) Physical/Environmental
 - c) Mechanical
 - d) Psychosocial
- 17.** Occupational Biomechanics of Spine, Upper and Lower Extremity (During Static Work, Repetitive Work and Loading Tasks)
- 18.** Work Related Musculoskeletal Disorders (Overuse Injuries of the Musculoskeletal Systems)- Definition, Etiopathogenesis, Risk factors, Evaluation and Management

YEAR : II YEAR
COURSE CODE : 15MPTO602
TITLE OF THE COURSE : RECENT ADVANCES AND EVIDENCE BASED PRACTICE.
COMMUNITY BASED REHABILITATION

1. Recent advances in principles of fitness training for health promotion in the community.
2. Recent concepts in home programs in community physiotherapy
3. Recent concepts in self-help programs in community physiotherapy.
4. Address the newer concepts in rural physiotherapy incorporating primary health care centers with reference.
5. Newer trends in research in community physiotherapy.
6. Legislative provisions for welfare of the disabled including persons with disability.
7. Controversies in rehabilitation approaches of multi-system conditions
8. Recent advances in rehabilitation approaches of multi-system conditions.
9. Recent trends of research in rehabilitation.
10. Recent advances in lower limb prostheses.
11. Recent advances in newer generation upper limb prosthetics.
12. Recent advances in upper and lower limb orthotics.
13. Recent advances in mobility devices used in the community.
14. Utilization of ICF in rehabilitation.
15. Recent trends in family rehabilitation.
16. Recent advances in technology based rehabilitation in community.

YEAR : II YEAR
COURSE CODE : 15MPTC621
TITLE OF THE COURSE : GERIATRICS

1. Epidemiology of Aging and Related Morbidities
2. Theories of Aging (Merits and Demerits)
3. Changes due to Aging in
 - Musculoskeletal Systems
 - Nervous Systems
 - Cardiovascular Systems
 - Respiratory Systems
 - Endocrinology Systems
 - Immunological Systems
 - Gastrointestinal Systems
 - Genito-Urinary Systems
 - Thermoregulatory SystemsHomeostasis and Aging
Medical/Surgical Conditions of each Systems related with Elderly and their
Physiotherapy Interventions
4. Nutrition in Older Adults (Anemia in elderly)
5. Geriatric Pharmacology- Implication for Physiotherapy
6. Cognitive Aging and Psychosomatic Disorders
 - Dementia, Depression and Emotional and behavioral issues
 - Early Detection and Physiotherapeutic Intervention
7. Clinical and Physiotherapeutic Evaluation of Elderly
(Using Outcome Measures and Assessment Tools i.e. Scales, Posturography,
Inclinometer, Perineometer etc.)
8. Posture, Balance and Falls in Older Adults
 - a) Neurophysiology of Balance,
 - b) Biomechanical Changes
 - c) Physiotherapy and Safety Issues
9. Gait in Older Adults
Classification, Pathomechanics, Assessment and Management
10. Co-ordination Issues in Older Adults
(Therapeutic Assessment and Management)
11. Pain in Older Adults (Pathogenesis, Assessment and Management)
12. Lifestyle Diseases in Old Age e.g. Hypertension, Diabetes, Cancer (Identification and
Management)
13. Pelvic Floor Dysfunction in Older Adults
Urinary and Fecal Incontinence(Assessment and Management)
14. Fitness in Older Adults
15. Geriatric Care in various settings
16. Identification and Prevention of Abuse among Elderly, Caregivers Counseling

- 17. Technology for Adaptive Aging**
- 18. Geriatric Syndrome and Role of Other Disciplines**

YEAR : II YEAR
COURSE CODE : 15MPTC622
TITLE OF THE COURSE : OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH

1. Industrial Safety & Labor Laws related to Workers Health and Compensation
2. Occupational Hazards
 - a) Biological and Chemical
 - b) Physical/Environmental
 - c) Mechanical
 - d) Psychosocial
3. Human Information Processing, Skill and Performance
4. Occupational Stress: Etiology, Patho-Physiology and Remedial Measures
5. Ergonomics
 - a) Introduction
 - b) Principles
 - c) Scope
 - d) Evaluation
6. Occupational Biomechanics of Spine, Upper and Lower Extremity (During Static Work, Repetitive Work and Loading Tasks)
7. Anthropometric Principles in Workplace
 - a) Design using Anthropometric Data
 - b) Design for People with Functional Limitations (Pregnancy, Older Adults)
8. Occupational Risk Assessment of Design in Jobs Primarily Involving
 - a) Sitting
 - b) Standing
 - c) Lifting
9. Work Related Musculoskeletal Disorders (Overuse Injuries of the Musculoskeletal Systems)- Definition, Etiopathogenesis, Risk factors, Evaluation and Management
10. Evaluation and Management in Occupational Health and Ergonomics
 - a) Pre-placement Evaluation and Management - workers core strength – model for injury prediction and prevention, muscle fatigue assessment, functional job analysis technique
 - b) Post Injury Evaluation (Functional Capacity)
 - c) Rehabilitation of Injured Worker (Work Conditioning, Work Hardening, Employee Fitness, Return to Work Evaluation, Work Place Administration)
 - d) Ergonomics at Work Place (Furniture, Tools),
11. Ergonomics for Sedentary Worker (Executive/ clerical including Visual Display Terminal Workplaces), Health Care Professionals and Manual Worker (Repetitive tasks, Sustained tasks, Lifting etc.)
12. Ergonomics in Assistive Technology
13. Ergonomics in Sports

- 14. Ergonomics in Children
- 15. Challenges to Inclusion in Workplace
 - a) Physically Challenged
 - b) Cognitively Challenged
 - c) Ageing d) Illiterate

SPECIALITY: WOMEN'S HEALTH & PAEDIATRICS

YEAR : II YEAR
COURSE CODE : 15MPTW601
TITLE OF THE COURSE : OBG AND PEDIATRIC CARE

1. Normal Embryologic Development
Cardiopulmonary System, Musculoskeletal System and Neurological System
2. Theories of Motor Development, Motor control, Principles and Theories of Motor Learning and Skill Acquisition
3. Normal Child Development
 - a. Motor Development
 - b. Somato-Sensory Development
 - c. Speech / Language Development,
 - d. Psychosocial Development,
 - e. Oromotor Development
 - f. Perceptive-Cognitive Development
4. Developmental Reflexes: Integration & Clinical Implications
5. Physical Growth Characteristics - Anthropometric changes from Birth through Adolescence
6. Development of Posture and Movement from Neonate to Childhood
7. Evaluation- Physical (Musculoskeletal, Neurological, Cardiopulmonary), Psychological, Behavioral, Social and Environmental in Paediatrics
8. Play in Infancy, Childhood and Adolescence
9. Early Intervention in High Risk Infants
10. Therapeutic Approaches in Paediatric Rehabilitation (Principles and Practice): Neuro Developmental Technique, Roods, Vojta, Sensory Integration, Myofascial release & Recent Techniques
11. Principles & Techniques of Chest Physiotherapy in Paediatrics
12. Physical Modalities in Paediatrics Rehabilitation
13. Women's Reproductive Health: Anatomy of Female Reproductive system
14. Physiology of Puberty and Menarche, Menstruation , Sexual Health, Childbirth, Purperium and Menopause
15. Anatomical and Physiological Changes during Pregnancy and their Clinical Implications
16. Primary Health Care in Obstetrics and Gynecology: Screening & Management
17. Cancer Screening in Women: Normal and High Risk Population
18. Physical Agents Application in Obstetric and Gynecological Rehabilitation
19. Prenatal diagnosis: Dual Markers, Tripple test, Glucose Challenge & Tolerance Test, Biophysical Profile, Amniocentesis, Chronic Villi Sampling, Investigations during labour – Partogram, Non-Stress Test
20. Investigations in Paediatrics : Blood Parameters, Radiographs, Magnetic Resonance Imaging & Computed Tomography

**15MPTW602 – Recent Advances and Evidence based Practice.
Women's Health**

1. Stress urinary incontinence and Physiotherapy
2. Electrotherapy in Prenatal, Labour and Postnatal period
3. Effect of exercise on bone mineral density in post menopausal women
4. Manual therapy in women's health
5. Pcos and PT management
6. Management of lymphedema following radical mastectomy
7. Role of physical activity in women's health and its association with various diseases in women (PID,Infertility)
8. Role of aquatic therapy in pregnancy and in general in women's health conditions
9. Physiotherapy for musculoskeletal conditions in pregnancy
10. Role of physiotherapy in antenatal periods and its effect on birth outcomes
11. GDM and physiotherapy
12. Uterovaginal prolapse and physiotherapy
13. Balance and postural control in pregnancy
14. PFMT in women (pregnancy ,pregnancy,post natal and geriatric)
15. Early intervention and KMC

YEAR : II YEAR
COURSE CODE : 15MPTW621
TITLE OF THE COURSE : WOMEN'S HEALTH

1. Changes in Adolescence
 - A. Morphological and Physiological Changes
 - B. Diet and Exercise
 - C. Eating Disorders
 - D. Menstrual & Peri –Menstrual Problems
 - E. Sexual Functions & common Sexual Issues.
2. **Physiotherapy in Obstetric Care**
 - A. Maternal, Fetal and Placental Responses to Exercise
 - B. Antenatal and Postnatal Care and Exercise Training Considerations
3. **Musculoskeletal Pain and Dysfunction in Childbearing years: Physiotherapy Evaluation & Management**
4. **Maternal Complications and Diseases**
 - A. Cardiovascular and Metabolic Disorders
 - B. Neurological
 - C. Musculoskeletal
 - D. Respiratory
5. **Physiotherapy Care during Labor –**
 - A. Maternal Position
 - B. Pain Mechanism and Management
6. **Post-Partum - Anatomical and Physiological Changes**
Post -Natal Exercise Program, Post Caesarean Exercise Program
7. **Physiotherapy Care in High Risk Pregnancy**
8. **Neonate Handling: Assessment and Management**
9. The Climacteric - Anatomical, Physiological, Psychological, Cardiovascular and other Systemic Changes in Postmenopausal Stage
Complications in Postmenopausal period: Osteoporosis, Falls & Fractures in Elderly Women.
10. Changes in Bone Mineral Density in Women: Assessment and Management
11. Physiotherapy in Gynecology :
Pelvic Inflammatory Diseases & Pelvic Floor Dysfunction
12. Chronic Pelvic Pain Women: Assessment and Management
13. Physiotherapy following Gynecological Surgery
14. Cancer Rehabilitation
15. Lymphedema and Management

- 16.** Exercise Prescription & Training Consideration for –
- A. Women
 - B. Female Athletes&Injuries in Athletic Women.
 - C. Gynecological Conditions (Polycystic Ovary Syndrome(PCOS), Infertility, Obesity)

- 17.** Growth, Performance, Activity and Training during Adolescent period
- 18.** Fitness Testing and Exercise Prescription in Gynecological Conditions, Infertility, PCOD, Obesity
- 19.** Women in Workplace : Ergonomic Control of Musculoskeletal Injuries
- 20.** Women With Special Needs

YEAR : II YEAR
COURSE CODE : 15MPTW622
TITLE OF THE COURSE : PAEDIATRIC REHABILITATION

- 1 Physical Development
 - a. Typically Developing Children and Special Children
- 2 Gross and Fine Motor Assessment in Infants and Children
- 3 Evaluation Scales and Outcome Measures in Paediatrics
 - A. Musculoskeletal assessment including Gait
 - Paediatric Pain Profile (PPP)
 - Edinburgh Visual Gait Score
 - Selective Control Assessment of the Lower Extremity (SCALE)
 - Gillette Functional Assessment Questionnaire
 - Selective motor control scale (SMC)
 - POSNA Pediatric Musculoskeletal Functional Health Questionnaire
 - Observational Gait Assessment (RANCHO LOS AMIGOS)
 - B. Developmental and Neurological Assessment: Principles of Evaluation & Screening
 - Milani – Compares Motor Development Screening Test
 - Denver II Development Screening Test
 - Neurological Examination of Full Term New Born Infant
 - Brazelton Neonatal Behavioral Assessment Scale
 - Neurological Assessment of Preterm & Full Term Infant by Dubowitz & Dubowitz
 - Movement Assessment of Infants
 - Test of Infant Motor Performance and Development
 - Alberta Infant Motor Scale
 - Gross Motor Performance Measures
 - Peabody Developmental Motor Scales
 - Bruininks-Oseretsky Test of Motor Proficiency (BOTMP)
 - Comprehensive Developmental Scales.
 - ❖ Gesell Developmental Schedules
 - ❖ Bayley Scales of Infant Development
 - ❖ Neonatal Behavioral Assessment Scale
 - Early Intervention Developmental Project
 - Gross Motor Function Measure (GMFM)
 - Assessment of Functional Capabilities
 - ❖ Paediatric Evaluation of Disability Inventory
 - ❖ Functional Independence Measure for Children
 - Cardiopulmonary Assessment
 - ❖ Neonatal Pain Scales,
 - ❖ Energy Expenditure Index
 - ❖ Exercise Testing Protocols for Children

- 4 **Physiotherapy Assessment & Management of the following conditions**
- A. Cardio Pulmonary Diseases & Disorders**
- Respiratory distress Syndrome, Bronco Pulmonary Dysplasia
 - Meconium Aspiration Syndrome
 - Neonatal /Congenital Pneumonia
 - Persistent pulmonary Hypertension of the newborn
- B. Respiratory Tract Disorders and Parenchymal Lung Diseases**
- C. Congenital Heart Defects and Cardiomyopathies**
- D. Congenital Abnormalities of Chest**
- E. Respiratory Care: Neonatal & Paediatric Intensive Care- Evaluation and Management. – Monitoring in PICU & NICU & Mechanical Ventilation**
- 5 **Physiotherapy Assessment & Management in Neonatal Cardio Pulmonary & General Surgical Conditions**
- 6 **Evaluation and Management of Childhood Orthopaedic Conditions(Physiotherapy perspective) : Congenital and Acquired**
- 7 **Neurological Diseases and Disorders in Children**
- Diseases of the Brain and Spinal Cord
 - Diseases of the Peripheral Nervous System
 - Diseases of Neuro-muscular Junction & Muscles
 - Traumatic Brain Injury
 - Complications of Prematurely
 - Genetic Disorders, Infectious Diseases
 - Cerebral Palsy.
 - Brain and Spinal Cord Injury: Traumatic and Acquired
 - Myelodysplasia and Hydrocephalus
 - Brachial Plexus Injuries
 - Developmental Coordination Disorders
 - Cognitive Impairment and Pervasive Developmental Delay
 - Learning Disability, Autism & Attention Deficit-Hyperactivity Disorder (ADHD)
 - High Risk Infant –
Assessment & Intervention, Clinical Assessment of Gestational Age, High Risk Conditions – Perinatal Asphyxia, Hypoglycemia, Hyperbilirubinemia, Hypoxia Ischaemic Encephalopathy, Intraventricular Hemorrhage, Meconium Aspiration, Metabolic Abnormalities, Neonatal Convulsions
- Physiotherapy Perspective in Assessment and Management of above Clinical Disorders**
- 8 **Hematology / Oncology- Hemophilia, Cancers, Immune Deficiency Syndrome**
- 9 **Endocrine & Metabolic Disorders in Paediatrics**
- 10 **Burns in Children and Rehabilitation**

- 11** Behavioral and Learning Problems in Special Children
- 12** Barriers and Facilitators for Paediatric Rehabilitation
- 13** Orthotic and Adaptive/Assistive aids in Paediatric Rehabilitation
- 14** Environmental risks-Drug Exposure, Lead Poisoning, Fetal Alcohol Syndrome, Nutritional disorders
- 15** Physical Fitness in Paediatrics- Testing, Prescriptions and Training.(Typical Developing & Special children)
- 16** Electrodiagnosis in Paediatrics – Electromyography Nerve Conduction Studies, Evoked Potentials
- 17** Evidence Based Examination and Intervention of Children with Disabilities
- 18** Advances in Paediatric Physiotherapy

Clinical Training (15MPT571)

1. Gather essential information about patients and their conditions through history taking, physical examination, and the use of laboratory data, imaging studies, and other tests.
2. Make informed decisions about diagnostic and therapeutic interventions based on patient information and preferences, up-to-date scientific evidence, and clinical judgment.
3. Recognize a patient requiring urgent or emergent care, and initiate evaluation and management
4. Describe and propose treatments appropriate to the patient's condition and preferences.
5. Counsel and educate patients and their families to empower them to participate in their care and enable shared decision-making.
6. Provide preventative health care services and promote health in patients, families and communities

Clinical Training (15MPT671)

1. Gather essential information about patients and their conditions through history taking, physical examination, and the use of laboratory data, imaging studies, and other tests in the area of specialty.
2. Make informed decisions about diagnostic and therapeutic interventions in the area of specialty based on patient information and preferences, up-to-date scientific evidence, and clinical judgment.
3. Recognize a patient requiring urgent or emergent care, and initiate evaluation and management in the respective specialty.
4. Describe and propose treatments appropriate to the patient's condition and preferences.
5. Counsel and educate patients and their families to empower them to participate in their care and enable shared decision-making.
6. Provide preventative health care services and promote health in patients, families and communities in the respective domains.

Musculo Skeletal Disorder - Practical 15MPT0672

Elicit and interpret clinical signs and symptoms, interpret clinical tests and special investigations, Generate a primary diagnosis and a list of differential diagnoses, Explain the medical management and the **impact on physiotherapy practice** in :

- Degenerative Joint Disorders
- Seronegative & Positive Arthritic Disorders
- Infections: Osteomyelitis, Septic Arthritis & Tubercular
- Nerve Injuries & Entrapment Neuropathies (including Orthotics)
- Fractures, Dislocations & their Complications
- Amputation (including Prosthetics)
- Cervical & Lumbar Disorders
- Spinal Cord Injury
- **Arthroplasty: Excision, Partial & Total Joint Replacement of Upper /lower Limb**
- Arthrodesis & Osteotomies
- Cumulative Trauma Disorders
- Soft Tissue Injuries
- Metabolic and Endocrine Disorders
- Fibromyalgia
- Burns
- Paediatric Conditions & Related Musculoskeletal Surgeries

Manual Therapy - Practical 15MPT0673

Elicit and interpret clinical signs and symptoms, interpret clinical tests and special investigations, Generate a primary diagnosis and a list of differential diagnoses, Explain the medical management and the impact on physiotherapy practice in Orthopedic conditions.

Practice of manual therapy techniques in the management of pain and dysfunction in musculoskeletal conditions.

Practice of the following techniques

- McKenzie's,
- Neurodynamics (Shacklock) and Neural tissue Mobilization (Butler)
- Maitland's
- Combined Movements
- Cyriax's
- Mulligan's
- Osteopathic and Chiropractic
- Positional Release Techniques
- Neuromuscular Techniques
- Neuro-Musculoskeletal Taping Techniques
- Pilates
- Myofascial Release Techniques
- Muscle Energy Technique

SPORTS REHABILITATION 15MPT0674

Elicit and interpret clinical signs and symptoms, interpret clinical tests and special investigations, Generate a primary diagnosis and a list of differential diagnoses, Explain the medical management and the impact on physiotherapy practice in sports specific injuries with a special emphasis on :

- Sports Biomechanics
- Sports Radiology
- On site Emergencies
- Assessment of Training Shoes
- Biomechanical Analysis, Evaluation of Various Games, Sports and Athletes
- Sports First aid – Complete Programme, Structure Drills & Cardio Pulmonary Resuscitation.
- Training Methods and Assessment of Training Schedules, Nutritional Evaluation and Psychological Counseling
- Attachment to Teams and Covering Matches and Tournaments and providing Rehabilitation and Treatment to Injured Athlete
- Examination of Joints of Upper Limb, Lower limb & Spine
- Travelling with Teams

NEURO PSYCHOSOMATIC DISORDERS 15MPTN672

Elicit and interpret clinical signs and symptoms, interpret clinical tests and special investigations, Generate a primary diagnosis and a list of differential diagnoses, Explain the medical management and the impact on physiotherapy practice in neurological conditions including lesions of the following structures:

- Sensory System
- Spinal Cord and its Connections
- Brainstem and its Connections
- Cerebellum, Basal ganglia, Cerebral cortex, Limbic system and Hypothalamus
- Neural control, Basis of Muscle Tone, Posture, Complex Movements and Locomotion
- Special Senses
- Peripheral Nerves and Spinal Nerves
- Autonomic Nervous System

ADULT NEUROLOGY PRACTICALS 15MPTN673

Elicit and interpret clinical signs and symptoms, interpret clinical tests and special investigations, Generate a primary diagnosis and a list of differential diagnoses, Explain the **medical management and the impact on physiotherapy practice in adults with neurological conditions** including:

- CerebroVascular Accidents.
- Infections of Nervous System
- Degenerative and Metabolic Diseases of Nervous System
- Diseases of Spinal Cord
- Diseases of Peripheral Nerves
- Diseases of Cranial Nerves
- Demyelinating Diseases of Nervous System
- Diseases of Muscles
- Traumatic Brain injury – Adult
- Space occupying lesions
- Vestibular Disorders
- Disorders of Speech and Language, Perception & Cognitive Impairments
- Gait in Neurological Conditions

PAEDIATRIC NEUROLOGY 15MPTN674

Elicit and interpret clinical signs and symptoms, interpret clinical tests and special investigations, Generate a primary diagnosis and a list of differential diagnoses, Explain the medical management and the impact on physiotherapy practice in pediatrics with neurological conditions including

High Risk Infant Assessment and Intervention

- Acute Respiratory Distress Syndrome
 - (ARDS),BronchopulmonaryDysplasia(BPD), Muconeum Aspiration
 - Metabolic Conditions - Metabolic Acidosis
 - Hyperbilirubenia
 - Congenital Heart Diseases
- Cerebral Palsy
 - Acute Brain Injury in Childhood and Physical Therapy
 - Minimal Brain Dysfunction; Learning Disability, Attention Deficit, Autism , Developmental
 - Coordination Disorder
 - Mental Retardation(MR)
 - Genetic Diseases with Emphasis on Down Syndrome and Spinal Dysraphism
 - Neuromuscular Disorders in Childhood
 - Brachial plexus injury
 - Role of Physiotherapist in Paediatric Brain and Spinal cord Tumors
 - Adaptive Equipment for Physically Challenged Children
 - Community Integration and other Social Aspects of a Disabled Child

CARDIOPULMONARY DISORDER 15MPTP672

Elicit and interpret clinical signs and symptoms, interpret clinical tests and special investigations, Generate a primary diagnosis and a list of differential diagnoses, Explain the medical management and the impact on physiotherapy practice in Cardiopulmonary and cardiovascular patients.

Assessment of Cardiovascular and Pulmonary System

Investigations in Cardio Pulmonary System and its Clinical Implication.

Cancer Rehabilitation

Burns Rehabilitation

Renal Rehabilitation

Diabetic Foot, Wound Care, Physiotherapy Management

Etiopathogenesis, Types, Clinical Manifestations, Assessment and Investigations, Medical & Surgical Management, Physiotherapy Treatment for Cardiac Conditions with Emphasis on

- Ischemic Heart Disease
- Valvular Heart Diseases
- Heart Failure
- Cardiomyopathies
- Arrhythmias and Conduction Defects
- Congenital Heart Diseases

Pre, Peri and Post Surgical Physiotherapy Management in Surgical Conditions (includes Knowledge about Surgical Procedures)

Etiopathogenesis, Types, Clinical Manifestations, Assessment and Investigations, Medical and Surgical Management, Physiotherapy Treatment for The Pulmonary Conditions

Pre, Peri and Post-surgical Physiotherapy Management in all Pulmonary Surgeries, Pleural surgeries & Surgeries for Chest Wall Injuries (Including Knowledge about Surgical Procedures)

INTENSIVE CARE MANAGEMENT PRACTICALS 15MPT673

Clinical Assessment and Physiotherapy Management in Neonatal/Paediatric Intensive Care Unit Conditions with Emphasis on:

- Hyaline Membrane (Respiratory Distress Syndrome)
- Meconium Aspiration
- Pneumonia
- Cyanotic and Acyanotic Heart Diseases

Epidemics and Endemics- Common in Intensive Care Unit -Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome, H1NI, Viral Infection etc.

Complications in Intensive Care Unit (Prevention and Management)

Respiratory Care in Neurological Disorders

- Cerebro Vascular Accident
- Guillain-Barre Syndrome
- Motor Neuron Disease
- Muscular Dystrophy
- Traumatic Brain Injury and Spinal Cord Injury

Critical Care Rehabilitation – Rationale, Guidelines, Considerations and Evidence

CARDIOPULMONARY REHABILITATION AND FITNESS PRACTICAL 15MPTP674

Physical Fitness – Assessment

Principles of Training Individual Components of Physical Fitness

Acute Changes and Chronic Adaptations of Various Systems to Aerobic and Anaerobic Exercises with Environmental Influence

Exercise Prescription in Special Population with Physiological Basis and Precautions

Weight Management

Stress- Exercise as a Stress Management Technique

Health Counseling

Fitness Evaluation and Training Methods in Children

Physical Activity – Methods of Evaluation (Objective and Subjective), Rationale for Promoting Health, Current Evidence

COMMUNITY BASED REHABILITATION PRACTICAL 15MPTC672

Practical application of Community Physiotherapy and Planning of Future for Disabilities in- Peripheral Vascular Diseases; Amputations

Childhood Disorders (Early detection and Management throughout Life Spans);
Autisms; Cerebral Palsy

Handling and Facilitation Techniques for Infants with Disability in Community

Barrier Free Design- Making the environment Accessible to the Disabled Individual (i.e. Accessibility and inclusiveness)

Principles of Universal Design

Assistive Technology for Physical and Cognitive Rehabilitation (with respect to Planning, Evaluation, Design, Prescription, Acceptance, Economy and Psychosocial Aspects) of

a) Basic and Instrumental Activities of Daily Living

b) Ambulatory Aids and Wheel Chairs

c) Orthotic and Prosthetic Aids

Physiotherapy in Schools

GERIATRICS PRACTICAL 15MPTC 673

Clinical and Physiotherapeutic Evaluation of Elderly

(Using Outcome Measures and Assessment Tools i.e. Scales, Posturography, Inclinator, Perineometer etc.)

Posture, Balance and Falls in Older Adults

Lifestyle Diseases in Old Age e.g. Hypertension, Diabetes, Cancer (Identification and Management)

Pelvic Floor Dysfunction in Older Adults

Urinary and Fecal Incontinence (Assessment and Management)

Fitness in Older Adults

Geriatric Care in various settings

Identification and Prevention of Abuse among Elderly, Caregivers Counseling

OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH PRACTICAL 15MPTC674

Evaluation and Management in Occupational Health and Ergonomics

- a) Pre-placement Evaluation and Management - workers core strength – model for injury
- b) prediction and prevention, muscle fatigue assessment, functional job analysis technique
- b) Post Injury Evaluation (Functional Capacity)
- c) **Rehabilitation of Injured Worker** (Work Conditioning, Work Hardening, Employee Fitness, Return to Work Evaluation, Work Place Administration)
- c) **Ergonomics at Work Place (Furniture, Tools),**

Ergonomics for Sedentary Worker (Executive/ clerical including Visual

Display Terminal Workplaces), Health Care Professionals and Manual Worker (Repetitive tasks, Sustained tasks, Lifting etc.)

Ergonomics in Assistive Technology

Ergonomics in Sports

OBG AND PEDIATRIC CARE PRACTICAL 15MPTW672

Evaluation- Physical (Musculoskeletal, Neurological, Cardiopulmonary), Psychological, Behavioral, Social and Environmental in Paediatrics

Early Intervention in High Risk Infants

Therapeutic Approaches in Paediatric Rehabilitation (Principles and Practice): Neuro Developmental Technique, Roods, Vojta, Sensory Integration, Myofascial release & Recent Techniques

Principles & Techniques of Chest Physiotherapy in Paediatrics

Physical Modalities in Paediatrics Rehabilitation

Primary Health Care in Obstetrics and Gynecology: Screening & Management

Cancer Screening in Women: Normal and High Risk Population

Physical Agents Application in Obstetric and Gynecological Rehabilitation

Prenatal diagnosis: Dual Markers, Tripple test, Glucose Challenge & Tolerance Test, Biophysical Profile, Amniocentesis, Chronic Villi Sampling, Investigations during

labour – Partogram, Non-Stress Test

WOMEN'S HEALTH PRACTICAL 15MPTW673

Physiotherapy in Obstetric Care

Musculoskeletal Pain and Dysfunction in Childbearing years: Physiotherapy Evaluation & Management

Physiotherapy Care during Labor -

Post -Natal Exercise Program, Post Caesarean Exercise Program

Physiotherapy Care in High Risk Pregnancy

Neonate Handling: Assessment and Management

Physiotherapy in Gynecology

Chronic Pelvic Pain Women: Assessment and Management

Physiotherapy following Gynecological Surgery

Cancer Rehabilitation

Lymphedema and Management

Exercise Prescription & Training Consideration for -

A. Women

B. Female Athletes&Injuries in Athletic Women.

C. Gynecological Conditions (Polycystic Ovary Syndrome(PCOS), Infertility, Obesity)

Fitness Testing and Exercise Prescription in Gynecological Conditions, Infertility, PCOD, Obesity

Women in Workplace : Ergonomic Control of Musculoskeletal Injuries

PAEDIATRIC REHABILITATION 15MPTW674

Gross and Fine Motor Assessment in Infants and Children

Musculoskeletal assessment including Gait

Developmental and Neurological Assessment: Principles of Evaluation & Screening

Physiotherapy Assessment & Management in various pediatric conditions

Physiotherapy Assessment & Management in Neonatal Cardio Pulmonary & General Surgical Conditions

Evaluation and Management of Childhood Orthopaedic Conditions(Physiotherapy perspective) :

Congenital and Acquired

Neurological Diseases and Disorders in Children

Hematology / Oncology- Hemophilia, Cancers, Immune Deficiency Syndrome

Endocrine & Metabolic Disorders in Paediatrics

Burns in Children and Rehabilitation

Orthotic and Adaptive/Assistive aids in Paediatric Rehabilitation

Environmental risks-Drug Exposure, Lead Poisoning, Fetal Alcohol Syndrome, Nutritional disorders

Physical Fitness in Paediatrics- Testing, Prescriptions and Training.(Typical Developing & Special children)

Electrodiagnosis in Paediatrics – Electromyography Nerve Conduction Studies, Evoked Potentials